

Mary Turley Project Manager 8315 Century Park Court, CP21C San Diego, CA 92123 (T) 858-654-1749 (F) 858-637-3770

October 9, 2012

Mr. Andrew Barnsdale California Public Utilities Commission 505 Van Ness Avenue San Francisco, CA 94102

Dear Mr. Barnsdale:

San Diego Gas & Electric Company (SDG&E) is providing responses to the questions you posed in your September 13, 2012 Completeness Review letter. The original text for each item of the additional completeness review is included in bold, followed by SDG&E's response in plain text.

Summary of Proposed Project Disturbance Areas

The quantity of temporary and permanent disturbance represented by the project is presented in Section 3 of the Proponent's Environmental Assessment (PEA) and in the supplemental materials submitted by SDG&E dated August 14 and August 16. Additional information is required to fully characterize the disturbance represented by the project, as follows:

Question #1: GIS layers submitted by SDG&E show the areas of disturbance that would result from installation of the new electrical transmission line infrastructure, including areas of permanent and temporary disturbance around and associated with each pole, access road improvement areas, stringing sites, and lay down areas. As indicated by SDG&E, because many of the new poles would be installed in close proximity to the locations of existing transmission line poles and structures that would be removed, the areas of disturbance associated with pole and structure removal are largely the same as the areas of disturbance associated with new pole installation – however, this is not the case for all of the existing poles and structures that would be removed. Further GIS data confirming any areas of disturbance associated with the poles and structures to be removed is required for an accurate analysis of the impacts of the proposed project to biological and other resources. Specifically, GIS layers showing any additional disturbance associated with the removal of poles and structures that are not located in close proximity to the new poles (as listed in Table I) are required. These GIS data should primarily include areas of permanent and temporary disturbance around and associated with each of the poles and structures listed in Table I.

If these data are not available, SDG&E is requested to confirm that the maximum disturbance associated with the removal of these poles and structures would be no

greater than an area of approximately 150 feet by 150 feet (the estimated area of disturbance presented in the PEA for the installation of new poles).

SDG&E Response to Q1:

The maximum disturbance associated with the removal of poles and structures would be no greater than an area of approximately 150 feet by 150 feet. Removal of existing poles that are not located in the immediate vicinity of proposed new poles (approximately 38 poles, as outlined in Table 1 of the CPUC's September 13 letter) will be removed utilizing the existing operation and maintenance work space located at each pole site. Each existing pole is located within existing operation and maintenance work space from which current operations and maintenance activities are completed. This amount of space varies dependent upon each pole site, but typical work spaces minimally include a 15-foot diameter work space around each pole as well as existing 14-foot wide access roads where equipment can be parked. Many existing poles are direct-bury wood structures that do not require over-excavation to be removed. The poles are cut into pieces and loaded onto a flatbed or dump truck and removed from the site. The base of the pole is either pulled out of the ground or cut off at/near the ground surface depending upon site conditions.

The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.

Question #2: SDG&E has also submitted GIS layers showing the distribution line infrastructure that would be upgraded as part of the project. Further data describing the disturbance associated with this project element is also required for an accurate analysis of the impacts of the proposed project to biological and other resources. Specifically, GIS layers showing all disturbance associated with the removal and installation of distribution infrastructure - including areas of permanent and temporary disturbance around and associated with each pole removed or installed, access road improvement areas, stringing sites, and lay down areas - similar to those described above under I., are required. If these data are not available, SDG&E is requested to confirm that the maximum disturbance associated with the installation and removal of distribution line poles would be no greater than an area of approximately 150 feet by 150 feet.

SDG&E Response to Q2:

The distribution line component has only undergone very preliminary engineering to this point. As such, general pole locations were identified (refer to Figure 2 within the Distribution Line Impact Analysis for the South Orange County Reliability Enhancement Project [Distribution Analysis] and associated Geographic Information Systems data). Exact pole locations have not been determined, therefore, the exact calculation of disturbance areas is also not determined. However, the maximum disturbance associated with the installation and removal of distribution line poles is anticipated to be no greater than an area of approximately 150 feet by 150 feet. Impacts to biological resources were estimated using the general pole locations from Figure 2 and the vegetation mapping included within the Appendix D of the Distribution Analysis (Biological Resources Assessment Addendum). The following areas of impact were utilized within the Distribution Analysis (refer to Section 2.4 and Table 3 within the Distribution Analysis):

- Distribution wood pole removal (approximately 40 poles to be removed) 20-foot diameter work space
- Direct buried pole installation (Pole Nos. D1 and D6 through D39 [approximately 35 total poles]) 20-foot diameter work space
- Foundation pole installation (Pole Nos. D2 through D5 [approximately 4 total poles]) –
 150-foot diameter work space per pole grouping (poles will be installed in two groups of
 two [D2/D3 and D4/D5] on each side of the Interstate 5 Freeway refer to Figure 2,
 Sheet 1 of 5)

The replacement distribution line (Pole Nos. D6 through D39) would have to be installed and energized prior to removal of existing lines (to minimize outage); therefore no overlap was assumed between pole installation and pole removal. It was assumed that new poles would be installed close to the existing poles.

The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.

Question # 3: Volumes of Excavation and Fill

As indicated by SDG&E in their August 14, 2012 submittal, excavation and fill estimates for the San Juan Capistrano Substation are provided in PEA Section 3.5.3.1. Preliminary excavation and fill information for project transmission line construction was also included in the PEA, in Appendix 3-D, Detailed Construction Schedule and Vehicle Use Tables (used in the Air Quality and Traffic analysis to estimate truck trips relating to import/export of fill and construction debris). Although estimates of excavation and fill associated with transmission line pole removal and installation may be accounted for in the PEA's air quality calculations, they are also required to be presented separately, per CPUC PEA Checklist Sections 3.7.2.2, "Pole Installation and Removal," 3.7.3.1, "Trenching," and 3.7.3.2 "Bore and Jack." SDG&E's response to the deficiency letter did not provide data regarding the total volumes and types of excavated materials, soil backfill, other types of fill, and concrete that would be required for each component of the proposed project. In general terms, these data are necessary to convey the magnitude and extent of the project in terms understandable by the general public. An accounting of the full extent of excavation and fill is also required in order to evaluate the risks of impacting previously undiscovered cultural resources, excavating hazardous soils and impacting biological resources that may grow in or use these areas. This data will also be used to assess the air quality and traffic and transportation data provided in the PEA for completeness. SDG&E is requested to submit separate estimates of excavation and fill volumes associated with transmission line construction based on existing information about the project elements and engineering.

SDG&E Response to Q3:

Construction of the Proposed Project would include excavation and backfill associated with the trenching and jack-and-bore construction techniques utilized for the installation of new underground transmission and distribution lines. In addition, installation of new transmission structures would require grading activities at certain locations. The estimated volumes of excavation, backfill, and grading (cut/fill) for these construction activities are described below for each construction activity.

Trenching

Trenching operations for new transmission and distribution lines would result in approximately 9,100 cubic yards of excavated materials. Assuming the excavated material is suitable for backfill, approximately half (or 4,550 cubic yards) of this excavated material will be utilized as backfill. The remainder of the trench volume would be occupied by the new underground lines (duct packages). In addition, approximately 700 cubic yards of concrete and asphalt will be excavated as part of trenching where new transmission and distribution lines are being installed in existing paved areas (such as within Vista Montana in Transmission Line Segment 2 – Refer to PEA Figure 3-7, Sheet 5). This approximately 700 yards of material is part of the overall 9,100 cubic yards of excavated material.

Jack-and-Bore

Jack-and-bore operations for new transmission and distribution lines would result in approximately 1,200 cubic yards of excavated materials. Following the completion of jack-and-bore activities, the bore pit and receiving pit would be backfilled, most likely utilizing the

previously excavated materials. The vast majority of the excavated material (approximately 1,130 cubic yards) would be utilized for backfill following boring activities.

Grading for Structure Installation

Preliminary civil engineering indicates that site development for new transmission line structures will include a total of approximately 10,599 cubic yards of cut and 5,752 cubic yards of fill during grading activities. Preliminary grading estimates for distribution line construction are not yet available.

The remainder of this page is intentionally left blank.

Should you have any questions, please do not hesitate to contact me at (858) 654-1749 or Chris Terzich at (858) 637-3713.

Sincerely,

Mary Turley Project Manager

			SOUT	TH ORA	NGE CO	UNTY RELIAB	ILITY ENHAN	CEMENT PROJ	ECT			
	1				-	9/						
Structure		Maintenance pad (Perm bio impact)	Permanent (SF) Clear & Grub Only (Perm bio impact)	RETAI	ALL	Previously Dist. (Regrading existing access roads - No bio impact)	Temporary (SF) Construction only (Temp bio impact)	Total Disturbance (SF)	Cut	Fill	Net Cut	Net Fill
7420040		6.042		HT.	LEN.		4.440		525	0	525	
Z120040		6,843					4,418	11,261	535 130	0	535	27
Z120041		5,914					3,584	9,498		157		27
Z120042		6,672				6.000		6,672	82	143		61
Z120043						6,098		6,098				-
Z120044	N	O WORK REQUIRED						0				-
Z120045			2,625			-		2,625				
Z120046	N	O WORK REQUIRED						0				4
Z120047		5,472					1,141	6,613	494	0	494	
Z120048		497					655	1,152	17	2	15	<u></u>
Z120049		8,169		15'	110'		1,519	9,688	569	296	273	4
Z120050		6,487					4,054	10,541	88	151		63
Z120051		7,512					6,733	14,245	407	210	197	
Z120052 & 53			4,263					4,263				
Z120054 & 55			1,314					1,314				
Z120059		4,915		13'	110'		1,933	6,848	10	410		400
Z120063		4,067					2,750	6,817	161	39	122	
Z120065		7,395					3,967	11,362	349	54	295	
NEW POLE SOUTH		,	384					384				
NEW POLE		6,944					3,798	10,742	18	473		455
Z120067		0,511	5,250				5,755	5,250	10			155
Z120068		5,352	5,250				2,008	7,360	454	3	451	
Z120069		1,465					566	2,031	45	0	45	
Z120005		10,548					5,822	16,370	276	324	45	48
Z120070 Z120072		7,855					2,242	10,370	485	41	444	40
Z120072 Z120073		3,812					1,548	- /	30	83	444	53
								5,360	301	15	200	55
Z120074		4,831		1.01			2,292	7,123			286	
Z120075		6,041		13'	144'	-	1,419	7,460	9	604		595
Z120076	N	O WORK REQUIRED				-		0				
Z120077		6,773					1,097	7,870	163	144	19	
Z120078		5,491					412	5,903	37	76		39
Z248758 & 59		12,451					2,551	15,002	370	543		173
Z120025			3,732					3,732				
Z120026		2,643				ļ	697	3,340	150	0	150	4
Z120027	N	O WORK REQUIRED				ļ		0				4
Z120085			4,674					4,674				
Z119962			3,741					3,741				
Z248752	INCL	LUDED WITH Z11996	52					0				
Z248753	INCL	LUDED WITH Z11996	52					0				
Z248754			3,522					3,522				
Z248755			2,483					2,483				
Z119933			1,296					1,296				
Z119983			3,630					3,630				
Z119989	İ	16,847		14'	165'		902	17,749	2,271	1,111	1,160	
Z119980	INCL	LUDED WITH Z11998	39					0				1
Z24856	1	3,786			l		1,159	4,945	269	34	235	1
Z248757	N	O WORK REQUIRED				1	,	, .	-			1
Z120028		8,546		20'	152'	ł	771	9,317	239	1,003		764
Z120028		11,072		-0	1.52		3,138	14,210	1,585	25	1,560	,,,

Table 1. SOCRE Ground Disturbance Data

Z120029			3,321				3,321				
Z120030			2,394				2,394				
Z120081	IN	CLUDED WITH Z1200	29				0				
Z120031		14,569				4,374	18,943	1,073	284	789	
Z120082	INC	LUDEDED WITH Z120	031				0				
TOTALS	0	192,969	42,629		6,098	65,550	307,246	10,617	6,225		

Table 2. S	OCRE Cut and	d Fill Calcu	llations			
	Pole Sit	es	Trenching	Bore Pits		
(Cut Fill		Vista M. excavation	excavation	Capo UG length	
1	535	0	3801.6 79833.6 ft3	32400 ft3	1020	
2	130	157	2956.8 cy	1200 cy	20.5	
3	82	143			55.5	
4	494	0	Capo excavation	backfill	723	
5	17	2	3648 76608 ft3	ducts (ft3) 1890	638	
6	569	296	2837.333 cy	су 70	50	
7	88	151		total (cy) 1130	330	
8	407	210	Talega excavation		83	
9	10	410	390 8190 ft3		43	
10	161	39	222 4662 ft3		685	
11	349	54	237 4977 ft3		3648 total (feet)	
12	0	0	477 10017 ft3			
13	454	3	418 8778 ft3			
14	45	0	total 36624 ft3		Manhole Excavation	
15	276	324	1356.4 cy			H Vol ft3 Vol yd3
16	485	41			26 10	10 2600 96.2963
17	30	83				
18	301	15	Dist. excavation		Capo 3	
19	9	604	2700 56700 ft3		WH 4	
20	163	144	2100 cy		<u>TA 5</u>	
21	37	76			Qty of MH= 12	
22	370	543	TOTAL 10163.5 cy	Concrete Excavation		
23	150	0	excavation	Vista 3801	Total Volume =	1155.556 yd3
24	2271	1111		Dist 2100	Volume of Trench =	242.6667 yd3
25	269	34		Capo 350		912.8889 yd3 of excavated material less
26	239	1003		6251 18753 ft		amount accounted for in the
27	1585	25		694.6 cy	/	trenching.
28	1073	284	BACKFILL 4504.0 cy			
Total	10599	5752				
				Conversion		

ft3 to cy 0.037037037

Assumptions and values

- Average trench dimensions are 7 feet deep and 3 feet wide.

- Assumed that approximately half of the trench depth will be used for the duct banks (and thus half of the excavated materials would be backfilled).

- Assume top foot of each trench is concrete/asphalt, where areas are currently paved. This includes Vista Montana and portions of the area west of Capo Substation site (trans. and dist. lines).

- Bore pits are 40 feet by 12 feet, and receiving pits are 20 feet by 12 feet. Depth for both is assumed to be 15 feet. It is assumed from preliminary engineering that 3 bore pits and 3 receiving pits will be required.

- Capo segment UG lengths from Nolte Drawings.

- Pole site cut and fill from Civil Engineering group.