Attachment G

Pre-Construction Mitigation Measures

Sunrise Powerlink Transmission Project

Mitigation Monitoring, Compliance, and Reporting Program



California Public Utilities Commission and Bureau of Land Management U.S. Department of Interior

November 2009

Note: In this table, mitigation measures are denoted with Mitigation Measure preceding the measure title and Applicant Proposed Measures are denoted with APM. To facilitate tracking of the measures' requirements, some measures have been subdivided by task and/or timing. A measure that has been subdivided is identifiable by its measure number preceded by a dash, with subsequent tasks shown in parentheses, e.g., -(A-1a). A row with a measure number preceded by a dash and/or in parentheses does not contain the entire measure, only a specific task.

Several of the biological resources APMs have been updated to show changes (in <u>underline/strikeout</u>) that were originally incorporated into Appendix 8N of the Final EIR/EIS. These changes are included in the following table, and throughout the MMCRP.

Table G-1	Mitigation	Measures an	nd Applicant	Proposed Mea	sures – Pre-Construction

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MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-1a: Provide restoration/compensation for impacted sensitive vegetation communities. Surface-disturbing components of the project shall be located in previously disturbed areas or where habitat quality is poor to the extent possible, and disturbance of vegetation and soils shall be minimized. Temporary construction mats may be used to minimize vegetation and soil disturbance only where deemed appropriate by the qualified biologist (see Mitigation Measure B-1c). The construction mats shall not be left on the ground for more than three weeks. Use of construction mats shall be considered a temporary impact to vegetation and shall be mitigated in accordance with this mitigation measure. If avoidance of sensitive vegetation communities is not feasible due, for example, to physical or safety constraints, the Applicant shall restore temporarily impacted areas to pre-construction conditions following construction of some vegetation communities in temporarily impacted areas may not be possible if those areas are subject to vegetation management to maintain proper clearance between transmission lines and vegetation. In those instances, the mitigation shall consist of offsite acquisition and preservation of the vegetation communities any species (plant or animal) that require project-related compensatory mitigation will qualify as offsite mitigation lands. Restoration involves recontouring the land, replacing the topsoil (if it was collected), planting seed and/or container stock, and maintaining (i.e., weeding, replacement planting, supplemental watering, etc.) and monitoring the restoration of fors would be subject to a Habitat Restoration Plan approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for restoration in ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands). Mitigation ratios and mitigation acreages for construction within authorized limits are provide in Table D.2-7 for the Proposed Project (see Impacts to vegetation communities and Required Mitigation table
	— (B-1a) All limits of construction shall be delineated with orange construction fencing. SDG&E shall coordinate with the authorized officer for the applicable federal, State, or local land owner/ administrator at least 60 days before construction in order to determine if gates shall be installed on access roads, especially trails that would be dually used as access roads, to prevent unauthorized vehicular access to the ROW. Gate installation shall be required at the discretion of the land management agency. On trails proposed for dual use as access roads, gates shall be wide enough to allow horses, bicycles, and pedestrians to pass through. SDG&E shall document its coordination efforts with the administering agency of the road/trail and provide this documentation to the CPUC, BLM, and all affected jurisdictions 30 days prior to construction. Signs prohibiting unauthorized use of the access roads shall be posted on the installed gates. To control unauthorized use of project access roads by off-road vehicle enthusiasts, SDG&E shall provide funding to land management entities responsible for areas set aside for habitat conservation to provide for off-road vehicle enforcement patrols. The responsible land management entities will formulate what funding is reasonable to control unauthorized use of project access roads.

— (B-1a) Any impacts associated with unauthorized activity (e.g., exceeding approved construction footprints) shall be mitigated at a 5:1 ratio (5.5:1 in FTHL MA). Restoration of the unauthorized impacts shall be credited at a 1:1 ratio (i.e., mitigated by in-place habitat restoration); the remaining 4:1 (or 4.5:1 in FTHL MA) shall be acquired off site.

tower construction sites, la tower locations where tow identify a qualified Habitat (for restoration in ABDSP) Forest lands), and the Wil implement a Habitat Restor communities, to be approv restoration), and USDA For work with the CPUC, BLM Habitat Restoration Plan r initiation of any vegetation restoration technique shal mix approved by the CPU- USDA Forest Service (for	ored shall include all areas temporarily impacted by construction, such as aydown/staging areas, temporary access and spur roads, and existing ers are removed. Where onsite restoration is planned, the Applicant shall Restoration Specialist to be approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks , USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National dlife Agencies. The Habitat Restoration Specialist shall prepare and oration Plan, for restoring temporarily impacted sensitive vegetation ved by the CPUC, Wildlife Agencies, BLM, State Parks (for ABDSP prest Service (for National Forest land restoration). The Applicant shall I, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks until a plan is approved by all. This nust be approved in writing by the above-listed agencies prior to the disturbing activities. Hydroseeding, drill seeding, or an otherwise proven I be utilized on all disturbed surfaces using a locally endemic native seed C, Wildlife Agencies, BLM, State Parks (for ABDSP restoration), and National Forest land restoration).
Guidance measures for re measures generally includ pitting or imprinting the su planting seedlings that has seedlings in the spring wit	lan shall incorporate Desert Bioregion Revegetation/Restoration estoration of temporary impacts to desert scrub and dune habitats. These le alleviating soil compaction, returning the surface to its original contour, rface to allow small areas where seeds and rain water can be captured, ve acquired the necessary root mass to survive without watering, planting h herbivory cages, broadcasting locally collected seed immediately prior overing the seeds with mulch.
The Habitat Restoration P Memorandum of Understa USFWS, National Park Se Institute, et al., 2006) whe for electrical transmission MOU include reducing soi revegetation projects; plar introduction of non-native,	lan shall also incorporate the measures identified in the May 25, 2006 inding among Edison Electric Institute, USDA Forest Service, BLM, ervice, and the Environmental Protection Agency (Edison Electric re applicable. The MOU discusses vegetation management along ROWs and distribution facilities on federal lands. The major provisions of the I erosion and water quality impacts; promoting local ecotypes in hting native species and protecting rare species; and reducing the invasive or noxious plant species to the ROWs. The MOU can be w.eei.org/industry_issues/environment/land/vegetation_management/
The following habitat restor restoration of habitat shall experienced, licensed Hab in the Restoration Plan (sp and species composition a and monitoring for restora success criteria are met b conducted following a pre- the restoration. Remedial container stock, suppleme Restoration Contractor du success of the restoration maintenance and monitori period until the criteria are ABDSP restoration), USD lands), and the Wildlife Ag	pration requirements are not included in the MOU described above. The be maintained and monitored for five years after installation by an obitat Restoration Contractor, or until established success criteria identified becified percent cover of native and non-native species, species diversity, as compared with an undisturbed reference site) are met. Maintenance tion in ABDSP shall be for a minimum of five years, even if established efore the end of five years. Maintenance and monitoring shall be scribed schedule to assess progress and identify potential problems with action (e.g., additional planting, weeding, erosion control, use of ental watering, etc.) shall be taken by an experienced, licensed Habitat ring the maintenance and monitoring period if necessary to ensure the . If the restoration fails to meet the established success criteria after the ng period, maintenance and monitoring shall extend beyond the five-year ent or unless otherwise approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for A Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest gencies. For areas where habitat restoration cannot meet mitigation
BLM, State Parks (for ABI on National Forest lands), shall be provided at the m Impacts to Vegetation Cor	ned by the Habitat Restoration Specialist in coordination with CPUC, DSP restoration), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration and the Wildlife Agencies, offsite purchase and dedication of habitat itigation ratios provided in Table D.2-7 for the Proposed Project (see mmunities and Required Mitigation tables in alternatives sections for the se required by the Wildlife Agencies, ABDSP, or USDA Forest Service in ratios in BIO-APM-1).

— (B-1a) Tree Mitigation. Mitigation for loss of native trees or native tree trimming shall be provided by (1) acquiring and preserving habitat within which the trees occur and/or (2) restoring (i.e., planting) trees on land that would not be subject to vegetation clearing (either in the Applicant's ROW and/or on land acquired and preserved). Any land to be used for this mitigation shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for ABDSP restoration), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies. For habitat acquisition and preservation, the mitigation ratios shall follow those in Table D.2-7 for the Proposed Project (see Impacts to Vegetation Communities and Required Mitigation tables in alternatives sections for the alternatives). For example, removal of coast live oak trees (that occur in coast live oak woodland) shall require mitigation at a 3:1 ratio based on the permanent impact to the summed acreage of all individual coast live oak trees impacted. Therefore, if the total acreage of all individual coast live oak trees in coast live oak woodland impacted is 10 acres, then 30 acres of coast live oak woodland shall be acquired and preserved. For all trimmed native trees, the trees shall be monitored for a period of three years. If a trimmed tree declines or suffers mortality during that period, the tree shall be replaced in-kind (by species) at a 2:1 or 5:1 ratio as recommended by the CDFG (see below). If a tree does not decline or suffer mortality, no mitigation shall be required.
 (B-1a) For restoration (planting trees), these guidelines, based on recommendations from the CDFG, shall be followed. Native trees that are removed shall be replaced in-kind (by species) as follows. Trees less than five inches diameter at breast height (DBH) shall be replaced at 3:1 Trees between five and 12 inches DBH shall be replaced at 5:1 Trees between 12 and 36 inches shall be replaced at 10:1 Trees greater than 36 inches shall be replaced at 20:1 Native trees that are trimmed shall be replaced at 2:1 Trees greater than 12 inches DBH shall be replaced at 5:1 Trees greater than 12 inches DBH shall be replaced at 5:1 All restoration shall be maintained and monitored for a minimum of 10 years. The restoration shall be directed according to a Habitat Restoration Plan approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for ABDSP restoration), USDA Forest Service (for National Forest land restoration), and the Wildlife Agencies.
— (B-1a) Mitigation Parcels/Habitat Management Plans. All offsite mitigation parcels shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for impacts to ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with impacts to National Forest lands) and must be acquired or their acquisition must be assured before the line is energized. To demonstrate that such parcels shall be acquired, SDG&E shall submit a Habitat Acquisition Plan at least 120 days prior to any ground disturbing activities. The Plan shall be submitted to the CPUC, BLM, the Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for impacts in ABDSP) and USDA Forest Service (for impacts on National Forest Lands) for review and approval, and shall include, but shall not be limited to: legal descriptions and maps of all parcels to be acquired; schedule that includes phasing relative to impacts; timing of conservation easement recording; initiation of habitat management activities relative to acquisition; and assurance mechanisms (e.g., performance bonds to assure adequate funding) for any parcels not actually acquired prior to vegetation disturbing activities.

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	 (B-1a) A Habitat Management Plan shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Foress Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) for all acquired offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any vegetation disturbing activities. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired, offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all mitigation parcels approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands)
	Baseline biological data for all mitigation parcels
	 Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management
	• A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan
	 Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity)
	 Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).
Location	All areas disturbed by construction activities.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation. CPUC/BLM biological monitor shall confirm that proposed habitat restoration mitigation plans are implemented.
Effectiveness Criteria	Habitat restoration plans are implemented and meet success criteria. Long-term habitat man- agement is provided for all mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for mitigation lands in ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation lands on USFS land).
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. N	Vitigation Measures and	Applicant	Proposed Measu	res – Pre-Construction

approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP). USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies to ensure that all impacts occur within designated limits. Monitoring enails communicating with contractors, taking daily notes, and ensuring that the requirements of the APMs and mitigation measures are being met by being present during construction activities including all initial grubbing and clearing of vegetation. Additionally, a qualified biologist employed by SDG&E shall be present during main- tenance involving ROW repair of areas subject to flooding or scouring). Biological monitoring of these maintenance activities is to prevent impacts to vegetation communities or wildlife habital not within the permanent project impact footprint or to record and report unauthorized impacts outside the footprint to the CPUC, BLM. State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP). USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies to ensure the unauthorized impacts are mitigated in accordance with Mitigation Measure B-1a. The qualified biologist shall conduct monitoring for any area subject to disturbance from construction and the maintenance activities listed above (or access roads used during maintenance activities in the case of vernal pools/water-holding basins: see Miligation Measure B1b). The qualified biologist shall perform periodic inspections of construction once or twice per week, as defined by the Wildlife Agencies, depending on the semilylivity of the resources. The qualified biologist shall send weekly monitoring reports to the CPUC and BLM and shall record any reduction or increase in construction impacts so that mitigation requirements can be revised accordingly. The final impact/mitigation calculations shall be submitted to the CPUC, BLM. State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on Maintenance that occurred, at wh		
mitigation measures or APMS are being violated. The qualified biologist shall immediately notify the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), the Wildlife Agencies, and SDG&E of any significant events, including impacts outside the construction zone or maintenance impacts outside the auth- orized permanent impact footprints if they are discovered during construction or monitoring of main- tenance activities. Reinitiation of work following a stop work order shall only occur when the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for impacts in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with impacts on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies are satisfied that the impacts have been fully documented, that compensation for these impacts shall be made, and that any additional protection measures they deem necessary shall be undertaken.LocationEntire project area.Monitoring/Reporting ActionCPUC/BLM biological monitor shall oversee monitoring and ensure compliance with APMs and mit- igation measures. The biological monitor shall submit weekly reports to the CPUC and BLM during con- struction and throughout the maintenance period. Reports shall include a summary of activities and tracking of the APM and mitigation calculations to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies.Effectiveness CriteriaSuccessful avoidance of unforeseen impacts and compliance with APMs and mitigation measures. Responsible AgencyBLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP land), and USDA Forest Service (for USFS land).	MITIGATION MEASURE	alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest Iands), and the Wildlife Agencies to ensure that all impacts occur within designated limits. Monitoring entails communicating with contractors, taking daily notes, and ensuring that the requirements of the APMs and mitigation measures are being met by being present during construction activities including all initial grubbing and clearing of vegetation. Additionally, a qualified biologist employed by SDG&E shall be present during maintenance involving ROW repair requiring ground disturbance (i.e., grading/repair of access road and work areas and spot repair of areas subject to flooding or scouring). Biological monitoring of these maintenance activities is to prevent impacts to vegetation communities or wildlife habitat not within the permanent project impact footprint or to record and report unauthorized impacts outside the footprint to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies to ensure the unauthorized impacts are mitigated in accordance with Mitigation Measure B-1a. The qualified biologist shall conduct monitoring for any area subject to disturbance from construction and the maintenance activities listed above (or access roads used during maintenance activities in the case of vernal pools/water-holding basins; see Mitigation Measure B1b). The qualified biologist shall perform periodic inspections of construction once or twice per week, as defined by the Wildlife Agencies, depending on the sensitivity of the resources. The qualified biologist shall send weekly monitoring reports to the CPUC and BLM and shall record any reduction or increase in construction impacts so that mitigation requirements can be revised accordingly. The final impact/mitigation calculations shall be submitted to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring of maintenance activities in ABDSP), uSDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on Na
Monitoring/Reporting ActionCPUC/BLM biological monitor shall oversee monitoring and ensure compliance with APMs and mit- igation measures. The biological monitor shall submit weekly monitoring reports to SDG&E during construction. The biological monitor shall submit weekly reports to the CPUC and BLM during con- struction and throughout the maintenance period. Reports shall include a summary of activities and tracking of the APM and mitigation measure requirements. The biological monitor shall submit a final report of impact/mitigation calculations to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies.Effectiveness CriteriaSuccessful avoidance of unforeseen impacts and compliance with APMs and mitigation measures.Responsible AgencyBLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP land), and USDA Forest Service (for USFS land).		mitigation measures or APMs are being violated. The qualified biologist shall immediately notify the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), the Wildlife Agencies, and SDG&E of any significant events, including impacts outside the construction zone or maintenance impacts outside the auth- orized permanent impact footprints if they are discovered during construction or monitoring of main- tenance activities. Reinitiation of work following a stop work order shall only occur when the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for impacts in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with impacts on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies are satisfied that the impacts have been fully documented, that compensation for these impacts shall be made, and that any additional protection
Actionigation measures. The biological monitor shall submit weekly monitoring reports to SDG&E during construction. The biological monitor shall submit weekly reports to the CPUC and BLM during con- struction and throughout the maintenance period. Reports shall include a summary of activities and tracking of the APM and mitigation measure requirements. The biological monitor shall submit a final report of impact/mitigation calculations to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies.Effectiveness CriteriaSuccessful avoidance of unforeseen impacts and compliance with APMs and mitigation measures.Responsible AgencyBLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP land), and USDA Forest Service (for USFS land).	Location	Entire project area.
Responsible Agency BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP land), and USDA Forest Service (for USFS land).		construction. The biological monitor shall submit weekly reports to the CPUC and BLM during con- struction and throughout the maintenance period. Reports shall include a summary of activities and tracking of the APM and mitigation measure requirements. The biological monitor shall submit a final report of impact/mitigation calculations to the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for monitoring in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives that require monitoring on National Forest lands),
land).	Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance of unforeseen impacts and compliance with APMs and mitigation measures.
Timing Pre- and during construction.	Responsible Agency	land).
	Timing	Pre- and during construction.

Table G-1.	Mitigation Measures and A	oplicant Proposed	Measures – Pre-Construction

Table G-1. Millyation M	easures and Applicant Proposed measures – Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	B-1I: SDG&E shall continue to work with the USDA Forest Service to minimize impacts to the RCA between Structures 184 and 187. SDG&E shall continue to work with the USDA Forest Service to adjust the siting of project features to minimize impacts to the RCA located between Structures 184 and 187 of the BCD South Option. SDG&E shall continue to coordinate with the USDA Forest Service until the impacts to this RCA are fully resolved to the satisfaction of the USDA Forest Service.
Location	RCA located between Structures 184 and 187 of the BCD South Option.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	Upon final approval of the USDA Forest Service, SDG&E shall send the engineering changes made to project features between Structures 184 and 187 of the BCD South Option to the CPUC and BLM prior to the start of construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Minimization of impacts to the RCA to the satisfaction of the USDA Forest Service.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and USDA Forest Service
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	 B-2a: Provide restoration/compensation for impacted jurisdictional areas. Impacts to areas under the jurisdiction of the ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, and CDFG shall be avoided to the extent feasible. Where avoidance of jurisdictional areas is not feasible (including for emergency repairs), the Applicant shall provide the necessary mitigation required as part of wetland permitting by creation/restoration/preservation of suitable jurisdictional area mitigation. The location(s) of the mitigation in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with mitigation on National Forest lands), ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, and CDFG as part of the wetland permitting process. It is anticipated that the sites would be in close proximity to the impacts or in the same watershed. A jurisdictional delineation and impact assessment shall be prepared based on the final alignment and final engineering plans when they are complete. Mitigation ratios would range from 1:1 up to 4:1 and would depend on the sensitivity of the jurisdictional habitat and on the requirements of the wetland permitting agencies. The width of wetland buffers would also depend on the sensitivity of the jurisdictional habitat and on the requirements of the wetland permitting agencies. Recommended mitigation ratios for vegetation communities that generally occur in jurisdictional areas are provided in Table D.2.7 for the Proposed Project (see Impacts to Vegetation Communities and Required Mitigation tables in alternatives). It is anticipated that at least a 1:1 ratio of the mitigation would include creation of jurisdictional habitat so there would be no net loss of jurisdictional habitat. For example, permanent impacts to emergent wetland would require a 2:1 mitigation ratio. Half (or 1:1) of the mitigation acreage would have to consist of created emergent wetland in an appropriate location to be preserved, and the other half (1:1) would require acquisition and preservation of already-existing emergent wetland (o

- (B-2a) Any impacts associated with unauthorized activity (e.g., exceeding approved construction
footprints) shall be mitigated at a 5:1 ratio, unless otherwise directed by the ACOE, Regional Water
Boards, State Water Board, and CDFG: restoration of the unauthorized impacts shall be credited at
a 1:1 ratio; the remaining 4:1 (or 4.5:1 in FTHL MA) shall be acquired off site.
- (B-2a) The Applicant shall identify a gualified Habitat Restoration Specialist to be approved by

	— (B-2a) The Applicant shall identify a qualified Habitat Restoration Specialist to be approved by the CPUC, BLM, ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, CDFG, State Parks (for restoration in ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands). The Habitat Restoration Specialist shall prepare and implement a Wetland Mitigation Plan to be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP mitigation), and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with mitigation on National Forest lands). The Applicant shall work with the above-listed agencies until a plan is approved by all. The mitigation of habitat shall be maintained and monitored for five years after installation, or until established success criteria (specified percent cover of native and nonnative species, species diversity, and species composition as compared with an undisturbed reference site) are met, to assess progress and identify potential problems with the mitigation. Maintenance and monitoring in ABDSP shall be for a minimum of five years, even if established success criteria are met before the end of five years. Remedial action (e.g., additional planting, weeding, erosion control, use of container stock, supplemental watering, etc.) shall be taken during the maintenance and monitoring period if necessary to ensure the success of the mitigation. If the mitigation fails to meet the established performance criteria after the five-year maintenance and monitoring period, maintenance and monitoring shall extend beyond the five-year period until the criteria are met or unless otherwise approved by the CPUC, BLM, ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP restoration), and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands).
	 — (B-2a) A Habitat Management Plan shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, ACOE, Regional Water Boards, State Water Board, CDFG, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) for all acquired offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) for all acquired offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact jurisdictional areas. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired, offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) mitigation
	 parcels approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all mitigation parcels; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels);
	 to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan;
	 Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and
	 Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).
Location	All locations with impacts to jurisdictional areas.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM, CPUC, and wetland permitting agencies shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans. BLM/CPUC biological monitor to confirm that proposed habitat restoration mitigation plans are implemented.
Effectiveness Criteria	Habitat restoration plans are implemented and meet success criteria. Long-term habitat man- agement is provided for all mitigation sites.

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, ACOE, RWQCB, State Parks (for mitigation lands in ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation lands on USFS land).	
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.	
Status		
Review / Approval Status		
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-3a: Prepare and implement a Weed Control Plan. The Applicant shall prepare and implement a comprehensive, adaptive Weed Control Plan for pre-construction and long-term invasive weed abatement. Where the Applicant owns the ROW property, the Weed Control Plan shall include specific weed abatement methods, practices and treatment timing developed in consultation with the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner's Office and the California Invasive Plant Council (Cal-IPC), or the tribal government, as appropriate. On the ROW easement lands administered by public agencies (BLM, USDA Forest Service (for alternatives routes within Cleveland National Forest lands), Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (ABDSP) the Weed Control Plan shall incorporate all appropriate and legal agency-stipulated regulations. The Weed Control Plan on public lands. ROW easements located on private lands shall include adaptive provisions for the implementation of the Weed Control Plan. Prior to implementation, the Applicant shall work with the landowners to obtain authorization of the weed control Plan for ROW within or adjacent to the boundaries of ABDSP. Developed land shall be excluded from weed control.	
	 (B-3a) The Weed Control Plan shall include the following: A pre-construction weed inventory shall be conducted by surveying the entire ROW and areas immediately adjacent to the ROW (where access and permission can be secured) as well as at all ancillary facilities associated with the project for weed populations that: (1) are considered by the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner or State Parks (for ROW within or adjacent to ABDSP) as being a priority for control and (2) aid and promote the spread of wildfires (such as cheatgrass [Bromus tectorum], Saharan mustard [Brassica tournefortii] and medusa head [Taeniatherum caput-medusae]). These populations shall be mapped and described according to density and area covered. These plant species shall be treated (where access and permission can be secured) prior to construction or at a time when treatments would be most effective based on phenology according to control methods and practices for invasive weed populations designed in consultation with the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner's Office and Cal-IPC, or the tribal government, as appropriate. A pre-construction weed inventory shall also be conducted by surveying areas that will be directly impacted by the project for weed populations that are rated High or Moderate for negative ecological impact in the California Invasive Plant Inventory Database (Cal-IPC, 2006) or are weed species of concern to State Parks (for ROW within or adjacent to ABDSP). These plant species shall be treated 	
	 prior to construction or at a time when treatments would be most effective based on phenology according to control methods and practices for invasive weed populations designed in consultation with Cal-IPC and State Parks (for treatment in ROW within ABDSP). — (B-3a) Weed control treatments shall include all legally permitted chemical, manual and mechan- 	
	ical methods applied with the authorization of the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner and the ROW easement land-holding agencies where appropriate. The application of herbicides shall be in compliance with all state and federal laws and regulations under the prescription of a Pest Control Advisor (PCA) and implemented by a Licensed Qualified Applicator. Where manual and/or mechanical methods are used, disposal of the plant debris will follow the regulations set by the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner. The timing of the weed control treatment shall be deter- mined for each plant species in consultation with the PCA, the San Diego County Agriculture Com- missioner, State Parks (for treatment in ABDSP) and Cal-IPC, or the tribal government, as appro- priate, with the goal of controlling populations before they start producing seeds.	

— (B-3a) For the lifespan of the project (i.e., as long as the project is physically present), long-term measures to control the introduction and spread of noxious weeds in the project area shall be taken as follows.

- From the time construction begins until two years after construction is complete, annual surveying for new invasive weed populations and the monitoring of identified and treated populations shall be required in the survey areas described above. After this time, surveying for new invasive weed populations and monitoring of identified and treated populations shall be required at an interval of every two years. However, the treatment of weeds shall occur on a minimum annual basis, unless otherwise approved by the PCA, the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner, State Parks (for treatment in ABDSP) and Cal-IPC.
- During project construction and operation/maintenance, all seeds and straw materials shall be certified weed free, and all gravel and fill material shall be certified weed free by the San Diego County Agriculture Commissioner's Office, or the tribal government, as appropriate.
- During project construction and operation/maintenance, vehicles and all equipment shall be washed (including wheels, undercarriages, and bumpers) at an offsite washing facility (e.g., a car wash or truck wash) immediately before project construction begins and prior to returning to project construction should equipment be used in a different construction area. In addition, tools such as chainsaws, hand clippers, pruners, etc. shall be washed at an offsite washing facility immediately before project construction begins and prior to returning to project construction should tools be used in a different construction area. In addition, vehicles, tools, and equipment shall be washed at an offsite washing facility should these vehicles, tools, and equipment have been used in an area where invasive plants have been mapped during the pre-construction weed control inventory and as directed by the biological construction monitor, prior to entering a project area free of populations of invasive plants (as determined by the pre-construction weed control inventory). Finally, vehicles, tools, and equipment used for maintenance shall be washed at an offsite washing facility immediately before each maintenance event. All washing shall take place where rinse water is collected and disposed of in either a sanitary sewer or landfill; an effort shall be made to use wash facilities that use recycled water. A written daily log shall be kept for all vehicle/ equipment/tool washing that states the date, time, location, type of equipment washed, methods used, and staff present. The log shall include the signature of a responsible staff member. Logs shall be available to the CPUC, BLM, USDA Forest Service (for alternative routes within Cleveland National Forest lands), Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for weeds in ABDSP), tribal governments (for weeds on tribal lands), and biological monitor for inspection at any time and shall be submitted to the CPUC on a monthly basis during construction and submitted annually to the CPUC during operation/maintenance.

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Location	Entire project area.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor to confirm preparation and implementation of a weed control plan.
Effectiveness Criteria	Weed control plan prepared and successfully implemented.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, and ROW land-holding agencies (BLM, State Parks for ABDSP, USDA Forest Services for USFS lands).
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-5a: Conduct rare plant surveys, and implement appropriate avoidance/minimization/ compensation strategies. A qualified biologist shall survey for special status plants in the spring of a year with adequate rainfall prior to initiating construction activities in a given area. If a survey can not be conducted due to inadequate rainfall, then SDG&E shall consult with the Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for impacts in ABDSP), and the USFS (for impacts on National Forest lands) to determine if construction may begin in the absence of survey data and what mitigation would be required, or whether construction would not be allowed until such data is collected. A report of special status plants observed shall be prepared and submitted for approval by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for activities in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with activities on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies prior to activities which may impact the plant resources.

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction — (B-5a) All special status plant populations shall be staked or flagged by a qualified biologist

— (B-5a) All special status plant populations shall be staked or flagged by a qualified biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for activities in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with activities on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies. All stakes, flagging, or fencing shall be removed no later than 30 days after construction is complete.
— (B-5a) Impacts to federal or State listed plant species shall first be avoided where feasible, and, where not feasible, impacts shall be compensated through salvage and relocation (salvage and relocation for plants in ABDSP shall be determined in consultation with, and approval of, State Parks) via a restoration program and/or offsite acquisition and preservation of habitat containing the plant at a 2:1 ratio. Avoidance may not be feasible due to physical or safety constraints. The CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for activities in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with activities on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies shall decide whether the Applicant can restore rare plant populations or shall acquire habitat with rare plant populations off site (locations to be approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks [for activities in ABDSP], USDA Forest Service [for alternatives with activities on National Forest lands], and the Wildlife Agencies). A qualified biologist shall prepare a Restoration Plan that shall indicate where restoration would take place. The restoration plan shall also identify the goals of the restoration, responsible parties, methods of restoration implementation, maintenance and monitoring requirements, final success criteria, and contingency measures. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands) until a plan is approved by all.
Impacts to moderately sensitive plant species (i.e., BLM Sensitive, USDA Forest Service Sensitive, CNPS List 1 and 2 species) shall first be avoided where feasible, and, where not feasible, impacts shall be compensated through reseeding (with locally collected seed stock) or relocation to temporarily disturbed areas (reseeding and relocation of plants in ABDSP shall be determined in consultation with, and approval of, State Parks). Avoidance may not be feasible due to physical or safety constraints. Mitigation Measure B-1a would also provide habitat-based mitigation for these impacts.
— (B-5a) Where reseeding or salvage and relocation is required, the Applicant shall identify a qual- ified Habitat Restoration Specialist to be approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for restoration in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies. The Habitat Restoration Specialist shall prepare and implement a Restoration Plan for reseeding or salvaging and relocating special status plant species to be approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for restoration in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies in writing prior to impacting the plant resources. The Applicant shall work with the above-listed agencies until a plan is approved by all. The reseeding or relocation of plants shall be maintained and monitored for five years after installation, or until established success criteria are met, to assess progress and identify potential problems with the mitigation. The reseeding or relocation of plants in ABDSP shall be maintained and monitored for a minimum of five years, even if established success criteria are met before the end of five years. Remedial action (e.g., additional seeding, weeding, erosion control, use of con- tainer stock, supplemental watering, etc.) shall be taken during the maintenance and monitoring period if necessary to ensure the success of the restoration. If the restoration fails to meet the established performance criteria after the five-year maintenance and monitoring period, mainte- nance and monitoring shall extend beyond the five-year period until the criteria are met or unless otherwise approved by the CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for restoration in ABDSP), USDA Forest Service (for alternatives with restoration on National Forest lands), and the Wildlife Agencies.

	 (B-5a) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact special status plant resources. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired offsite mitigation parcels. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) offsite mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all mitigation parcels; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), an
Location	Entire project area.
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Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation. BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall oversee surveys and monitoring and ensure compliance with APMs and mitigation measures, and confirm that habitat restoration plans are implemented.
Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance or restoration/relocation of sensitive plants, purchase of appropriate mitigation lands, and provision of long-term habitat management for all mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State Parks (for ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for USFS land).
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7b: Implement avoidance/mitigation/compensation according to the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Rangewide Management Strategy. Mitigation for impacts to the FTHL shall follow all applic- able measures in the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Rangewide Management Strategy (Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, 2003). This mitigation includes, but is not limited to, locating impacts outside of MAs, delineating work limits, using existing roads, biological monitoring, and worker education.

	easures and Applicant roposed measures – rre-construction
	— (B-7b) According to the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Rangewide Management Strategy (Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, 2003), compensation for FTHL habitat impacts could involve purchase of FTHL habitat and/or monetary compensation as determined by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee. Impacts shall be mitigated at a 1:1 ratio for habitat outside a MA. Furthermore, mitigation inside a MA shall be at a 3.5:1 ratio for temporary impacts (2.5:1 for disturbed habitat, developed land, or agriculture) and a 5.5:1 ratio for permanent impacts (4.5:1 for disturbed habitat, developed land, or agriculture). For the Proposed Project, the required mitigation for FTHL impacts (if offsite acquisition is the method of compensation) is 403.48 acres. On-site restoration requirements for the Project would be 232.84 acres. Any FTHL habitat acquired shall be approved by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP)
	— (B-7b) A Habitat Management Plan shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) for all acquired FTHL habitat. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the FTHL or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the FTHL or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired FTHL habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to:
	 Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) FTHL habitat approved by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP); Baseline biological data for all acquired FTHL habitat;
	• Designation of a land management entity approved by the Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP) to provide in-perpetuity management;
	 A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan;
	 Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and
	 Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee, CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP).
Location	FTHL MAs and where potential FTHL habitat occurs.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC shall ensure that required purchase of mitigation land and provision of long-term management occurs. BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall ensure that applicable measures in the FTHL Rangewide Management Strategy are implemented.
Effectiveness Criteria	Direct impacts to the flat-tailed horned lizard are minimized. Compensatory mitigation for impacts to FTHL is implemented, including purchase of habitat and provision of long-term management for mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, and Flat-Tailed Horned Lizard Interagency Coordinating Committee.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7c: Minimize impacts to Peninsular bighorn sheep and provide compensation for loss of critical habitat. With regard to timing of activities, construction and maintenance activities (including the use of helicopters) in bighorn sheep critical habitat shall be limited to outside the lambing season and the period of greatest water need, or a minimum ceiling of 1,500 feet for helicopter flights shall be maintained. The lambing season is January 1 through June 30. The period of greatest water need is May through September. Construction and maintenance activities in PBS critical habitat may occur during the lambing season and/or period of greatest water need if prior approval is obtained from the Wildlife Agencies.
	— (B-7c) To help reconnect PBS subpopulations and at least partially offset impacts to the overall population of PBS caused by the project, the Applicant shall:
	 fund the design and construction of an overpass (for sheep) or tunnel (for vehicles) to facilitate PBS movement across a highway at a location determined by the USFWS (in coordination with State Parks and CDFG. Tunnel or overpass design must be approved by the Wildlife Agencies.
	 fund removal of tamarisk and fences for the life of the project, and install and maintain water sources at locations determined by the USFWS (in coordination with State Parks and CDFG)
	 fund a minimum 10-year-long program to monitor the effects of the project on PBS behavior, movements, and dispersal in the project corridor (ten years is needed to measure the influence of the project while factoring in rainfall cycles, vegetative productivity, and drought). This program would be implemented by the Wildlife Agencies and State Parks following construction.
	— (B-7c) Furthermore, the Applicant shall provide compensation for direct loss of critical habitat at a 5:1 ratio for permanent impacts and at a 3:1 ratio (including a combination of onsite restoration and offsite purchase) for temporary impacts with PBS critical habitat or other habitat acceptable to the Wildlife Agencies, BLM, and State Parks (for critical habitat in ABDSP). Impacts to PBS critical habitat must be mitigated within the same Critical Habitat Unit where the impacts occurred. For the Proposed Project, the required mitigation for PBS impacts includes offsite purchase of 525.7 acres and onsite restoration of 111.81 acres. The determination of impact acreage shall be based on the definition of critical habitat in effect as of the time of publication of the Final EIR/EIS.
	— (B-7c) A Habitat Management Plan shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks for all acquired PBS habitat. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) PBS or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired PBS habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to:
	 Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) PBS habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP)
	Baseline biological data for all acquired PBS habitat
	 Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP) to provide in-perpetuity management
	 A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan
	 Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity)
	 Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitiga- tion parcels to be part of ABDSP).
Location	Where bighorn sheep or designated bighorn sheep critical habitat occur.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall ensure compliance with APMs and bighorn sheep impact minimization measures. BLM and CPUC shall ensure that funding is provided for bighorn sheep studies and crossing mitigation; and that habitat acquisition and long-term management of mitigation sites is implemented.

Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance/minimization of bighorn sheep impacts, and implementation of funding for studies and a wildlife crossing, habitat acquisition and long-term management for mitigation parcels.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, and State Parks.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7d: Conduct burrowing owl surveys, and implement appropriate avoidance/minimi- zation/compensation strategies. A survey shall be conducted within 30 days prior to the initiation of construction by a qualified biologist to determine the presence or absence of the burrowing owl in the construction zone plus 250 feet beyond. In addition, the burrowing owl shall be looked for opportunistically as part of other surveys and monitoring required during project construction. If the burrowing owl is absent, then no mitigation is required.
	— (B-7d) If the burrowing owl is present, no disturbance shall occur within 50 meters (approximately 160 ft) of occupied burrows from September 1 through January 31 or within 75 meters (approximately 250 ft) of occupied burrows from February 1 through August 31 (CDFG, 1995).
	— (B-7d) During construction, any pipe or similar construction material that is stored on site for one or more nights shall be inspected for burrowing owls by a qualified biologist before the material is moved, buried, or capped
	— (B-7d) Passive relocation of owls shall be implemented prior to construction only at the direction of the CDFG and only if the above-described occupied burrow disturbance absolutely cannot be avoided (e.g., due to physical or safety constraints). Relocation of owls shall only be implemented during the non-breeding season (September 1 through January 31; CDFG, 1995). Passive relocation is defined as encouraging owls to move from occupied burrows to alternate natural or artificial burrows that are beyond 50 meters from the impact zone and that are within or contiguous to a minimum of 6.5 acres of preserved (or acquired and preserved if not already preserved) foraging habitat for each relocated owl (single owl or owl pair). Passive relocation is accomplished by first creating two artificial burrows in contiguous, preserved foraging habitat (if no natural burrows exist) for each occupied burrow that would be impacted; and second, installing one-way doors on occupied burrow entrances so owls can leave the burrow but not re-enter it. Following passive relocation, the area of impact and the preserved foraging habitat with alternate burrows are surveyed daily for one week to confirm owl use of alternate burrows before excavation of burrows in the impact zone. All passive relocation shall be conducted by a biologist approved by the CDFG. If the alternate burrows are not used by the relocated owls, then the Applicant shall work with the CDFG to provide alternate mitigation for burrowing owls. If the alternate burrows are used, no other mitigation shall be required. If it is not possible to preserve contiguous habitat on which to provide alternate burrows (e.g., on
	private land), and occupied owl burrows would be directly impacted, then the owls shall be pass- ively relocated without the creation of alternate burrows prior to construction (relocation should only be implemented during the non-breeding season [September 1 through January 31]). The loss of occupied owl habitat shall be mitigated by acquiring and preserving other occupied habitat elsewhere (as explained below) per the Staff Report on Burrowing Owl Mitigation (CDFG, 1995) and the Bur- rowing Owl Survey Protocol and Mitigation Guidelines (The Burrowing Owl Consortium, 1993), or as otherwise determined in consultation with the CDFG.
	— (B-7d) Impacted occupied habitat shall be mitigated by 1) acquiring and preserving occupied habitat at a rate of 1.5 times 6.5 acres (or 9.75 acres) per pair or single bird impacted, or 2) acquiring and preserving unoccupied habitat contiguous with currently occupied habitat at a rate of two times 6.5 acres (or 13 acres) per pair or single bird impacted, or 3) acquiring and preserving suitable unoccupied habitat at a rate of three times 6.5 acres (or 19.5 acres) per pair or single bird impacted. All acquired habitat shall be acceptable to the CDFG and shall be protected and managed for the burrowing owl in perpetuity.
	— (B-7d) The survey required within 30 days prior to the initiation of construction will determine the presence or absence of the burrowing owl in the construction zone plus 250 feet beyond and whether or not the mitigation needs to be revised.

	 (B-7d) A Habitat Management Plan shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, CDFG, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) for all acquired burrowing owl habitat. The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for land in ABDSP) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the burrowing owl or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired burrowing owl habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) burrowing owl habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP); Baseline biological data for all acquired burrowing owl habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management Plan by the designated land management entity); and Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and State
Location	Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP).
Location	Where occupied burrowing owl habitat occurs.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall oversee surveys and monitoring and ensure compliance with APMs and mitigation measures. If necessary, BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation.
Effectiveness Criteria	Avoidance of occupied burrows and surrounding foraging area, successful passive relocation, and/or replacement of occupied habitat that is managed in perpetuity.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, and CDFG.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7e: Conduct least Bell's vireo and southwestern willow flycatcher surveys, and implement appropriate avoidance/minimization/compensation strategies. All grading or brushing taking place within riparian habitats of the least Bell's vireo or southwestern willow flycatcher during construction shall be conducted from September 16 (October 1 in ABDSP) through March 14, which is outside the least Bell's vireo and southwestern willow flycatcher breeding seasons.
	— (B-7e) When conducting all other construction activities during the breeding season of March 15 through September 15 (September 30 in ABDSP) within 500 feet (USFWS, 2007b) of habitat in which least Bell's vireos and/or southwestern willow flycatchers are known to occur or have potential to occur, a biologist permitted by the USFWS shall survey for least Bell's vireos and southwestern willow flycatchers within 10 calendar days prior to initiating activities in an area. The results of the survey shall be submitted to the Wildlife Agencies for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities.
	— (B-7e) If least Bell's vireos or southwestern willow flycatchers are present, a permitted biologist shall survey for nesting vireos and flycatchers approximately once per week within 500 feet of the construction area (USFWS, 2007b), for the duration of the activity in that area during the breeding season.

- (B-7e) If/when an active nest is located, a 300-foot no-construction buffer zone (USFWS, 2007b) shall be established around each nest site; however, there may be a reduction of this buffer zone depending on site-specific conditions or the existing ambient level of activity. The Applicant shall contact Wildlife Agencies to determine the appropriate buffer zone. No construction shall take place within this buffer until the nest is no longer active unless there are physical or safety constraints. If construction must take place within the buffer, a qualified acoustician shall monitor noise as construction approaches the edge of the occupied vireo/flycatcher habitat as directed by the permitted biologist. If the noise meets or exceeds the 60 dB(Å) Leg threshold, or if the biologist determines that the activities in general are disturbing the nesting activities, the biologist shall have the authority to halt construction and shall consult with the Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for activities in ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for activities on National Forest lands) to devise methods to reduce the noise and/or disturbance. This may include methods such as, but not limited to, turning off vehicle engines and other equipment whenever possible to reduce noise, installing a protective noise barrier between the nesting birds and the activities, and working in other areas until the young have fledged. The permitted biologist shall monitor the nest daily until either activities are no longer within 300 feet of the nest, or the fledglings become independent of their nest. - (B-7e) Mitigation for the loss of least Bell's vireo- or southwestern willow flycatcher-occupied habitat (or designated critical habitat for the flycatcher) shall be implemented as follows. Permanent impacts to occupied habitat and/or designated critical habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied habitat or designated critical habitat at a 3:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to occupied habitat or designated critical habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 2:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied habitat and/or designated critical habitat. Impacts to least Bell's vireo or southwestern willow flycatcher critical habitat must be mitigated within the same Critical Habitat Unit where the impacts occurred.

If a USFWS protocol, pre-construction survey, conducted in an area where presence of the vireo or flycatcher was assumed in this analysis (see Appendix 8B) determines that the species is absent, then the mitigation shall be reduced accordingly. Any acquired habitat shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).

	cusures and Applicant reposed measures - The construction
	— (B-7e) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the least Bell's vireo or southwestern willow flycatcher or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and inperpetuity management of all acquired vireo or flycatcher habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall not be limited to:
	 Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) least Bell's vireo or southwestern willow flycatcher habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands);
	 Baseline biological data for all least Bell's vireo or southwestern willow flycatcher habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management;
	 A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan;
	 Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and
	 Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).
Location	Areas where the vireo or flycatcher occur or have potential to occur.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall oversee surveys and ensure compliance with APMs and avoidance/minimization/mitigation measures. BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation.
Effectiveness Criteria	Impacts to nesting vireos and flycatchers are avoided/minimized/mitigated. Habitat restoration plans are implemented and meet success criteria, and long-term habitat management is provided for all mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, and CDFG.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	B-7h: Implement appropriate avoidance/minimization strategies for eagle nests . No construction or maintenance activities shall occur within 4,000 feet of an eagle nest during the eagle breeding season (December through June).
Location	Within 4,000 feet of eagle nests
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall ensure compliance with restrictions before and during con- struction. A qualified biologist shall ensure compliance during maintenance.
Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance of indirect impacts to eagle nests.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7i: Conduct Quino checkerspot butterfly surveys, and implement appropriate avoid- ance/minimization/compensation strategies. A biologist permitted by the USFWS shall deter- mine suitable habitat areas (i.e., non-excluded areas per the 2002 USFWS protocol; USFWS, 2002b) within any designated USFWS QCB survey area (e.g., Survey Area 2) that would be impacted by project construction.
	— (B-7i)A pre-construction, USFWS protocol presence/absence survey for the adult QCB shall be conducted within all suitable habitat for this species in the construction zone within any designated USFWS QCB survey area. The survey shall be conducted in a year where the QCB is readily observed at USFWS QCB-monitored reference sites to determine what areas are occupied by the QCB (i.e., any suitable habitat within 1 km of a current QCB sighting is considered occupied) and what areas are not occupied. The USFWS permitted biologist shall record the precise locations of QCB larval host plants within the construction zone (and 10 meters beyond) using GPS technology.
	If the protocol pre-construction survey is conclusive for determining absence of the QCB, then areas without the butterfly would not require mitigation.
	— (B-7i) If the protocol pre-construction survey is not conclusive for determining QCB absence (due to limited detectability per the 2002 protocol, for example), or if a survey is not conducted, then all suitable habitat areas would be considered potentially occupied and would require mitigation as follows. If construction occurs outside the larvae and adult activity season (June 1 through October 15) and stays at least 10 meters away from all host plant locations, then no mitigation is required (USFWS, 2007d). If construction occurs between October 16 and May 31 or within 10 meters of host plant locations, or within designated critical habitat, then (1) temporary impacts to the habitat shall be mitigated through onsite restoration of temporarily disturbed areas and offsite acquisition and preservation of an equal sized area of QCB-occupied habitat (a 2:1 mitigation ratio) and (2) permanent impacts shall be mitigated through offsite acquisition and preservation of QCB-occupied habitat (or QCB-designated critical habitat for impacts to designated critical habitat) at a 2:1 ratio (i.e., two acres acquired for each acre lost). Any acquired habitat shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation land to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). A USFWS permitted biologist shall be present during all construction activities in potentially occupied habitat to monitor and assist the construction crews to ensure impacts occur only as allowed. This same mitigation shall apply where the protocol pre-construction survey was conclusive for determining that the QCB is present and where construction would occur in designated critical habitat. Impacts to QCB critical habitat must be mitigated within the same Critical Habitat Unit where the impacts occurred. If host plant mapping is not possible during the pre-construction survey (e.g., drought prevents plant germination), then all suitable habitat (i.e., non-excluded habitat per the 2

 (B-7i) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the QCB or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired QCB habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) QCB habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all QCB habitat: Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for mitigation parcels to be part of ABDSP), and USDA Forest service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management Plan by the designated land management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to f
National Forest lands). Where suitable Quino checkerspot butterfly habitat occurs.
A qualified biologist shall oversee surveys and ensure compliance with APMs and Quino checkerspot avoidance/minimization/mitigation measures. If required, BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat acquisition plans and long-term management plans.
Successful avoidance of impacts to the Quino checkerspot or impacts as allowed by the USFWS, and if necessary, implementation of mitigation land acquisition.
BLM, CPUC, and USFWS.
Pre- and during construction.
 B-7j: Conduct arroyo toad surveys, and implement appropriate avoidance/minimization/ compensation strategies. A pre-construction, USFWS protocol survey shall be conducted for the toad in the construction zone (by a biologist permitted by the USFWS to handle the toad) where absence of the species has not been proven to conclusively define the impacts to occupied habitat. In the absence of this survey data, the mitigation acreages required below shall stand. Where the pre-construction survey determines the species is absent, the mitigation shall be reduced accordingly. (- B-7j) The removal of toad riparian breeding habitat shall occur from October through December to minimize potential impacts to breeding adults (including potential sedimentation impacts to toad

the remainder (minimum 12 inches) anchored firmly against the ground. The fence may be buried i necessary to exclude load access. The fence locations shall be identified by a USFWS permitted biologist and adjusted as necessary. Exclusion fencing shall be monitored daily by a qualified biologist and adjusted as necessary. Exclusion fencing shall be monitored daily by a qualified biologist and post-exclusion fencing surveys within the construction parts and the provident of the entire length of the construction parts and a Prior to construction prior of the addite length of the construction parts and prior to construction activities. One of these clearance surveys must take place no more than 24 hours prior to activity commencement. These surveys shall be conducted during appropriate climatic conditions and during the appropriate time of day or night to maximize the likelihood of encountering arroyo loads. If conditions are not appropriate for arroyo to ad movement during surveys, the biologist may attempt to elicit a response from the toads during nights (i.e., at least one hour after sunset), provided that temperatures are above 50°F, by spraying the project area with water to simulate a rain event. After the three clearance surveys outlined above have been completed, daily surveys shall be conducted each morning prior to the continuation of construction or maintenance activity. Any toads found shall be relocated to appropriate similar habitat outside project impact areas. (- B-7) Mitigation for the loss of arroyo toad-occupied habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, arroyo toad breeding habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 1:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, upland burrowing habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, upland burrowing habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, upland burrowing habitat shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Widdlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigatio	
 Permañent impacts to occupied, arroyo toad breeding habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied arroyo toad breeding habitat at a 3:1 ratio. Permanent impacts to occupied, upland burrowing habitat at a 1:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to occupied breeding habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 2:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied breeding habitat. Temporary impacts to occupied, upland burrowing habitat. Temporary impacts to be calonal Forest lands). (- B-7]) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). (- B-7]) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the arroyo toad nis habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) arroyo toad habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) arroyo toad habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wild	conducted), the construction zone shall be fenced with exclusion fencing to prevent toad access to it. The fencing shall be a silt-screen type barrier comprised of a minimum 24-inch high fence with the remainder (minimum 12 inches) anchored firmly against the ground. The fence may be buried if necessary to exclude toad access. The fence locations shall be identified by a USFWS permitted biologist and adjusted as necessary. Exclusion fencing shall be monitored daily by a qualified biologist (see Mitigation Measure B-1c) and maintained in its original condition by construction personnel for the entire length of the construction period in toad habitat. Pre- and post-exclusion fencing surveys within the construction zone shall be conducted for arroyo toads by a biologist permitted by the USFWS to handle the toad. Prior to construction commencement, a minimum of three surveys shall be conducted by this biologist following installation of the fencing and prior to construction activities. One of these clearance surveys must take place no more than 24 hours prior to activity commencement. These surveys shall be conducted during appropriate climatic conditions and during the appropriate time of day or night to maximize the likelihood of encountering arroyo toads. If conditions are not appropriate for arroyo toad movement during surveys, the biologist may attempt to elicit a response from the toads during nights (i.e., at least one hour after sunset), provided that temperatures are above 50°F, by spraying the project area with water to simulate a rain event. After the three clearance surveys outlined above have been completed, daily surveys shall be conducted each morning prior to the continuation of construction or maintenance activity. Any toads found shall be relocated to appropriate similar
 biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the arroyo toad or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired arroyo toad habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) arroyo toad habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all arroyo toad habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest service (for mitigation parcels to be not a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all arroyo toad habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and Management specificat	(- B-7j) Mitigation for the loss of arroyo toad-occupied habitat shall be implemented as follows. Permanent impacts to occupied, arroyo toad breeding habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied arroyo toad breeding habitat at a 3:1 ratio. Permanent impacts to occupied, upland burrowing habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, upland burrowing habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to occupied breeding habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 2:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied breeding habitat. Temporary impacts to occupied, upland burrowing habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 1:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied, upland burrowing habitat. Any acquired arroyo toad habitat shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA
 Baseline biological data for all arroyo toad habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management entity that explains the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public education; trash removal; and annual reports to CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA 	 biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the arroyo toad or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired arroyo toad habitat. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) arroyo toad habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation
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	 the amount of funding required to implement the Habitat Management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management entity); and Management specifications including, but not limited to, regular biological surveys to compare with baseline; exotic, non-native species control; fence/sign replacement or repair, public
Location Areas where the arroyo toad occurs or has potential to occur.	Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Monitoring/Reporting Action	A qualified biologist shall oversee surveys and ensure compliance with APMs and avoidance/ minimization/mitigation measures. BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation.
Effectiveness Criteria	Impacts to arroyo toads are avoided/minimized/mitigated. Habitat restoration plans are implemented and meet success criteria, and long-term habitat management is provided for all mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State parks (for ABDSP) and USDA Forest Services (for USFS lands).
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-7I: Conduct coastal California gnatcatcher surveys, and implement appropriate avoid- ance/minimization/compensation strategies. All brushing or grading taking place within occupied habitat of the coastal California gnatcatcher (defined as within 500 feet of any gnatcatcher sightings [USFWS, 2007b]) during construction shall be conducted from September 1 through February 14, which is outside the coastal California gnatcatcher breeding season.
	(— B-7I) When conducting all other construction activities during the coastal California gnatcatcher breeding season of February 15 through August 30, within habitat in which coastal California gnatcatchers are known to occur or have potential to occur, the following avoidance measures shall apply. A USFWS permitted biologist shall survey for coastal California gnatcatchers within 10 calendar days prior to initiating activities in an area. The results of the survey shall be submitted to the Wildlife Agencies for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities. If coastal California gnatcatchers are present, but not nesting, a USFWS permitted biologist shall survey for nesting coastal California gnatcatchers approximately once per week within 500 feet of the construction area for the duration of the activity in that area during the breeding season.
	(- B-7I) If/when an active nest is located, a 300-foot no-construction buffer (USFWS, 2007b) shall be established around each nest site; however, there may be a reduction of this buffer zone depending on site-specific conditions or the existing ambient level of activity. The Applicant shall contact Wildlife Agencies to determine the appropriate buffer zone. To the extent feasible, no construction shall take place within this buffer until the nest is no longer active. However, if construction must take place within the 300-foot buffer, a qualified acoustician shall monitor noise as construction approaches the edge of the occupied gnatcatcher habitat as directed by the permitted biologist. If the noise meets or exceeds the 60 dB(A) Leq threshold, or if the biologist determines that the activities in general are disturbing the nesting activities, the biologist shall have the authority to halt construction and shall consult with the Wildlife Agencies to devise methods to reduce the noise and/or disturbance in the vicinity. This may include methods such as, but not limited to, turning off vehicle engines and other equipment whenever possible to reduce noise, installing a protective noise barrier between the nesting coastal California gnatcatchers and the activities, and working in other areas until the young have fledged.
	 (- B-7I) Mitigation for the loss of coastal California gnatcatcher-occupied habitat shall be implemented as follows. Permanent impacts to occupied habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to occupied habitat shall be mitigated at a 2:1 ratio and shall include 1:1 onsite restoration and 1:1 offsite acquisition and preservation of occupied habitat. Mitigation for the loss of unoccupied designated critical habitat for the gnatcatcher shall be implemented as follows. Permanent impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to a follows. Permanent impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat shall include offsite acquisition and preservation of designated critical habitat at a 2:1 ratio. Temporary impacts to unoccupied designated critical habitat shall include 1:1 onsite restoration. Impacts to coastal California gnatcatcher critical habitat must be mitigated within the same Critical Habitat Unit where the impacts occurred. Any acquired coastal California gnatcatcher habitat shall be approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands).

	 (- B-7I) A Habitat Management Plan for any required, offsite mitigation shall be prepared by a biologist approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands). The Habitat Management Plan must be approved in writing by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) prior to the initiation of any activities which may impact (directly or indirectly) the coastal California gnatcatcher or its habitat. The Applicant shall work with the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service until a plan is approved by all. The Habitat Management Plan shall provide direction for the preservation and in-perpetuity management of all acquired coastal California gnatcatcher. The Habitat Management Plan shall include, but shall not be limited to: Legal descriptions of all acquired or assured (as defined in Mitigation Measure B-1a) coastal California gnatcatcher habitat approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands); Baseline biological data for all coastal California gnatcatcher habitat; Designation of a land management entity approved by the CPUC, BLM, Wildlife Agencies, and USDA Forest Service (for mitigation parcels to be National Forest lands) to provide in-perpetuity management; A Property Analysis Record prepared by the designated land management Plan; Designation of responsible parties and their roles (e.g., provision of endowment by the Applicant to fund the Habitat Management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management Plan by the designated land management Plan by the designated land management Plan and implementation of the Habitat Management Plan by the designated land management Plan by the designated land management entity); and
Location	Occupied gnatcatcher habitat.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	A qualified biologist shall oversee surveys and ensure compliance with APMs and avoidance/ minimization/mitigation measures. BLM and CPUC shall approve habitat restoration plans, habitat acquisition plans, and long-term habitat management plans, and ensure their implementation.
Effectiveness Criteria	Impacts to coastal California gnatcatchers are avoided/minimized/mitigated. Habitat restoration plans are implemented and meet success criteria, and long-term habitat management is provided for all mitigation sites.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, USFWS, CDFG, State parks (for ABDSP) and USDA Forest Services (for USFS lands).
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— B-8a: Conduct pre-construction surveys and monitoring for breeding birds. All vegetation clearing, except tree trimming or removal, shall take place between August 16 and January 14 (i.e., outside of the general avian breeding season of January 15 through August 15). Tree removal or trimming shall take place between September 16 and December 31 (i.e., outside the raptor breeding season of January 1 through September 15).
	— (B-8a) If project construction (not vegetation clearing or tree trimming/removal) cannot occur completely outside the general avian breeding season, then pre-construction surveys for non-listed bird species' nests shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within 100 feet of the construction zone within 10 calendar days prior to the initiation of construction that would occur between January 15 and August 15. The results of the survey shall be submitted to the Wildlife Agencies for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities.
	— (B-8a) If project construction (not vegetation clearing or tree trimming/removal) including the use of helicopters cannot occur completely outside the raptor breeding season, then pre-construction surveys for active raptor nests shall be conducted by a qualified biologist within 500 feet of the construction zone within 10 calendar days prior to the initiation of construction that would occur between January 1 and September 15. The results of the survey shall be submitted to the Wildlife Agencies for review and approval prior to initiating any construction activities.

	— (B-8a) If no active nests are observed, construction may proceed. If active nests are found, work may proceed provided that construction activity is 1) located at least 500 feet from raptor nests (USFWS, 2007b), 2) located at least 160 to 250 feet from occupied burrowing owl burrows (CDFG, 1995; see Mitigation Measure B-7d), 3) located at least 300 feet from listed bird species nests (see Mitigation Measure B-7e and B-7l), 4) located at least 100 feet from non-listed bird species nests, and 5) noise levels do not exceed 60 dB(A)hourly Leq at the edge of nesting territories (American Institute of Physics, 2005) as determined by a qualified biologist in coordination with a qualified acoustician. There may be a reduction of these buffer zones depending on site-specific conditions or the existing ambient level of activity. The Applicant shall contact Wildlife Agencies to determine the appropriate buffer zone. In the case of raptors (except the burrowing owl), the noise level restriction stated above does not apply (USFWS, 2007b). Otherwise, if the noise meets or exceeds the 60 dB(A) Leq threshold, or if the biologist determines that the construction activities are disturbing nesting activities, the biologist shall have the authority to halt the construction and shall devise methods to reduce the noise and/or disturbance in the vicinity. This may include methods such as, but not limited to, turning off vehicle engines and other equipment whenever possible to reduce noise, installing a protective noise barrier between the nest site and the construction activities, and working in other areas until the young have fledged. If noise levels still exceed 60 dB(A) Leq hourly at the edge of nesting territories and/or a no-construction buffer cannot be maintained, construction shall be deferred in that area until the nestlings have fledged. All active nests shall be monitored on a weekly basis until the nestlings fledge. The qualified biologist shall be responsible for documenting the results of the surveys and the ongoi
Location	Entire project area.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall oversee surveys and monitoring to ensure compliance with APMs and the mitigation.
Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance/minimization of impacts to nesting birds.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, and CDFG.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	B-9a: Survey for bat nursery colonies. A CDFG-approved biologist shall conduct a habitat assessment for bat nursery colonies prior to any construction activity. Then, the approved biologist shall conduct a survey for bat nursery colonies or signs of such colonies prior to construction. Direct impacts to a nursery colony site shall not be allowed, and approach of, or entrance to, an active nursery colony site shall be prohibited. Before any blasting or drilling in the vicinity of a nursery colony site, the CDFG-approved biologist shall work with the construction crew to devise and implement methods to minimize potential indirect impacts to the nursery colony site from falling rock or substantial vibration (while a nursery colony is active). The methods shall include an option to halt any construction-related impact (including lighting used for night work) to a nursery colony as determined by the approved biologist, until the colony is inactive. Should falling rock block the entrance to a nursery colony site, the contractor shall work with the approved biologist to re-open an entrance to the site.
Location	Areas with potential to support bat nursery colonies (typically caves or rock crevices in the desert).
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall oversee surveys and ensure avoidance of impacts to bat nursery colonies.
Effectiveness Criteria	Successful avoidance of impacts to bat nursery colonies.
Responsible Agency	BLM, CPUC, and CDFG.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	 B-10a: Utilize collision-reducing techniques in installation of transmission lines. The Applicant shall install the transmission lines utilizing Avian Power Line Interaction Committee standards for collision-reducing techniques as outlined in "Mitigating Bird Collisions with Power Lines: The State of the Art in 1994" (APLIC, 1994) as follows. Placement of towers and lines shall not be located above existing towers and lines, topographic features, or tree lines to the maximum extent practicable. Power lines should be clustered in the vertical and horizontal planes aligned with existing geographic features or tree lines, and located parallel (rather than perpendicular) to prevailing wind patterns to the maximum degree feasible. Additionally, overhead lines that are located in highly utilized avian flight paths shall be marked utilizing fixed mount Firefly Flapper/Diverters, swan flight diverter coils, or other diversion devices, if proven more effective, as to be visible to birds and to reduce avian collision with power lines.
	— (B-10a) Where such markers are installed, the Applicant shall fund a study to determine the effectiveness of the markers as a collision prevention measure since there are few, if any, studies that show if such markers work, especially on transmission lines (CEC, 2007). The Applicant shall develop a draft study protocol and submit it to the Wildlife Agencies and State Parks, as well as to CPUC and BLM, for review. The Applicant shall continue to work with these agencies until approval of a final study protocol is obtained. If the study shows the markers to be ineffective, the Applicant shall coordinate with the Wildlife Agencies and State Parks (for markers in ABDSP) to develop alternate collision protection measures.
	— (B-10a) The Applicant shall implement an avian reporting system for documenting bird mortalities to help identify problem areas. The reporting system shall follow the format in Appendix C of "Suggested Practices for Avian Protection On Power Lines: The State of the Art in 2006" (APLIC, 2006) or a similar format. The Applicant shall submit a draft reporting protocol and reporting system to the Wildlife Agencies and State Parks, as well as to CPUC and BLM, for review and approval. The Applicant shall continue to work with these agencies until approval of a final reporting protocol and reporting system is obtained. The Applicant shall develop and implement methods to reduce mortalities in identified problem areas. The methods shall be approved by the Wildlife Agencies, State Parks (for problem areas in ABDSP), CPUC, and BLM prior to implementation. Bird mortality shall continue to be documented in the problem areas per the avian reporting system to determine the effectiveness of the mortality reduction methods and to determine if new methods need to be developed.
Location	Highly utilized avian flight paths
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall ensure installation of markers. BLM and CPUC shall ensure that the Applicant funds and implements a study to document bird mortalities.
Effectiveness Criteria	Markers installed, bird mortality study implemented, and corrective measures taken.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, State Parks (for ABDSP), USFWS and CDFG
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	B-11a: Prepare and implement a Raven Control Plan. The Applicant shall prepare and implement a Raven Control Plan where it occurs in FTHL habitat inside and outside FTHL MAs. The raven control plan shall include the use of raven perching/nesting deterrents (such as those manufactured by Prommel Enterprises, Inc. [www.ZENAdesign.com], Mission Environmental [www.missionenviro.co.za], or Kaddas Enterprises, Inc. [www.kaddas.com] and/or shall describe the procedure for obtaining a permit from the USFWS Law Enforcement Division to legally remove ravens. The plan shall identify the purpose of conducting raven con egar; provide training in how to identify raven nests and how to determine whether a nest belongs to a raven or a raptor species; describe the seasonal limitations on disturbing nesting raptors; and describe procedures for documenting the activities on an annual basis. The Applicant shall obtain approval of this plan from the USFWS prior to the start of construction. The Applicant shall work with the USFWS until approval of a plan is obtained.
Location	FTHL habitat inside and outside FTHL Mas, and where desert tortoise has potential to occur, outside ABDSP.
Monitoring/Reporting Action	BLM/CPUC biological monitor shall verify that SDG&E submitted a raven control plan and received approval from USFWS prior to construction, and that the plan is implemented after construction.

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BIO-APM-1. Par In addition to reg moving, excaval photosynthesis,	t feasible due to physical or safety constraints, all Project vehicle movement would existing and constructed roads as a part of the project and determined and marked dvance for the contractor, contractor-acquired accesses, or public roads. New astruction for the project would be allowed year round. However, when feasible, ld be made to avoid constructing roads during the nesting season. When it is not vehicles on existing access roads or to avoid constructing new access roads ng, breeding, or flight season, SDG&E would perform a site survey, or more as he area where the work is to occur. This survey would be performed to ence or absence of endangered nesting birds, or other endangered species in the &E would submit results of this survey to the USFWS and CDFG and consult on gation measures to avoid or minimize for potential impacts, prior to vehicle use off roads or the construction of new access roads. However, this survey would not d for SDG&E to perform detailed on the ground surveys otherwise required by rking or driving underneath oak trees is not allowed in order to protect root structures gular watering to control fugitive dust created during clearing, grading, earth- tion, and other construction activities which could interfere with plant a 15-mile-per-hour speed limit shall be observed on dirt access roads to reduce dust es and small mammals to disperse. (SDG&E)
Location Entire project ar	
TimingPre- and during	ea

BIO-APM-4	The area limits of Project construction and survey activities would be predetermined based on temporary and permanent disturbance areas noted on final design engineering drawings with activity restricted to and confined within those limits. Survey personnel shall keep survey vehicles on existing roads. During Project surveying activities, brush clearing for footpaths, line-of-sight cutting, and land surveying panel point placement in sensitive habitat would require prior approval from the project biological resource monitor in conformance with the APMs. Hiking off roads or paths for survey data collection is allowed year-round as long as other APMs are met. <u>Stringing of new wire and reconductoring for the project would be allowed year round in sensitive habitats if the conductor is not allowed to drag on the ground or in brush and all vehicles used during stringing remain on Project access roads. Where stringing requires that conductor drag on the brush or ground or vehicles leave Project access roads, SDG&E would perform a site survey (or more as appropriate) to determine presence/absence of endangered nesting birds or other endangered species in the work area. SDG&E would submit results of this survey to the USFWS and CDFG and consult on reasonable and feasible mitigation measures for potential impacts prior to dragging wire on the ground or through brush or taking vehicles off Project access roads. However, this survey would not replace the need for SDG&E to perform detailed on the ground surveys as otherwise required by BIO-APM 1. No paint or permanent discoloring agents would be applied to rocks or vegetation to indicate limits of survey or construction activity where any sensitive biological resources or wildlife habitats are encountered in the field. (SDG&E)</u>
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
	Littering is not allowed. Dreiget percennel would not denosit or leave any feed or weets in the
BIO-APM-7	Littering is not allowed. Project personnel would not deposit or leave any food or waste in the project area, and no biodegradable or non-biodegradable debris would remain in the right-of-way following completion of construction. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-8	Prior to construction, plant population boundaries designated as sensitive by USEWS or CDFG and other resources designated sensitive by SDG&E and resource agencies would be clearly delineated. with clearly visible flagging or fencing, which shall remain in place for the duration of construction. Flagged areas would be avoided to the extent practicable during construction activities in that area. Where these areas cannot be avoided, focused surveys for covered plant species shall be performed in conformance with BIO APM 1, and the responsible resource agency(s) would be consulted for appropriate mitigation and/or revegetation measures prior to disturbance. Notification of presence of any covered plant species to be removed in the work area would occur within ten (10) working days prior to Project activity, during which time the USFWS or CDFG may remove such plant(s) or recommend measures to minimize or reduce the take. If neither USFWS nor CDFG has removed such plant(s) within ten (10) working days following written notice, SDG&E may proceed with work and cause a take of such plant(s), if minimization measures are not implemented. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-10	No wildlife, including rattlesnakes, may be harmed except to protect life and limb. Firearms shall be prohibited in all project areas except for those used by security personnel. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.

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Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-11	Feeding of wildlife is not allowed. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-12	Project personnel are not allowed to bring pets to any project area in order to minimize harassment or killing of wildlife and to prevent the introduction of destructive animal diseases to native wildlife populations. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-13	Plant or wildlife species may not be collected for pets or any other reason. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-16	Environmentally sensitive tree trimming locations for the project would be identified in SDG&E's existing vegetation management tree trim-database utilized by tree-trim contractors. The biological field construction monitor shall be contacted prior to Trimming in environmentally sensitive areas. Whenever feasible, trees in environmentally sensitive areas, such as areas of riparian or native scrub vegetation, would be scheduled for trimming during non-sensitive (i.e., outside breeding or nesting) times. Where trees cannot be trimmed during non-sensitive times, SDG&E would perform a site survey, or more as appropriate, to determine presence or absence of endangered nesting bird species in riparian or native scrub vegetation. SDG&E would submit results of this survey to the USFWS and CDFG and consult on mitigation measures for potential impacts, prior to tree trimming in environmentally sensitive areas. However, this survey would not replace the need for SDG&E to perform detailed on the ground surveys as otherwise required by BIO APM 1. Where riparian areas with overstory vegetation are crossed, tree removal (i.e., clear-cut) widths would be varied where feasible to minimize visual landscape contrast and to maintain habitat diversity at established wildlife corridor edges. Where tree removal widths cannot be varied, SDG&E would consult with the USFWS and CDFG to develop alternative tree removal options that could reasonably maintain edge diversity. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

BIO-APM-18	In areas designated as sensitive by SDG&E or the resource agencies, to the extent feasible structures and access roads would be designed to minimize impacts to sensitive features. These areas of sensitive features include but are not limited to high-value wildlife habitats, sensitive vegetation communities, and high value plant habitats, and/or to allow conductors to clearly span the features, within limits of standard structure design. If the sensitive features cannot be completely avoided, structures and access roads would be placed to minimize the disturbance to the extent feasible. When it is not feasible to avoid constructing poles or access roads in high value wildlife habitats, SDG&E would perform a site survey to determine presence or absence of endangered species in sensitive habitats. SDG&E would submit results of this survey to the USFWS and consult on mitigation measures for potential impacts, prior to constructing structures or access roads. However, this survey would not replace the need for SDG&E to perform detailed on-the-ground surveys as otherwise required by BIO-APM-1. Where it is not feasible for access roads to avoid sensitive water resource features, such as streambed crossings, such crossings would be built at right angles to the streambeds would be limited to a maximum length of 500 feet at any one transmission line crossing location. Such parallel roads would be constructed in a manner that minimizes potential adverse impacts on "waters of the U.S." Streambed crossings or roads constructed parallel to streambeds would require review and approval of necessary permits from the ACOE, CDFG, and RWQCB. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area where sensitive features are present.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-19	Restoration and habitat enhancement and mitigation measures developed during the consultation period with the BLM under Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act (ESA) would be implemented and complied with as specified in the Biological Opinion (BO) of the USFWS. The Section 7 process would be used to obtain an incidental take authorization through a compensation-based mitigation program for permanent impacts to occupied sensitive plant and animal habitat at a ratio of 1:1 or 2:1 based on site-specific studies, as outlined in BIO-APM-1. The Section 7 process may include consideration of SDG&E's existing NCCP mitigation credits as compensation for project impacts. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-21	Structures shall be constructed to conform to "Suggested Practices for Raptor Protection on Power Lines" (Raptor Research Foundation, Inc. 1981), to minimize impacts to raptors. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-27	 Prior to construction, SDG&E shall remove all existing raptor nests from structures that would be affected by project construction. Removal of nests shall occur outside the raptor breeding season (January to July). If it is necessary to remove an existing raptor nest during the breeding season, a qualified biologist shall survey the nest prior to removal to determine if the nest is active. A nest would be considered active if it contains eggs or fledglings. If the nest does not contain eggs or nestlings and is inactive, it shall be removed promptly. If a nest is determined to be active, the nest shall not be removed and the biologist shall monitor the nest to ensure nesting activities/breeding activities are not disrupted. If the biological monitor determines that project activities are disturbing or disrupting nesting activities, the monitor shall make feasible recommendations to reduce the noise and/or disturbance in the vicinity of the nest. (SDG&E)

Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
BIO-APM-28	Potential roost trees that must be removed will be surveyed and identified in the field for application of the following procedures: Before felling the tree:
	1. Trees should be removed under the warmest possible conditions.
	 Peel any sections of the exfoliating bark off the tree gently and search for any roosting bats underneath.
	3. Create noise and vibrations on the tree itself. Noise and vibrations include:
	 Running chain saw and making shallow cuts in the trunk (where bark has been peeled off). Striking the tree base with fallen limbs or tools such as hammers.
	Felling the tree:
	4. Disturbance should be near-continuous for ten minutes, and then another ten minutes should pass, before the tree is felled.
	5. When cutting sections of the bole, if any hollows or cavities (such as woodpecker holes) are discovered, be especially careful to check for the presence of bats in those areas. Cut slowly and carefully at all times. If possible, section bole near cavities to focus noise and vibrations, and open hollows by sectioning off a side. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— V-1a: Reduce visibility of construction activities and equipment. Substation construction sites and all staging and material and equipment storage areas including storage sites for excavated materials, and helicopter fly yards shall be appropriately located away from areas of high public visibility. If visible from nearby roads, residences, public gathering areas, or recreational areas, facilities, or trails, construction sites and staging areas and fly yards shall be visually screened using temporary screening fencing. Fencing will be of an appropriate design and color for each specific location. Additionally, construction in areas visible from recreation facilities and areas during holidays and periods of heavy recreational use shall be avoided.
	— (V-1a) SDG&E shall submit final construction plans demonstrating compliance with this measure to the BLM and CPUC for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction. Where the project crosses lands administered by other public agencies (e.g., Forest Service, Anza- Borrego Desert State Park), construction plans shall also be submitted to those agencies for review and approval within the same 60-day timeframe.
Location	Mitigation Measure V-1a applies to all sites and all routes.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to verify in the field during construction and following construction
Effectiveness Criteria	Project construction sites (static), construction yards, and staging areas will be screened during construction and all construction areas will appear in their original or improved condition following construction.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	

MITIGATION MEASURE	- V-1b: Reduce construction night lighting impacts. SDG&E shall design and install all lighting
	at construction and storage yards and staging areas and fly yards such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
	— (V-1b) SDG&E shall submit a Construction Lighting Mitigation Plan to the BLM (only if on BLM lands), Forest Service (only if on National Forest lands), Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (for Park lands) and CPUC (for all areas) for review and approval at least 90 days prior to the start of construction or the ordering of any exterior lighting fixtures or components, whichever comes first. SDG&E shall not order any exterior lighting fixtures or components until the Construction Lighting Mitigation Plan is approved by the reviewing agency. The Plan shall include but is not necessarily limited to the following:
	 Lighting shall be designed so exterior light fixtures are hooded, with lights directed downward or toward the area to be illuminated and so that backscatter to the nighttime sky is minimized. The design of the lighting shall be such that the luminescence or light sources is shielded to prevent light trespass outside the project boundary
	 All lighting shall be of minimum necessary brightness consistent with worker safety
	 High illumination areas not occupied on a continuous basis shall have switches or motion detectors to light the area only when occupied
Location	Mitigation Measure V-1b applies to all static sites.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review and approve the Construction Lighting Mitigation Plan prior to con- struction and to monitor implementation in the field during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Light bulbs and reflectors at Construction yards and staging areas would not be visible from public viewing areas and night lighting would not cause reflected glare and illumination beyond the construction site and into the nighttime sky.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— V-2a: Reduce in-line views of land scars. Construct access or spur roads at appropriate angles from the originating, primary travel facilities to minimize extended, in-line views of newly graded terrain. Contour grading should be used where possible to better blend graded surfaces with existing terrain.
	— (V-2a) All proposed new access roads shall be evaluated for their visibility from sensitive viewing locations prior to final design. Prior to final design, SDG&E shall consult with a visual resources specialist representing the CPUC and BLM and a qualified biologist to identify the following:
	• Definition of access roads with sensitive viewing areas from which visibility of access roads is a concern.
	 Approximate location and length of alternative access road routes if straight line roads are not used. Define habitat affected and steepness of terrain for consideration of habitat and erosion impacts. The biologist and visual resources specialist shall confirm that the overall impacts of the alternate access road are less than that of the original access road design.
	 "Drive and crush" access is a feasible measure for avoiding access road scars (i.e., no grading o vegetation removal is required). If this means of access is to be used, SDG&E shall define frequency of driving and vehicle types such that a biologist confirms that vegetation would be likely to recover.
	 A table shall be submitted to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before the start of construction to document towers for which this measure is applied, and the proposed resolution for each access road (i.e., retain straight line roads due to greater impacts from alternative routes, use "drive and crush" access, or develop alternate access road route).
	— (V-2a) SDG&E shall submit final construction plans demonstrating compliance with this measure to the CPUC and BLM, as well as the Forest Service and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (as appropriate), for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction.

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Location	All grading sites for access roads, spur roads, and ancillary faculties.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review construction plans prior to start of construction and verify compliance during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	In-line views of land scars from grading will be minimized.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	– V-2b: Reduce visual contrast from unnatural vegetation lines. In those areas where views of land scars are unavoidable, the boundaries of disturbed areas shall be aggressively revegetated to create a less distinct and more natural-appearing line to reduce visual contrast. Furthermore, all graded roads and areas not required for on-going operation, maintenance, or access shall be returned to pre-construction conditions. In those cases where potential public access is opened by construction routes, SDG&E shall create barriers or fences to prevent public access and patrol construction routes to prevent vandalized access and litter clean-up until all vegetation removed returns to its pre-project state. SDG&E shall submit final construction and restoration plans demonstrating compliance with this measure to the BLM and CPUC, as well as Forest Service and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (as appropriate), for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction.
	 (V-2b) SDG&E shall submit final construction and restoration plans demonstrating compliance with this measure to the BLM and CPUC, as well as Forest Service and Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (as appropriate), for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	All grading sites for access roads, spur roads, and ancillary faculties.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review construction and restoration plans prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of unnatural vegetation lines will be minimized and the resulting visual contrast will be minimal.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— V-2c: Reduce color contrast of land scars on non-Forest lands. For non-USFS- administered land areas where views of land scars from sensitive public viewing locations are unavoidable, disturbed soils shall be treated with Eonite or similar treatments to reduce the visual contrast created by the lighter-colored disturbed soils with the darker vegetated surroundings (Eonite and Permeon are commercially available chemical treatments that "age" or oxidize rock and are used specifically for coloring concrete or rock surfaces to tone down glare and contrast and simulate naturally occurring desert varnish). SDG&E will consult with the Authorized Officer (as determined by the CPUC and BLM as appropriate) on a site-by-site basis for the use of Eonite.
	— (V-2c) SDG&E shall submit final construction and restoration plans demonstrating compliance with this measure to the BLM and CPUC, as well as Anza-Borrego Desert State Park (as appropriate), for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	Locations of all land scars that would be visible to the public.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review construction and restoration plans prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of high-contrast colors from exposed soils will be minimized and the resulting visual contrast will be minimal.

Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	V-2d: Construction by helicopter. In those areas where long-term land-scarring and vegetation clearance impacts would be visible to sensitive public viewing locations, or where construction would occur on slopes over 15 percent, SDG&E will consult with the Authorized Officer and appropriate land management agency, on a site-by-site basis regarding the use of helicopter construction techniques and the prohibition of access and spur roads. Agency consultations must be conducted and approvals received at least 120 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	Locations of all land scars that would be visible to the public or where construction would occur on slopes over 15 percent.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review construction and restoration plans prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of high-contrast colors from exposed soils will be minimized and the resulting visual contrast will be minimal.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	V-2f: Reduce land scarring and vegetation clearance impacts on USFS-administered lands. Vegetation within the right of way and ground clearing at the foot of each tower and between towers will be limited to the clearing necessary to comply with electrical safety and fire clearance requirements. Mitigation will be incorporated to reduce the total visual impact of all vegetation clearing performed for the power line (USFS Scenery Conservation Plan). CPUC and USFS to review Scenery Conservation Plan at least 120 days prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Location	Locations of all land scars and vegetation clearance on USFS – administered lands.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and USFS to review Scenery Conservation Plan prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of high-contrast colors from exposed soils will be minimized and the resulting visual contrast will be minimal.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, USFS
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
MITIGATION MEASURE	 V-3a: Reduce visual contrast of towers and conductors. The following design measures shall be applied to all new structure locations, conductors, and re-conductored spans, in order to reduce the degree of visual contrast caused by the new towers and conductors: All new conductors and re-conductored spans are to be non-specular in design in order to reduce conductor visibility and visual contrast. All proposed new access roads shall be evaluated for their visibility from sensitive viewing locations prior to final design. Sensitive viewing locations have been defined by Cleveland National Forest as campgrounds, trailheads, trails, wilderness areas, backcountry roads, heavily traveled roads, and overlooks. Access roads of concern are those that would be visible as they directly approach existing or proposed towers in a straight line from locations immediately downhill of the structures. Prior to final design, SDG&E shall consult with a visual resources specialist representing the CPUC and BLM and a qualified biologist to identify the following: Definition of towers with sensitive viewing areas from which visibility of access roads are not used. Define habitat affected and steepness of terrain for consideration of habitat and erosion impacts. The biologist and visual resources specialist shall confirm that the overall impacts of the alternate access road are less than that of the original access road cases (i.e., no grading or vegetation removal is required). If this means of access is to be used, SDG&E shall define frequency of driving and vehicle types such that a biologist confirms that vegetation would be likely to recover. A table shall be submitted to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before the start of construction to document towers for which this measure is applied, and the proposed resolution for each tower (i.e., retain straight line roads due to greater impacts from alternative routes, use "drive and crush" accees, or develop alternat	
Location	Applies to all tower locations and route segments.	
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review Project Design Plan prior to start of construction and verify imple- mentation following construction.	
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of visual contrast from towers and conductor spans will be minimized. Asyn- chronous tower spans will be minimized.	
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands	
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.	
Status		
Review / Approval Status		

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	 V-7a: Reduce visual contrast associated with ancillary facilities. SDG&E shall submit to BLM and CPUC a Surface Treatment Plan describing the application of colors and textures to all new facility structures, buildings, walls, fences, and components comprising all ancillary facilities including substations. The Surface Treatment Plan must reduce glare and minimize visual intrusion and contrast by blending the facilities with the landscape. The Treatment Plan shall be submitted to BLM and CPUC for approval at least 90 days prior to (a) ordering the first structures that are to be color treated during manufacture, or (b) construction of any of the ancillary facility component, whichever comes first. If the BLM or CPUC notifies SDG&E that revisions to the Plan are needed before the Plan can be approved, within 30 days of receiving that notification, SDG&E shall prepare and submit for review and approval a revised Plan. The Surface Treatment Plan shall include: Specification, and 11" x 17" color simulations at life size scale, of the treatment proposed for
	 A list of each major project structure, building, tower and/or pole, and fencing specifying the color(s) and finish proposed for each (colors must be identified by name and by vendor brand or a universal designation)
	• Two sets of brochures and/or color chips for each proposed color
	A detailed schedule for completion of the treatment
	• A procedure to ensure proper treatment maintenance for the life of the project.
	— (V-7a) SDG&E shall not specify to the vendors the treatment of any buildings or structures treated during manufacture, or perform the final treatment on any buildings or structures treated onsite, until SDG&E receives notification of approval of the Treatment Plan by the BLM and CPUC. Within 30 days following the start of commercial operation, SDG&E shall notify the BLM and CPUC that all buildings and structures are ready for inspection.
Location	Applies to all permanent ancillary facilities including substations and switchyards.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review Surface Treatment Plan prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of visual contrast from ancillary facilities will be minimized and facilities will blend with the landscape to the extent feasible.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	V-7b: Screen ancillary facilities. SDG&E shall provide a Screening Plan for screening vegetation, walls, and fences that reduces visibility of ancillary facilities (except Imperial Valley Substation) and helps the facility blend in with the landscape. The use of berms to facilitate project screening may also be incorporated into the Plan. SDG&E shall submit the Plan to the BLM and CPUC for review and approval at least 90 days prior to installing the landscape screening. If the BLM or CPUC notifies SDG&E that revisions to the Plan are needed before the Plan can be approved, within 30 days of receiving that notification, SDG&E shall prepare and submit for review and approval a revised Plan. The plan shall include but not necessarily be limited to:
	• An 11" x 17" color simulation of the proposed landscaping at 5 years
	 A plan view to scale depicting the project and the location of screening elements A detailed list of any plants to be used; their size and age at planting; the expected time to maturity, and the expected height at five years and at maturity
	— (V-7b) SDG&E shall complete installation of the screening prior to the start of project operation. SDG&E shall notify the BLM and CPUC within seven days after completing installation of the screening, that the screening components are ready for inspection.
Location	Applies to all permanent ancillary facilities including substations and switchyards.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review Screening Plan prior to start of construction and verify implementation following construction.

Responsible Agency Timing Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE	The occurrence of visual contrast from ancillary facilities will be minimized and facilities will blend with the landscape to the extent feasible. CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands Pre-, during and post construction. - V-21a: Reduce night lighting impacts. SDG&E shall design and install all permanent lighting such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
Timing Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE	Pre-, during and post construction. — V-21a: Reduce night lighting impacts. SDG&E shall design and install all permanent lighting such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE	— V-21a: Reduce night lighting impacts. SDG&E shall design and install all permanent lighting such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE	such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
MITIGATION MEASURE	such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
	such that light bulbs and reflectors are not visible from public viewing areas; lighting does not cause reflected glare; and illumination of the project facilities, vicinity, and nighttime sky is minimized.
	 (V-21) SDG&E shall submit a Lighting Mitigation Plan to the CPUC for review and approval at least 90 days prior to ordering any permanent exterior lighting fixtures or components. SDG&E shall not order any exterior lighting fixtures or components until the Lighting Mitigation Plan is approved by the CPUC. The Plan shall include but is not necessarily limited to the following: Lighting shall be designed so exterior light fixtures are hooded, with lights directed downward or toward the area to be illuminated and so that backscatter to the nighttime sky is minimized. The design of the lighting shall be such that the luminescence or light sources is shielded to prevent light trespass outside the project boundary All lighting shall be of minimum necessary brightness consistent with worker safety High illumination areas not occupied on a continuous basis shall have switches or motion detectors to light the area only when occupied.
Location	Applies to all permanent ancillary facilities including substations, switchyards, series capacitor banks, and optical repeater stations.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review Lighting Mitigation Plan prior to start of construction and verify imple- mentation following construction.
,	Light bulbs and reflectors at Construction yards and staging areas would not be visible from public viewing areas and night lighting would not cause reflected glare and illumination beyond the construction site and into the nighttime sky.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM on BLM-administered lands
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1.	Mitigation Measures	and Applicant Prop	oosed Measures – P	re-Construction

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MITIGATION MEASURE	 V-45a Prepare and implement Scenery Conservation Plan. Within one year after license issuance, or prior to any ground disturbing activities, the Licensee shall file with the Commission a Scenery Conservation Plan that is approved by the Forest Service. The purpose of this Scenery Conservation Plan is to identify specific actions that will minimize the project's visible disturbance to the naturally established scenery and to establish final direction to best achieve the spirit and intent of the Scenic Integrity Objectives of the Cleveland National Forest Land and Resource Management Plan. To achieve the greatest consistency with the Scenic Integrity Objectives, the project shall detail and integrate the following design recommendations into the Scenery Conservation Plan: Power Line and Support Towers. Transmission lines shall be nonspecular (nonreflective) and
	neutral in coloration. Support towers shall be custom-colored with a flat, non-reflective finish, to visually blend with native vegetation colors to appear as visually transparent as possible within the natural landscape pattern. Towers shall be designed to minimize their visual prominence and contrast to the natural landscape.
	• Distance Zones. The Applicant shall consult with the Forest Service on tower design for any approved route on Forest lands and implement tower styles in accordance with agency direction. In general, the USFS requires that support towers within approximately one mile of sensitive primary viewpoints and without a backdrop be a monopole design with a simple, clean and less industrial appearance and support towers viewed beyond one mile from sensitive viewpoints or only at distance be lattice towers.
	• Vegetation Clearing. Vegetation within the right of way and ground clearing at the foot of each tower and between towers will be limited to the clearing necessary to comply with electrical safety and fire clearance requirements. Mitigation will be incorporated to reduce the total visual impact of all vegetation clearing performed for the power line.
	• Roads. No new access or spur roads, or improvements (reconstruction/expansion) to existing roads are to be constructed in the following areas: (1) where ground slopes exceed 15%, or (2) on Forest lands subject to a HIGH Scenic Integrity Objective (SIO) where the new access or spur road would be visible from primary travel (paved) roads or the Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail, regardless of ground slope. Existing roads needing reconstruction/expansion on other areas of the forest shall be configured to minimize the creation of cut/fill slopes. Where such slopes are created, they shall be immediately treated to minimize their level of scenery disturbance. These treatments may include construction of structural elements designed to blend with the adjacent natural scenery, or revegetation with native species.
	• Structures. All structures and structural elements, that may be constructed as part of the project shall be designed, located, shaped, textured, colored and/or screened as necessary to minimize their visual contrast, blend, and complement the adjacent forest and community architectural character.
	• Evaluation of Effects. The Licensee may be required to provide photorealistic visual simulations of proposed designs and mitigation measures to demonstrate their effectiveness in achieving Land and Resource Management Plan Scenic Integrity Objectives as viewed from sensitive viewsheds.
	• Off-Site Mitigation. Where project features create unavoidable and permanent negative scenery effects that are inconsistent with CNF Plan Scenic Integrity Objectives, additional scenery enhancement activities approved by the Forest Service shall be performed in the nearest suitable areas in new viewsheds agreeable to the Forest shall be purchased and assigned to the Forest for its stewardship.
Location	Applies to all tower locations, facilities, and route segments within Cleveland National Forest Lands.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CNF to review Scenery Conservation Plan within one year after license issuance, or prior to any ground disturbing activities.
Effectiveness Criteria	The occurrence of visual contrast from towers and conductor spans will be minimized. Asynchronous tower spans will be minimized.
Responsible Agency	CNF
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.

Status	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	V-66a: Reduce structural prominence and visual contrast associated with the Interstate 8/Chocolate Canyon transition structures. In order to reduce the structural prominence and visual contrast associated with the Interstate 8/Chocolate Canyon transition structures, SDG&E shall reconsider the location of the transition structures and attempt to lower their height by either relocating the next tower to shorten the span, or by moving the transition structures further downslope. This measure shall be implemented by SDG&E's submittal of a memo to the CPUC for review and approval that documents its attempts to fine-tune the location of the transition structures, as well as the submittal of final construction plans for review and approval at least 120 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	Applies to the Chocolate Canyon Option.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC to review and approve SDG&E's fine-tuning of the location of the transition structures and final construction plants 120 days prior to start of construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	The visibility of the Chocolate Canyon Option transition structures will be substantially reduced.
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	V-68a: Eliminate skylining of ridgeline towers and conductors. In order to eliminate the skylin- ing of ridgeline towers and conductors, the ridgeline towers shall be relocated to elevations suffi- ciently low on the ridge to eliminate structure skylining when viewed from Moreno Boulevard, SR67, and residences on the slopes west of SR67. SDG&E shall submit final construction plans demon- strating compliance with this measure to the CPUC for review and approval at least 120 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	Applies to the Interstate 8 Alternative.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC to review and approve SDG&E final construction plans at least 120 days prior to the start of construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Structure skylining when viewed from Moreno Boulevard, SR67, will be substantially reduced.
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
VR-APM-1	At highway, canyon, and trail crossings, structures shall be placed at the maximum feasible distance from the crossing to reduce visual impacts as long as other significant resources are not negatively affected. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along highway, canyon, and trail crossing.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
VR-APM-3	Where the line parallels existing transmission lines, the spacing of structures shall match the existing transmission structures, where feasible, to minimize visual effects. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area where the line parallels existing transmission lines (e.g. MP I8-0 to MP I8-35)
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

VR-APM-4	No paint or permanent discoloring agents will be applied to rocks or vegetation to indicate survey or construction activity limits. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
VR-APM-5	Transmission line structures will not be installed directly in front of residences or in direct line-of- sight from a residence where possible. SDG&E will consult with affected property owners on structure siting to reduce land use and visual impacts. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area near residences.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
VR-APM-6	In scenic view areas as designated by land management agencies, structures would be placed to avoid sensitive features and/or allow conductor to clearly span the features, within limits of standard design where possible. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area in scenic view areas.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— L-1a: Prepare Construction Notification Plan. Forty-five days prior to construction, SDG&E shall prepare and submit a Construction Notification Plan to the CPUC and the BLM for approval. The Plan shall identify the procedures SDG&E will use to inform property and business owners of the location and duration of construction, identify approvals that are needed prior to posting or publication of construction notices, and include text of proposed public notices and advertisements. The plan shall address at a minimum the following components:
	• Public notice mailer. A public notice mailer shall be prepared and mailed no less than 15 days prior to construction. The notice shall identify construction activities that would restrict, block, or require a detour to access existing residential properties, retail and commercial businesses, wilderness and recreation facilities, and public facilities (e.g., schools and memorial parks). The notice shall state the type of construction activities that will be conducted, and the location and duration of construction, including all helicopter activities. SDG&E shall mail the notice to all residents or property owners within 1,000 feet of the right-of-way, any property owners or tenants that could be impacted by construction. If construction delays of more than seven days occur, an additional notice shall be prepared and distributed.
	 (L-1a) Newspaper advertisements. Fifteen days prior to construction, within a route segment, notices shall be placed in local newspapers and bulletins, including Spanish language newspapers and bulletins. The notice shall state when and where construction will occur and provide information on the public liaison person and hotline identified below. If construction is delayed for more than seven days, an additional round of newspaper notices shall be placed to discuss the status and schedule of construction.

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction (L-1a) • Public venue notices. Thirty days prior to construction, notice of constructi public venues such as trail crossings, rest stops, desert centers, resource (e.g., Bureau of Land Management field offices, Anza-Borrego Desert Stal campgrounds, Cleveland National Forest Ranger Stations), and other pub residents and visitors to the purpose and schedule of construction activitie closures, SDG&E shall post information on the trail detour at applicable re offices and post the notice on the trail within two miles of the detour. For renotice shall be posted along the access routes to known recreational desti restricted, blocked, or detoured and shall provide information on alternativ may be used during the closure of these facilities. (L-1a) • Public liaison person and toll-free information hotline. SDG&E shall identify liaison person before and during construction disturbance. Procedures liaison officer via telephone or in person shall be included in notices distrib SDG&E shall also establish a toll-free telephone number for receiving que during construction and shall develop procedures for responding to callers handling and responding to calls shall be addressed in the Construction N Location Construction activity in all segments. Monitoring / Reporting Action CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E submits Construction Notification F complete notification and public inquiry process. Effectiveness Criteria Residents, landowners and others potentially impacted are informed of cons procedures are established and documented for taking and responding to call	management offices te Park offices and lic venues to inform es. For public trail source management ecreation facilities, the inations that would be re recreation areas that y and provide a public eighboring property for reaching the public buted to the public. estions or complaints s. Procedures for lotification Plan.
 Public venue notices. Thirty days prior to construction, notice of construction public venues such as trail crossings, rest stops, desert centers, resource (e.g., Bureau of Land Management field offices, Anza-Borrego Desert Static campgrounds, Cleveland National Forest Ranger Stations), and other public venues, SDG&E shall post information on the trail detour at applicable resource shall be posted along the access routes to known recreational destirestricted, blocked, or detoured and shall provide information on alternativ may be used during the closure of these facilities. — (L-1a) Public liaison person and toll-free information hotline. SDG&E shall identific liaison person before and during construction disturbance. Procedures liaison officer via telephone or in person shall be included in notices distrib SDG&E shall also establish a toll-free telephone number for receiving que during construction activity in all segments. CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E submits Construction Notification F complete notification and public inquiry process. Effectiveness Criteria 	management offices te Park offices and lic venues to inform es. For public trail source management ecreation facilities, the inations that would be re recreation areas that y and provide a public eighboring property for reaching the public buted to the public. estions or complaints s. Procedures for lotification Plan.
 Public liaison person and toll-free information hotline. SDG&E shall identify liaison person before and during construction to respond to concerns of ne owners about noise, dust, and other construction disturbance. Procedures liaison officer via telephone or in person shall be included in notices distrib SDG&E shall also establish a toll-free telephone number for receiving que during construction and shall develop procedures for responding to callers handling and responding to calls shall be addressed in the Construction N Location Construction activity in all segments. Monitoring / Reporting Action CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E submits Construction Notification F complete notification and public inquiry process. Effectiveness Criteria Residents, landowners and others potentially impacted are informed of consprocedures are established and documented for taking and responding to construction of the submits of the submit of the su	eighboring property s for reaching the public buted to the public. estions or complaints s. Procedures for lotification Plan.
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Action complete notification and public inquiry process. Effectiveness Criteria Residents, landowners and others potentially impacted are informed of consprocedures are established and documented for taking and responding to construct the statement of t	Plan, which identifies
procedures are established and documented for taking and responding to co	
Responsible Agency CPUC; BLM EI Centro Field Office.	
Timing Pre- and during construction.	
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE L-1c: Coordinate with MCAS Miramar. At least 90 days before constructio vide all required project engineering details to MCAS Miramar for review and provided shall include access roads to be used, expanded, or added. Inform completed and authorized FAR Part 77 evaluations (Form 7460-1) for all object Horizontal Surface (978 Ft AMSL) at MCAS Miramar. SDG&E shall provide with evidence of its coordination with MCAS Miramar at least 60 days prior to to When any towers are to be removed on MCAS Miramar, all portions of the to removed. Cutting poles and leaving buried portions is not acceptable on MC	d approval. Information hation shall also include cts exceeding the Outer the CPUC and BLM the start of construction. owers/poles shall be
Location Construction activity within MCAS Miramar.	
Monitoring / Reporting CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E coordinates with MCAS Miramar. Action	
Effectiveness Criteria SDG&E submits documentation of its coordination with MCAS Miramar.	
Responsible Agency CPUC; BLM EI Centro Field Office.	
Timing Pre- and during construction.	
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
MITIGATION MEASURE	— L-2b: Revise project elements to minimize land use conflicts. At least 90 days prior to completing final transmission line design for the approved route, SDG&E shall notify landowners of parcels through which the alignment would pass regarding the specific location of the ROW, individual towers, staging areas, pull sites, access roads, or other facilities associated with the project that would occur on the subject property or within 1,000 feet of the property. The notified parties shall be provided at least 30 days in which to identify conflicts with any existing structures or planned development on the subject property and to work with SDG&E to identify potential reroutes of the alignment that would be mutually acceptable to SDG&E and the landowner. Property owners whose land may be divided into potentially uneconomic parcels shall be afforded this same opportunity, even if development plans have not been established. SDG&E shall endeavor to accommodate these reroutes only to the extent that they are reasonable and feasible, do not create a substantial increase in cost, and do not create adverse impacts to resources or to other properties that would be greater in magnitude than impacts that would occur from construction and operation of the alignment as originally planned.	
	— (L-2b) At or before the time property owners are notified and based on SDG&E's own review of the alignment and facilities, SDG&E shall provide CPUC and BLM a written report identifying properties that are suspected of having a land use conflict as described above. This report shall identify and characterize existing buildings within the ROW and residences or occupied structures within or adjacent to the ROW, with which the alignment or other permanent facilities may conflict.	
	— (L-2b) SDG&E shall provide a written report to the CPUC and BLM providing evidence of the notice provided to landowners and copies of any responses to the notice within 30 days of the notice closing date for responses. SDG&E shall also identify in the documentation submitted to CPUC and BLM whether reroutes recommended by the landowner or SDG&E can be accommodated. Where they cannot be accommodated, the reasons shall be provided. SDG&E shall provide information sufficient for the CPUC and BLM to determine that the reroute creates no more adverse impact than the originally planned alignment location. SDG&E shall include environmental information consistent with that required for a Variance (as defined in Section I, Mitigation Monitoring). Where a reroute is proposed, the CPUC and BLM will review and agree to accept or reject individual reroutes. CPUC and BLM also may recommend compromise reroutes for any of the parcels for which responses were provided to SDG&E in a timely fashion.	
	- (L-2b) The following specific modifications shall be developed by SDG&E, following the procedures defined above:	
	Interstate 8 Alternative: MP I8-87 through I8-89.5, High Meadow Ranch. The initial alignment shall be shifted approximately 200 feet to the west, downslope, in order to minimize visual effects of the towers on the development. See Figure Ap.11C-56 for map of this area.	
	Interstate 8 Alternative: MP I8-92 to I8-92.7, Private home. The alignment shall be shifted to the east side of Highway 67, to a point just south of the Preserve parking lot, where the alignment would cross Highway 67 to join the Proposed Project route. See Figure Ap.11C-57 for map of this area. Star Valley Option Revision: SDG&E shall work with affected landowners to refine the route in order to minimize effects on private properties along Star Valley Road.	
Location	Along Interstate 8 Alternative and other Alternatives along the SWPL corridor	
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Confirm receipt of notice and results prior to final design	
Effectiveness Criteria	Provision of a report indicating contents of notice, distribution of notice, and any responses and their resolution.	
Responsible Agency	CPUC and BLM	
Timing	Pre- and during construction.	
Status		
Review / Approval Status		
LU-APM-1	SDG&E will provide advance notice to residents, property owners, and tenants within 300 feet of construction activities and will appoint a public affairs officer to address public concerns or questions. (SDG&E)	
Location	Entire project area where residences are within 300 feet.	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-2	Place new transmission structures more than 330 feet from an existing residence to the extent feasible. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area near existing residences.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-4	To facilitate access to properties obstructed by construction activities, SDG&E will notify property owners and tenants in advance of construction activities. Provide alternative access if feasible. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-5	To remedy encroachment and safety conflicts with irrigation canals and flood management structures during construction, SDG&E will coordinate construction activities with appropriate water management representatives. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along irrigation canals and flood management structures.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	· · · · ·
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-6	The limits of construction activities within and outside the ROW will typically be predetermined, with activity restricted to and confined within those limits. The ROW boundary and limits of construction activity inside and outside the ROW will be flagged in environmentally sensitive areas to alert construction personnel that those areas should be minimize or avoided. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-7	To the extent feasible, project facilities would be installed along the edges or borders of private property, open space parks, and recreation areas. When it is not feasible to locate project facilities along property borders, SDG&E would consult with affected property owners to identify facility locations that create the least potential impact to property and are mutually acceptable to property owners to the extent feasible. SDG&E would pay just compensation to affected property owners based upon the impact to the property caused by the facility locations identified by SDG&E. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-8	SDG&E will continue its current coordination efforts with the Counties of Imperial and San Diego General Plan Updates and the City of San Diego General Plan Updates to include the Proposed Project in their respective General Plans. (SDG&E)
Location	San Diego and Imperial Counties and the City of San Diego
Timing	Pre- and during construction.

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-9	SDG&E would obtain all necessary and/or appropriate ministerial land use permits. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
LU-APM-10	SDG&E will match structure locations with existing transmission facilities where feasible and appropriate. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	 WR-1a: Coordinate construction schedule and activities with the authorized officer for the recreation area. No less than 60 days prior to construction, SDG&E shall coordinate construction activities and the project construction schedule with the authorized officer for the recreation areas listed below. SDG&E shall schedule construction activities to avoid heavy recreational use periods in coordination with and at the discretion of the authorized officer. SDG&E shall locate construction equipment to avoid temporary preclusion of recreation areas in accordance with the recommendation of the authorized officer. SDG&E shall document its coordination efforts with the authorized officer and provide this documentation to the CPUC, BLM, and affected park jurisdictions at least 30 days prior to construction. BLM Dunaway Camp Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail (County of San Diego Regional Trail) Trans-County Trail (County of San Diego Regional Trail) Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail (County of San Diego Regional Trail) California Riding and Hiking Trail (County of San Diego Regional Trail) Sycamore Canyon Open Space Preserve Mission Trails Regional Park
Location	Construction activity in or adjacent to the recreation areas listed above.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, BLM, and affected park jurisdictions verify that SDG&E submits documentation of coordination efforts with the authorized officers for the listed recreation areas.
Effectiveness Criteria	Construction activities are scheduled to avoid heavy recreational use periods; construction equipment is located to avoid temporary preclusion of recreation areas.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM; affected park jurisdictions.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
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MITIGATION MEASURE	 WR-1b: Provide temporary detours for trail users. No less than 60 days prior to construction, SDG&E shall coordinate with the authorized officer of the trails listed below to establish temporary detours of the trails to avoid construction area hazards, if the trail is deemed unsafe to use during construction. Should new trail segments be constructed as detours during construction, the temporary new trail segments would be sited to avoid sensitive resources, in coordination with the authorized officer of the trail or recreation area, and would be restored to pre-construction condition by SDG&E when SRPL construction is complete, if required by the authorized officer of the trail or recreation area. SDG&E shall post a public notice of the temporary trail closure and information on the trail detour. SDG&E shall document its coordination efforts with the authorized officer and submit this documentation to the CPUC, BLM, and affected park jurisdictions at least 30 days prior to construction. Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail Trans-County Trail Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail California Riding and Hiking Trail Mission Trails Regional Park (Fortuna, Rim, and Quarry Loop Trails)
Location	Construction activity in or adjacent to the trails listed above.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, BLM, and affected park jurisdictions verify that SDG&E submits documentation of coordina tion efforts with the authorized officers of the listed trails.
Effectiveness Criteria	Temporary detours of the trails are established to avoid construction area hazards; temporary new trail segments are sited to avoid sensitive resources and restored to pre-construction condition when construction is complete; public is notified of trail closures and detours.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM; affected park jurisdictions.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	 WR-1c: Coordinate with local agencies to identify alternative recreation areas. SDG&E shall coordinate with the authorized officer for the applicable federal, State, or local parks and recreational facilities listed below at least 60 days before construction in order to identify alternative recreation facilities that may be used by the public during construction. SDG&E shall post a public notice at recreation facilities that are to be closed or where access would be limited during project construction SDG&E shall document its coordination efforts with the parks and recreation departments and provide this document at coordination efforts with the parks and recreation departments and provide this documentation to the CPUC, BLM, and all affected park jurisdictions 30 days prior to construction. BLM Dunaway Camp Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail Trans-County Trail Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail Sycamore Canyon Open Space Preserve Mission Trails Regional Park
Location	Construction activity in all segments.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, BLM, and affected park jurisdictions verify that SDG&E submits documentation of coordination efforts with the authorized officers of the listed parks and recreational facilities.
Effectiveness Criteria	Alternative recreation facilities are identified for use by public during construction; public notice is posted at recreation facilities that are closed or have limited access during construction.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM; affected park jurisdictions.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

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	WR-2a. Develop a reroute for the BCD Alternative Revision to reduce effects on recreation. SDG&E shall relocate the overhead 500 kV transmission line along the southern boundary of JAM properties as shown in Figure E.2.1-b to shorten the route and minimize effects on BLM land, Forest land, and private property. This reroute and its ground-disturbing components shall avoid Back Country Non-Motorized land use zones of the Cleveland National Forest, while also minimizing towers and disturbance on private property. SDG&E shall submit a memo to the CPUC for review and approval that documents its attempts to fine-tune the location of the BCD Alternative Revision, as well as the submittal of final construction plans for review and approval at least 120 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	BCD Alternative Revision
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Memo and final construction plans to CPUC
Effectiveness Criteria	A reroute is developed that minimizes impacts to Back Country Non-Motorized zones and towers/disturbance on private lands
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM; USFS
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— WR-3a: Coordinate tower and road locations with the authorized officer for the recreation area. Where the Proposed Project crosses the recreation areas listed below, SDG&E shall coordinate with the authorized officer for the recreation area to determine specific tower site and spur road locations in order to minimize impacts to recreational resources. If it is not feasible to site structures outside of a park/preserve, compensation shall be required for permanent impacts (i.e., structure footings, access roads not dually used as trails) to park/preserve land at a 1:1 ratio. However, this mitigation measure is superseded by biological resource Mitigation Measure B-1a, which specifies restoration and compensation ratios for affected vegetation. In cases where the impacts to recreational resources occur on lands already in use as mitigation for other projects, the mitigation ratios shall be doubled, as is standard practice in San Diego County.
	— (WR-3a) In consultation with the authorized officer of the trail or recreation area, access roads shall not be located on trails (e.g., PCT, Trans-County Trail) unless the authorized officer determines that the construction of new access roads would result in greater impacts than modifying the trail for use as an access road. If it is not feasible to site transmission structures off of a trail, SDG&E shall provide full funding for relocation of trail segments, including planning and trail construction, at location(s) identified by the authorized officer of the trail or recreation area. Trail segment relocation shall maintain the connectivity of regional and community trails.
	 - (WR-3a) This coordination shall occur no less than 60 days prior to the start of construction. SDG&E shall document its coordination with the authorized officer and shall submit this documentation to the CPUC, BLM, and ABDSP, at least 30 days prior to project construction. Juan Bautista de Anza National Historic Trail Cleveland National Forest Trans-County Trail Pacific Crest National Scenic Trail California Riding and Hiking Trail San Vicente Highlands Open Space Preserve
Location	Central Link; Anza-Borrego Link; Inland Valley Link
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, BLM, and ABDSP verify that SDG&E submits documentation of coordination efforts with the authorized officers of the listed recreation areas.
Effectiveness Criteria	Tower sites and spur road locations minimize impacts to recreation resources; roads are not located on trails unless there would be greater impacts from doing otherwise.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and ABDSP.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.

Status	
Review / Approval Status	
R-APM-2a	Advance notice of restriction of conflicts with access routes to recreational use areas will be provided. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area near recreational use areas.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
R-APM-2c	SDG&E will coordinate all construction activities, including temporary trail closures, affecting the parklands and trail systems of San Diego and Imperial Counties with the counties' Parks and Recreation Department and the California State Parks Department (for ABDSP), respectively, before construction begins in these areas. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area near parklands and trail systems.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
R-APM-2e	Signs advising recreation users of construction activities and directing them to alternative trails or bikeways will be posted on both sides of all trail intersections or as determined through SDG&E's coordination with the respective jurisdictional agencies. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area near recreational use areas.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
R-APM-3a	Construction-related traffic shall be restricted to routes approved by the authorized agencies. New access roads or cross-county vehicle travel will not be permitted on ABDSP or state lands unless prior written approval is given by the authorized ABDSP officer. Authorized roads used by the project shall be rehabilitated when construction activities are complete as coordinated with California State Parks. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	AG-1a: Avoid interference with agricultural operations. The Applicant shall coordinate with property owners and tenants to ensure that project construction will be conducted so as to avoid or minimize interference with agricultural operations. Agricultural operations include, but are not limited to, the use of farm vehicles and equipment, access to property; water delivery, drainage, and irrigation. This shall occur sixty (60) days prior to the start of project construction.
Location	Locations where the project could interfere with agricultural operations
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitors verify that signed agreements between SDG&E and affected landowners have been submitted, and ensure that construction schedules occur during time periods agreed upon in the agreement and that agreed upon restoration occurs.
Effectiveness Criteria	Affected landowners are in agreement with construction activities
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM Offices
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	AG-1c: Coordinate with grazing operators. SDG&E shall coordinate with grazing operators to ensure that agricultural productivity and animal welfare are maintained both during and after construction to the maximum extent feasible. Coordination efforts will address issues including, but not necessarily limited to:
	• Interference with access to water (e.g., provide alternate methods for livestock access to water)
	 Impairment of cattle movements (e.g., provide alternate routes; reconfigure fencing/gates)
	 Removal and replacement of fencing (e.g., during construction install temporary fencing/barriers, as appropriate, and following construction restore equal or better fencing to that which was removed or damaged)
	 Impacts to facilities such as corrals and watering structures, as well as related effects such as ingress/egress, and management activities (e.g., replacement of damaged/removed facilities in kind; provide alternate access)
	This shall occur Sixty (60) days prior to the start of project construction and Thirty (30) days after construction on each property.
Location	Locations where the project could interfere with grazing operations
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Verify coordination has taken place and an agreement has been reached.
Effectiveness Criteria	Coordination has been conducted with appropriate landowners or tenants and reasonable procedures to implement the mitigation measure have been agreed to by all parties.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM Offices
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	AG-3b: Consult with and inform aerial applicators. The Applicant shall consult with landowners and the County Farm Bureaus to determine which aerial applicators operate in the county. The Applicant shall provide written notification to all aerial applicators working in the county and to the CPUC stating when and where the new transmission lines and towers will be erected. The Applicant shall also provide all aerial applicators, the County Farm Bureaus, and the CPUC with aerial photos or topographic maps clearly showing the new lines and towers in relation to agricultural lands. This shall occur Sixty (60) days prior to erection of any structure that could affect aerial applicator
	operations.
Location	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations.
Location Monitoring / Reporting Action	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy
Monitoring / Reporting	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been
Monitoring / Reporting Action	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented.
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas.
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing Status	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing Status Review / Approval Status	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM Pre-construction. 1. Farmers will be compensated for losses of crops along ROW based upon a professional appraisal. 2. Construction activities in croplands will be scheduled to minimize or avoid planting, growing, and
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing Status Review / Approval Status LU-APM-3	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM Pre-construction. 1. Farmers will be compensated for losses of crops along ROW based upon a professional appraisal. 2. Construction activities in croplands will be scheduled to minimize or avoid planting, growing, and harvesting seasons to the extent feasible. (SDG&E)
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing Status Review / Approval Status LU-APM-3 Location	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM Pre-construction. 1. Farmers will be compensated for losses of crops along ROW based upon a professional appraisal. 2. Construction activities in croplands will be scheduled to minimize or avoid planting, growing, and harvesting seasons to the extent feasible. (SDG&E) Entire project area near agriculture lands.
Monitoring / Reporting Action Effectiveness Criteria Responsible Agency Timing Status Review / Approval Status LU-APM-3 Location Timing	operations. Locations where changes to the existing environment could result in interference with dairy operations. Verify coordination has taken place and actions called for in Mitigation Measure AG-3b have been implemented. Communications have been provided to all aerial applicators operating in affected areas. CPUC, BLM Pre-construction. 1. Farmers will be compensated for losses of crops along ROW based upon a professional apprais 2. Construction activities in croplands will be scheduled to minimize or avoid planting, growing, a harvesting seasons to the extent feasible. (SDG&E) Entire project area near agriculture lands.

Table G-1. Mitigation M	Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
MITIGATION MEASURE	 C-1a: Inventory and evaluate cultural resources in Final Area of Potential Effect (APE). Prior to construction and all other surface disturbing activities, the Applicant shall have conducted and submitted for approval by the BLM and CPUC an inventory of cultural resources within the project's final Areas of Potential Effect.* This survey shall supplement inventories conducted for the EIS/EIR and shall satisfy Section 106 requirements for inventory of historic properties within all Areas of Potential Effect. The nature and extent of this inventory shall be determined by the BLM and CPUC in consultation with the appropriate State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) and other land-managing agencies (e.g., Anza-Borrego Desert State Park, U.S. Forest Service, Bureau of Indian Affairs, etc.) and shall be based upon project engineering specifications and in accordance with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards and Guidelines (Secretary's Standards) (36 CFR 61). (* Area of Potential Effect is the horizontal and vertical extent of anticipated impacts that could affect historic properties. This includes direct impacts (physical disturbance from any project activity during or after construction) and indirect impacts, such as noise, vibration, visual intrusion, or erosion.) 		
	— (C-1a) A report documenting results of this inventory shall be filed with appropriate State repositories and local governments. As part of the inventory report, the Applicant shall evaluate the significance of all potentially affected cultural resources on the basis of surface observations Evaluations shall be conducted by professionals meeting the Secretary's Standards and in accordance with those Standards to provide recommendations with regard to their eligibility for the NRHP, CRHR, or local registers. Preliminary determinations of NRHP eligibility will be made by the BLM, in consultation with the CPUC and other appropriate agencies and local governments, and the SHPO.		
	— (C-1a) As part of the inventory, the Applicant shall conduct field surveys of sufficient nature and extent to identify cultural resources that would be affected by tower pad construction, reconductoring activities, trenching for underground transmission lines, access road installation, and transmission line construction and operation. At a minimum, field surveys shall be conducted along newly proposed access roads, new construction yards, new tower sites, and any other projected areas of potential ground disturbance outside of the previously surveyed potential impact areas. Site-specific field surveys also shall be undertaken at all projected areas of impact within the previously surveyed corridor that coincide with previously recorded resource locations. The selected right-of-way and tower locations shall be staked prior to the cultural resource field surveys.		
Location	All locations within potential ground-disturbing activities.		
Monitoring / Reporting Action	BLM, CPUC, ABDSP, and USFS, where applicable, to review inventory findings and eligibility evaluation.		
Effectiveness Criteria	Identification and preliminary evaluation of all resources within areas of potential ground disturbance.		
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC; ABDSP and USFS where applicable.		
Timing	Pre-construction.		
Status			
Review / Approval Status			
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-1b: Avoid and protect potentially significant resources. Where feasible, potentially register- eligible resources and register-eligible resources shall be protected from direct project impacts by project redesign; complete avoidance of impacts to such resources shall be the preferred protection strategy. On the basis of preliminary National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) eligibility assess- ments (Mitigation Measure C-1a) or previous determinations of resource eligibility, the BLM and CPUC, in consultation with the SHPO, may request the relocation of the line, ancillary facilities, or temporary facilities or work areas, if any, where relocation would avoid or reduce damage to cultural resource values.		

	— (C-1b) Where the BLM and CPUC, in consultation with the Applicant, decide that potentially NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible cultural resources cannot be protected from direct impacts by project redesign, or that avoidance is not feasible, the Applicant shall undertake additional studies to evaluate the resources' NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligibility and to recommend further mitigative treatment. The nature and extent of this evaluation shall be determined by the BLM in consultation with the CPUC and the SHPO and shall be based upon final project engineering specifications. Evaluations shall be based on surface remains, subsurface testing, archival and ethnographic resources, and in the framework of the historic context and important research questions of the project area. Results of those evaluation studies and recommendations for mitigation of project effects shall be incorporated into a Historic Properties Treatment Plan consistent with Mitigation Measure C-1c (Develop and implement Historic Properties Treatment Plan).
	— (C-1b) All potentially NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible resources (as determined by the BLM and CPUC, in consultation with the SHPO) that will not be affected by direct impacts, but are within 50 feet of direct impact areas shall be designated as Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) to ensure that construction activities do not encroach on site peripheries. Protective fencing, or other markers (after approval by CPUC/BLM), shall be erected and maintained to protect ESAs from inadvertent trespass for the duration of construction in the vicinity. ESAs shall not be identified specifically as cultural resources. A monitoring program shall be developed as part of a Historic Properties Treatment Plan and implemented by the Applicant to ensure the effectiveness of ESA protection (as detailed in Mitigation Measure C-1e).
Location	All locations within ground-disturbing activities with potentially NRHP-eligible resources.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 BLM and CPUC review final construction drawings and rationale for necessity of impacting potentially NRHP-eligible resources. BLM and CPUC review NRHP-eligibility recommendations. BLM forwards NRHP-eligibility determinations to appropriate SHPO. BLM and CPUC verify location and protective measures of all ESAs.
Effectiveness Criteria	Known archaeological resources are not adversely affected by construction activity.
	BLM and CPUC.
Responsible Agency	
Timing Status	Pre- and during construction.
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-1c: Develop and implement Historic Properties Treatment Plan. Upon approval of the inventory report and the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP)-eligibility and CRHR-eligibility evaluations consistent with Mitigation Measures C-1a (Inventory and evaluate cultural resources in Final APE) and C-1b (Avoid and protect potentially significant resources), the Applicant shall prepare and submit for approval a Historic Properties Treatment Plan (HPTP) for register-eligible cultural resources to avoid or mitigate identified potential impacts. Treatment of cultural resources shall follow the procedures established by the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation for compliance with Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act and other appropriate State and local regulations, as explicated in Section D.7.8. Avoidance, recordation, and data recovery will be used as mitigation alternatives; avoidance and protection shall be the preferred strategy. The HPTP shall be submitted to the BLM and CPUC for review and approval.
	— (C-1c) As part of the HPTP, the Applicant shall prepare a research design and a scope of work for evaluation of cultural resources and for data recovery or additional treatment of NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible sites that cannot be avoided. Data recovery on most resources would consist of sample excavation and/or surface artifact collection, and site documentation. A possible exception would be a site where burials, cremations, or sacred features are discovered that cannot be avoided (see Mitigation Measure C-2).
	— (C-1c) The HPTP shall define and map all known NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties in or within 50 feet of all project APEs and shall identify the cultural values that contribute to their NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligibility. The HPTP shall also detail how NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties shall be marked and protected as ESAs (in accordance with Mitigation Measure C-1b) during

	— (C-1c) The HPTP shall also define any additional areas that are considered to be of high-sensitivity for discovery of buried register-eligible cultural resources, including burials, cremations, or sacred features. This sensitivity evaluation shall be conducted by an archaeologist who meets the Secretary's Standards and who takes into account geomorphic setting and surrounding distributions of archaeological deposits. The HPTP shall detail provisions for monitoring construction in these high-sensitivity areas for proper implementation of Mitigation Measures C-1e and C-3a. It shall also detail procedures for halting construction, making appropriate notifications to agencies, officials, and Native Americans, and assessing register-eligibility in the event that unknown cultural resources are discovered during construction. For all unanticipated cultural resource discoveries, the HPTP shall detail the methods, the consultation procedures, and the timelines for assessing register-eligibility, formulating a mitigation plan, and implementing treatment. Mitigation and treatment plans for unanticipated discoveries shall be approved by the BLM and CPUC, other appropriate agencies and local governments, appropriate Native Americans, and the SHPO prior to implementation.
	— (C-1c) The HPTP shall also identify all historic built environment resources (structures, roads, dams, etc.) that would be affected indirectly by visual intrusion of the Proposed Project on qualities that contribute to their register eligibility. Although the current analysis has assessed the potential for indirect visual impacts to previously recorded historic built environment resources within 0.5 miles of the Proposed Project and Alternatives, the HPTP shall include an identification effort focused on identifying any such resources that may not have been previously recorded. The scope of this identification effort shall be in accordance with 36 CFR 800, which requires a reasonable effort to identify potentially NRHP-eligible resources that would be adversely affected by indirect project impacts. The HPTP shall also detail the treatment for each affected resource that will minimize those long-term visual impacts (as detailed in Mitigation Measure C-6a).
	— (C-1c) The HPTP shall include provisions for analysis of data in a regional context, reporting of results within one year of completion of field studies, curation of artifacts (except from private land) and data (maps, field notes, archival materials, recordings, reports, photographs, and analysts' data) at a facility that is approved by BLM, and dissemination of reports to local and State repositories, libraries, and interested professionals. The BLM will retain ownership of artifacts collected from BLM managed lands. The Applicant shall attempt to gain permission for artifacts from privately held land to be curated with the other project collections. The HPTP shall specify that archaeologists and other discipline specialists conducting the studies meet the Secretary's Standards (per 36 CFR 61).
Location	All locations within ground-disturbing activities with potentially NRHP-eligible resources.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 BLM and CPUC review and approve HPTP. BLM conduct required Native American consultation. BLM draft and negotiate appropriate agreement document for appropriate signatures (BLM, SHPOs, Advisory Council on Historic Preservation, Native American Tribes).
Effectiveness Criteria	Known archaeological resources are not adversely affected by construction activity.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-1d: Conduct data recovery to reduce adverse effects. If NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible resources, as determined by the BLM and SHPO, cannot be protected from direct impacts of the Proposed Project, data-recovery investigations shall be conducted by the Applicant to reduce adverse effects to the characteristics of each property that contribute to its NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligibility. For sites eligible under Criterion (d), significant data would be recovered through excavation and analysis.

rabie e in miligation m	casures and Applicant roposed measures – re-construction
	— (C-1d) For properties eligible under Criteria (a), (b), or (c), data recovery may include historical documentation, photography, collection of oral histories, architectural or engineering documentation, preparation of a scholarly work, or some form of public awareness or interpretation. Data gathered during the evaluation phase studies and the research design element of the Historic Properties Treatment Plan (HPTP) shall guide plans and data thresholds for data recovery; treatment shall be based on the resource's research potential beyond that realized during resource recordation and evaluation studies. If data recovery is necessary, sampling for data-recovery excavations shall follow standard statistical sampling methods, but sampling shall be confined, as much as possible, to the direct impact area. Data-recovery methods, sample sizes, and procedures shall be detailed in the HPTP consistent with Mitigation Measure C-1c (Develop and implement Historic Properties Treatment Plan) and implemented by the Applicant only after approval by the BLM and CPUC.
	— (C-1d) Following any field investigations required for data recovery, the Applicant shall document the field studies and findings, including an assessment of whether adequate data were recovered to reduce adverse project effects, in a brief field closure report. The field closure report shall be submitted to the BLM and CPUC for their review and approval, as well as to appropriate State repositories, local governments, and other appropriate agencies. Construction work within 100 feet of cultural resources that require data-recovery fieldwork shall not begin until authorized by the BLM or CPUC, as appropriate, to ensure that impacts to known significant archaeological deposits are adequately mitigated. Field closure report prior to construction within 100 ft of affected resource. Final report of data-recovery investigations within one year of completion of fieldwork.
Location	Within 100 ft of resources identified in HPTP that require data-recovery mitigation.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 BLM and CPUC review and approve field closure report of data-recovery fieldwork. BLM and CPUC review and approve final report of data recovery, curation of artifacts and data, and dissemination of final report.
Effectiveness Criteria	Data-recovery investigations, curation, and reporting fulfill all requirements of the agreement document promulgated with the Advisory Council.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-1f: Train construction personnel. All construction personnel shall be trained regarding the recognition of possible buried cultural remains and protection of all cultural resources, including prehistoric and historic resources during construction, prior to the initiation of construction or ground-disturbing activities. The Applicant shall complete training for all construction personnel and retain documentation showing when training of personnel was completed. Training shall inform all construction personnel of the procedures to be followed upon the discovery of archaeological materials, including Native American burials. Training shall inform all construction personnel that Environmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) must be avoided and that travel and construction activity must be confined to designated roads and areas. All personnel shall be instructed that unauthorized collection or disturbance of artifacts or other cultural materials on or off the right-of-way by the Applicant, his representatives, or employees will not be allowed. Violators will be subject to prosecution under the appropriate State and federal laws and violations will be grounds for the issuance of a stop work order.

Table C.1. Mitigation M	assures and Applicant Droposed Measures Dre Construction
	leasures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
	 (C-1f) The following issues shall be addressed in training or in preparation for construction: All construction contracts shall require construction personnel to attend training so they are aware of the potential for inadvertently exposing buried archaeological deposits, their responsibility to avoid and protect all cultural resources, and the penalties for collection, vandalism, or inadvertent destruction of cultural resources. The Applicant shall provide training for supervisory construction personnel describing the potential for exposing cultural resources, the location of any potential ESA, and procedures and notifications required in the event of discoveries by project personnel or archaeological monitors. Supervisors shall also be briefed on the consequences of intentional or inadvertent damage to cultural resources.
Location	Entire project.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 BLM and CPUC review and approve contract specifications. BLM and CPUC review verification of required training. BLM and CPUC receive prompt notification of new resource discoveries and violations.
Effectiveness Criteria	Cultural resources are not adversely affected by construction activities.All infractions are corrected.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-1g Avoid and protect Old Highway 80 (P-37-024023). A portion of the Interstate 8 Alternative would be constructed underground within Alpine Boulevard; from approximately MP 74.3 to MP 80 of this underground segment, Alpine Boulevard is also Old Highway 80. Construction impacts to contributing elements of this resource shall be minimized by avoidance of highway segments that retain integrity, as well as associated historic road signs and monuments located on the shoulder. If avoidance is not possible, affected segments shall be formally evaluated to assess their contribution to the NRHP eligibility of the resource as a whole. Additional protective measures are required to reduce adverse effects include formal documentation (i.e., HABS/HAER), and interpretive signage.
Location	From approximately MP I8-74.3 to MP I8-80 of the Interstate 8 Alternative.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 CPUC and BLM review assessment of NRHP eligibility. CPUC and BLM verify implementation of protective measures and/or interpretive signage
Effectiveness Criteria	 Cultural resources are not adversely affected by construction activities.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-2a: Properly treat human remains. All locations of known Native American human remains shall be avoided through project design and shall be protected by designation as ESAs. If the approved project route will affect sites known to contain human remains that cannot be avoided in their entirety during construction, the Applicant shall contact the California Native American Heritage Commission (NAHC). The NAHC will identify the Most Likely Descendant (MLD), within 48 hours, who will specify the preferred course of treatment in the event that additional human remains are discovered. The Applicant shall also contact the BLM (lead federal agency for the Proposed Project) and any additional land management agencies if the site is located on public lands administered by a State or federal agency other than the BLM. The Applicant shall follow all State and federal laws, statutes, and regulations that govern the treatment of human remains (see Section D.7.7). The Applicant shall assist and support the BLM in all required government-to-government consultations with Native Americans and appropriate agencies and commissions, as requested by the BLM. The Applicant shall comply with and implement all required actions and studies that result from such consultations.

area of the discovery and the BLM authorized officer shall be informed immediately. The Applic shall follow all Stale and federal laws, statutes, and regulations that govern the tradiment of hur remains. The Applicant shall assist and support the BLM. — (C-2a) Although subject to the recommendations of the MLD, it is likely that the human rema would be respectfully removed by the MLD and/or qualified archaeologits and reinterred in an area not subject to impacts from the Proposed Project. The reinterment location may be identifi as a nearby locale within SDG&E ROW, or an off-site location may be selected. The Applicant assist and support the MLD in identifying, acquiring, and protecting the reinterment location. Location Entire project. Monitoring / Reporting Action Applicant, monitors, or construction personnel report discoveries to BLM and CPUC immedia BLM and CPUC conduct and document consultation with appropriate Native American human remains. Effectiveness Criteria Adverse effects to human remains are avoided or treated in accordance with federal and appro priate State law. Responsible Agency BLM and CPUC. Timing Pre- or during construction in areas of high sensitivity for buried resources. The Applicant shall implement archaeological monitoring by a professional archaeological during substructs shall implement archaeological monitoring by a professional archaeological during substructs while Medicatics and protecting have challed and mapped intermiting substructed and mapped in the Historic Properties Treatment Plan (HPTP) highly sonsitive for buried prohistoric on historical archaeological during substruction personnel, or damage to an ESA, work in the immediate area of the find shall be diverted and 1 Applicant's archaeological monitoring professional archaeological sites or Nauko American human remains. These locations and the resources per HPTP. Monitoring / Reporting Action Arcas of high sensitivity for buried resources resources to BLM and CPUC remedia • ESAs, in accordance with		
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Timing Pre- and during construction. Status	Effectiveness Criteria	
Status	Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
	Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Review / Approval Status	Status	
	Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction	
MITIGATION MEASURE	C-4a: Complete consultation with Native American and other Traditional Groups. The Appli- cant shall provide assistance to the BLM, as requested by the BLM, to complete required government- to-government consultation with interested Native American tribes and individuals (Executive Memorandum of April 29, 1994 and Section 106 of the National Historic Preservation Act) and other Traditional Groups to assess the impact of the approved project on Traditional Cultural Properties or other resources of Native American concern, such as sacred sites and landscapes, or areas of traditional plant gathering for food, medicine, basket weaving, or ceremonial uses. As directed by the BLM, the Applicant shall undertake required treatments, studies, or other actions that result from such consultation. Written documentation of the completion of all pre-construction actions shall be submitted by the Applicant and approved by the BLM at least 30 days before commencement of construction activities. Actions that are required during or after construction shall be defined, detailed, and scheduled in the Historic Properties Treatment Plan and imple- mented by the Applicant, consistent with Mitigation Measure C-1c (Develop and implement Historic Properties Treatment Plan).
Location	Entire Project.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 Signature of agreement documents for treatment of TCPs. Written documentation and approval by BLM and CPUC of completion of required treatment.
Effectiveness Criteria	TCPs and other resources of Native American concern are treated in accordance with agreements that are made during consultation.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— C-5a: Protect and monitor NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties. The Applicant shall design and implement a long-term plan to protect National Register of Historic Places (NRHP-and/or CRHR)-eligible sites from direct impacts of project operation and maintenance and from indirect impacts (such as erosion and access) that could result from the presence of the project. The plan shall be developed in consultation with the BLM to design measures that will be effective against project maintenance impacts, such as vegetation clearing and road and tower maintenance, and project-related vehicular impacts. The plan shall also include protective measures for NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties within the transmission line corridor that will experience operational and access impacts as a result of the Proposed Project. Measures considered shall include restrictive fencing or gates, permanent access road closures, signage, stabilization of potential erosive areas, site capping, site patrols, and interpretive/educational programs, or other measures that will be effective for protecting NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties. The plan shall be property specific and shall include provisions for monitoring and reporting its effectiveness and for addressing inadequacies or failures that result in damage to NRHP- and/or CRHR-eligible properties. The plan shall be submitted to the BLM, CPUC, and other appropriate land-managing agencies for review and approval at least 30 days prior to project operation.
	— (C-5a) Monitoring of sites selected during consultation with BLM shall be conducted annually by a professional archaeologist for a period of five years. Monitoring shall include inspection of all site loci and defined surface features, documented by photographs from fixed photo monitoring stations and written observations. A monitoring report shall be submitted to the BLM, CPUC, and other appropriate land-managing agencies within one month following the annual resource monitoring. The report shall indicate any properties that have been affected by erosion or vehicle or maintenance impacts. For properties that have been impacted, the Applicant shall provide recommendations for mitigating impacts and for improving protective measures. After the fifth year of resource monitoring, the BLM, CPUC, or other land-managing agency, as appropriate, will evaluate the effectiveness of the protective measures and the monitoring program. Based on that evaluation, the BLM or CPUC may require that the Applicant revise or refine the protective measures, or alter the monitoring protocol or schedule. If the BLM does not authorize alteration of the monitoring protocol or schedule, those shall remain in effect for the duration of project operation.

	 — (C-5a) If the annual monitoring program identifies adverse effects to National Register of Historic Places (NRHP- and/or CRHR)-eligible properties from operation or long-term presence of the project, or if, at any time, the Applicant, BLM, CPUC, or other appropriate land-managing agency become aware of such adverse effects, the Applicant shall notify the BLM and CPUC immediately and implement additional protective measures, as directed by the BLM and CPUC. At the discretion of the BLM and CPUC, such measures may include, but not be limited to refinement of monitoring protocols, data-recovery investigations, or payment of compensatory damages in the form of non-destructive cultural resources studies or protection. 30 days prior to and during project operation. During operation, annually for 5 years. Thereafter, on a schedule determined by BLM and CPUC and/or immediately upon discovery of adverse changes to NRHP or CRHR-eligible property.
Location	All locations identified in long-term protection plan.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC review and approval of long-term protection plan; compliance with reporting and monitoring provisions in the approved protection plan. Following construction, annual site monitoring; immediate notification to BLM and CPUC of adverse changes.
Effectiveness Criteria	Known cultural resources are not affected by long-term project operation and adverse changes to NRHP and CRHR-eligible properties are mitigated.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	C-6a: Reduce adverse visual intrusions to historic built environment properties. All known historic built environment resources located within 0.5 miles of the Proposed Project shall be inventoried and subjected to a visual analysis to assess which resources would be subject to potential indirect visual intrusions resulting from the project. This inventory will supplement the analysis of built environment resources conducted for the EIS/EIR, and shall meet the requirements of Section 106 to inventory historic properties that could be adversely affected by the Proposed Project. The Applicant shall inventory potentially register-eligible built environment resources within an Area of Potential Indirect Effect established by the BLM and CPUC. A qualified (Secretary of the Interior Standards) professional shall assess the potential for visual intrusions on the qualities that qualify any historic properties within the APE for register eligibility. The results of this inventory shall be included in the HPTP. If any historic properties are identified that would be adversely affected by visual intrusions from the Proposed Project, the HPTP shall also specify mitigation measures that would be implemented to reduce adverse effects. Selection of appropriate and effective treatments shall consider technical feasibility of the measures and potential impacts on other sensitive resources or land uses.
Location	All locations identified in HPTP. Mitigation Measures C-6b and V-3a in Anza-Borrego Link.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC review and approval of HPTP; compliance with reporting and monitoring provisions in the approved protection plan.
Effectiveness Criteria	Known historic built environment properties are not affected by construction and long-term project operation and adverse changes to NRHP and CRHR-eligible historic built environment properties are mitigated.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	C-6e: Reduce adverse visual intrusions to portions of Old Highway 80. Visual intrusion by the aboveground portion of this alternative, on portions of Old Highway 80 that retain integrity of setting shall be minimized by a combination of minimizing tower height and screening. In addition, since segments of Old Highway 80 would be crossed by the overhead portion of the alternative, compensatory mitigation including new signage shall be employed. If this alternative is constructed, as part of the Historic Properties Treatment Plan (Mitigation Measure C-1c) SDG&E shall include a protection plan for Old Highway 80 that defines resources to be protected, includes input from visual resources specialists, and evaluates a menu of protection options.
Location	On portions of Old Highway 80 along the Interstate 8 Alternative.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC and BLM to review and comment on protection plan for Old Highway 80 submitted as part of the Historic Properties Treatment Plan (see Mitigation Measure C-1c).
Effectiveness Criteria	Adverse changes to visual qualities along Old Highway 80 are mitigated.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	C-6f: Reduce adverse visual intrusions to the Desert View Tower viewshed. Visual intrusion to the Desert View Tower viewshed, caused by the aboveground portion of this alternative shall be minimized by a combination of minimizing tower height, screening, and painting towers to match the surroundings. Specific measures to minimize visual effects to the Desert View Tower shall be developed in consultation with the owner of this resource. If this alternative is constructed, SDG&E shall develop a protection plan for the Desert View Tower viewshed that defines resources to be protected, includes input from visual resources specialists, and evaluates a menu of protection options. The report shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before the start of construction.
Location	Desert View Tower viewshed
Monitoring / Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC review and approve protection plan for Desert View Tower viewshed.
Effectiveness Criteria	Adverse changes to visual qualities of the Desert View Tower viewshed are mitigated.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-1	Prior to construction, construction personnel shall be instructed on the protection and avoidance of cultural resources. To assist in this effort, the construction contract will address state and federal laws regarding antiquities, fossils, and plants and wildlife, including the collection and removal, as well as the importance of these resources and the purpose and necessity of protecting them. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-2	Archeological sites that are eligible or potentially eligible for the National Register will be flagged in the field and spanned or otherwise avoided through routing during construction activities to the extent feasible. Impact avoidance and APMs for cultural resources developed in consultation with appropriate land managing and regulatory (e.g., park personnel and State Historic Preservation
	Office) and other interested parties will be implemented prior to and during construction. (SDG&E)

Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-3	Any previously unidentified cultural resource (historic or prehistoric site or object) discovered by SDG&E or any person working on its behalf during construction on public or park land shall be immediately reported to the appropriate land manager or authorized park officer within 24 hours of discovery. Operations in the immediate area of the discovery shall be suspended until authorization to proceed is issued by the appropriate land manager or authorized park officer. An evaluation of the discovery will be made by the appropriate land manager, authorized park officer or SDG&E in consultation with the former to determine appropriate actions to prevent the loss of significant cultural or scientific values. SDG&E shall be responsible for the cost of evaluation. SDG&E will develop a treatment plan to mitigate the impacts. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-4	SDG&E will conduct maintenance, repair, stabilization, rehabilitation, restoration, preservation, conservation, and reconstruction of a historical resource in a manner consistent with the Secretary of the Interior's Standards for the Treatment of Historic Properties with Guidelines for Preserving, Rehabilitating, Restoring, and Reconstructing Historic Buildings (1995 – Weeks and Grimmer). (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-5	 SDG&E will use the following as guidance in the implementation of the project: 1. Preservation in-place is the preferred manner of mitigating impacts to archaeological sites. Preservation in-place maintains the relationship between the artifacts and the archaeological context to the extent feasible. Preservation may also avoid conflict with religious or cultural values of groups associated with the site. 2. Preservation in-place may be accomplished by, but is not limited to, the following: a. planning construction to avoid archaeological sites; or b. incorporation of sites within parks, green space, or other open space; or c. deeding the site into a permanent conservation easement. 3. When data recovery through excavation is the only feasible mitigation, a data recovery plan which makes provisions for adequately recovering the scientifically consequential information from and about the historical resources shall be prepared and adopted prior to any excavation being undertaken. Such study shall be deposited with the California Historical Resources Regional Information Center. Archaeological sites known to contain human remains shall be treated in accordance with the provisions of Section 7050.5, Health and Safety Code. If an artifact must be removed during project excavation or testing, curation may be appropriate. 4. Data recovery shall not be required for an historical resource if the lead agency through discussion and consultation with Indian Tribes, professional archaeologists and SHPO determines that testing or studies already completed have adequately recovered the scientifically consequential information from and about the archaeological or historical resource, provided that the determination is documented in the EIR and that the studies are deposited with the California Historical Resources Regional Information Center. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
CR-APM-6	 Historic property will be avoided and fenced or barricaded for protection. Contributing portions and sensitive features of the historic property will be avoided and fenced or barricaded for protection.
	 If historic property cannot be avoided, an approved plan for recordation, relocation, or data recovery will be implemented. Recordation of buildings or structures may include Historic American Building Survey (HABS) or Historic American Engineering Record (HAER) documentation. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-7	 Erosion, sedimentation, or indirect displacement that could indirectly deteriorate historic property will be controlled by limitation of activities near property, stabilization of sediments or structures, and erosion control.
	Protective measures will be implemented to minimize erosion and prevent invasion by aggressive weeds near historic property.
	3. Control measures will be implemented to minimize vibration, dust, or fumes affecting property.
	 Protective barriers or materials will be used to minimize the effects of vibration, dust, fumes, or changes in vegetation.
	 Buildings or structures will be stabilized or rehabilitated to minimize deterioration that might be accelerated by construction or operations.
	 If deterioration cannot be avoided, SDG&E will implement an approved plan for recordation, relocation, or data recovery. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-8	1. In addition to the historic property itself, those elements of the landscape that are essential to the historic setting of the property will be avoided and protected to the extent feasible.
	 The location, appearance, or operational procedures of the undertaking will be modified to minimize intrusion on the historic setting (e.g., qualifications on height, color, emissions, or operational noise levels). (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-9	 Permanent fencing or barriers will be installed, or access to the historic property will be controlled as deemed appropriate by the relevant agencies.
	 Use of access for construction or operation will be restricted. Construction and maintenance personnel will be instructed in protection of sensitive properties. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-10	 Project structures will be located so that conductors span linear historic property to the extent feasible. Pipelines or conductors, placed underground, will bore under linear property to avoid disturbance
	or intrusion. (SDG&E)

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-11	SDG&E would implement its standard practices for cultural and paleontological resources on private lands (see Appendix D). (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area on private lands.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
CR-APM-12	SDG&E will conduct cultural surveys for staging areas that have not yet been identified. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	PAL-1a: Inventory and evaluate paleontological resources in Final APE. Prior to construction, the Applicant shall conduct and submit to CPUC, BLM, and other involved land-managing agencies for approval an inventory of significant paleontological resources within the affected area based on field surveys of areas identified as marginal through high or undetermined paleontological sensitivity potential.
Location	All locations of marginal, moderate, and high paleontological sensitivity within the Final APE where ground-disturbing activities are anticipated.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	BLM and CPUC to review inventory and sensitivity findings.
Effectiveness Criteria	Identification and preliminary evaluation of all resources within potentially ground-disturbing activities.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
MITIGATION MEASURE	PAL-1b: Develop Paleontological Monitoring and Treatment Plan. Following completion and approval of the paleontological resources inventory and prior to construction, the Applicant shall prepare and submit to CPUC, BLM, and other involved land-managing agencies for approval a Paleontological Monitoring Treatment Plan (Plan). The plan shall be designed by a Qualified Paleontologist and shall be based on Society of Vertebrate Paleontology (SVP) guidelines and meet all regulatory requirements. The qualified paleontologist shall have a Master's Degree or Ph.D. in paleontology, and shall have knowledge of the local paleontology and is familiar with paleontological procedures and techniques. The Plan shall identify construction impact areas of moderate to high sensitivity for encountering significant resources and the depths at which those resources are likely to be encountered. The Plan shall outline a coordination strategy to ensure that a qualified paleontological monitor will conduct full-time monitoring of all ground disturbance in sediments determined to have a moderate to high sensitivity. Sediments of low, marginal, and undetermined sensitivity shall be monitored on a part-time basis (as determined by the Qualified Paleontologist) Sediments with zero sensitivity will not require paleontological monitoring. The Qualified Monitor shall have a BA in Geology or Paleontology and a minimum of one year of monitoring experience in local sediments. The Plan shall detail the significance criteria to be used to determine which resources will be avoided or recovered for their data potential. The Plan shall	

Collecting Permit (for work on lands administered by California Department of Parks and Recreation). Notices to proceed will be issued by the BLM, CPUC, and other agencies with jurisdiction, following approval of the Paleontological Monitoring and Treatment Plan.
Entire project.
BLM and CPUC review and approve treatment plan.
BLM and CPUC approval of treatment plan.
BLM and CPUC.
Pre-construction.

also detail methods of recovery, preparation and analysis of specimens, final curation of specimens at a federally accredited repository, data analysis, and reporting. The Plan shall specify that all paleontological work undertaken by the Applicant on public land shall be carried out by qualified

paleontologists with the appropriate current permits, including, but not limited to a Paleontological Resources Use Permit (for work on public lands administered by BLM) and a Paleontological

MITIGATION MEASURE	 PAL-1e: Train construction personnel. Prior to the initiation of construction or ground-disturbing activities, all construction personnel shall be trained regarding the recognition of possible subsurface paleontological resources and protection of all paleontological resources during construction. The Applicant shall complete training for all construction personnel. Training shall inform all construction personnel the tiscovery of paleontological materials. Training shall inform all construction personnel the tenvironmentally Sensitive Areas (ESAs) ESAs include areas determined to be paleontologically sensitive as defined on the paleontological sensitivity maps for the project, and must be avoided and that travel and construction activity must be confined to designated roads and areas. All personnel shall be instructed that unauthorized collection or disturbance of protected fossils on or off the right-of-way by the Applicant, his representatives, or employees will not be allowed. Violators will be subject to prosecution under the appropriate State and federal laws and violations will be grounds for the issuance of a stop work order. The following issues shall be addressed in training or in preparation for construction personnel to attend training so they are aware of the potential for inadvertently exposing subsurface paleontological resources, their responsibility to avoid and protect all such resources, and the penalties for collection, vandalism, or inadvertent destruction of paleontological resources. The Applicant shall provide a background briefing for supervisory personnel describing the potential for exposing paleontological resources, the location or disturbance of tossils. Upon discovery of paleontological resources by paleontologists or construction personnel, work in the immediate area of the find shall be diverted and the Applicant's paleontologist notified. Once the find has been inspected and a preliminary assessment made, the Applicant's paleontologistal will notify t
Location	Entire project.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	 BLM and CPUC review and approve contract specifications. BLM and CPUC review verification of required training. BLM and CPUC receive prompt notification of new resource discoveries and violations.
Effectiveness Criteria	Paleontological resources are not adversely affected by construction activity.
Responsible Agency	BLM and CPUC.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
GEO-APM-9	If paleontological resources are encountered, appropriate field mitigation efforts would be imple- mented to protect the resources. For example, if significant resources are discovered, such as vertebrate fossils, construction would be stopped in the immediate area of the find while SDG&E and its designated paleontologist determine the appropriate method and schedule to recover or protect the resource. However, work may continue in areas outside the immediate area of the find with the approval of the paleontologist. When it is not feasible to avoid paleontological sites, SDG&E would consult with the appropriate federal, state, and resource agencies and specialists to either develop alternative construction techniques to avoid paleontological resources or develop appro- priate APMs. Appropriate mitigation field measures may include actions such as protection-in-place by covering with earthen fill, removal and cataloguing, and/or removal and relocation. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

MITIGATION MEASURE	- N-1a: Implement Best Management Practices for construction noise. SDG&E shall comply
	with local noise rules, standards, and/or ordinances by implementing the following noise- suppression techniques and variance standards set by local authorities. SDG&E shall apply for and obtain a variance for construction activities that must occur outside of the daytime hours allowed by local ordinances or within 200 feet of noise-sensitive receptors forty-five days prior to construction.
	— (N-1a)At a minimum, SDG&E shall employ the following noise-suppression techniques to avoid possible violations of local rules, standards, and ordinances:
	 Confine construction noise to daytime, weekday hours (e.g., 7:00 a.m. to 7:00 p.m.) or an alternative schedule established by the local jurisdiction or land use manager
	 On construction equipment, use noise reduction features (e.g., mufflers and engine shrouds) that are no less effective than those originally installed by the manufacturer
	 Install temporary sound walls or acoustic blankets to shield adjacent residences. These sound walls or acoustic blankets shall have a height of no less than 8 feet, a Sound Transmission Class (STC) of 27 or greater, and a surface with a solid face from top to bottom without any openings or cutouts
	 Route construction traffic away from residences and schools, where feasible
	 Minimize unnecessary construction vehicle use and idling time. The ability to limit construction vehicle idling time is dependent upon the sequence of construction activities and when and where vehicles are needed or staged. A "common sense" approach to vehicle use shall be applied; if a vehicle is not required for use immediately or continuously for construction activities, its engine shall be shut off. (Note: certain equipment, such as large diesel-powered vehicles, require extended idling for warm-up and repetitive construction tasks.)
Location	Construction activity in all segments.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E applies for and obtains local variance and implements Best Management Practices.
Effectiveness Criteria	Best Management Practices implemented.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM EI Centro Field Office.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	N-2a: Avoid blasting where damage to structures could occur. Blasting shall be managed with a plan for each site. The plan shall include the blasting methods, surveys of existing structures and other built facilities, and distance calculations to estimate the area of effect of the blasting. Blasting shall not be allowed where damage to vulnerable structures could occur, and a rock anchoring or mini-pile system shall be used if adjacent structures could be damaged as a result of blasting or any construction method used as an alternative to blasting. If any structure is inadvertently adversely affected by construction vibration, the structure shall be restored to conditions equivalent to those prior to blasting. SDG&E shall then fairly compensate the owner of any damaged structure for lost use. Forty-five days prior to construction for blasting plan.
Location	Construction activity in all segments.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E submits blasting plan, which identifies complete inspection and restoration process.
Effectiveness Criteria	Structures inspected and restored.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM EI Centro Field Office.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

of construction sites, staging areas, and access roads. The announcement shall state specifically where and when construction will occur in the area. Notices shall provide ipso for educing noise intrusion, for example, by closing windows facing the planned construction. SOG&E would identify and provide a public liaison officer via telephone on presnon would be included in the above notices. SDG&E would also stabilish a toll free telephone number for receiving questions or complaints during construction and develop procedures for responding to callers. (SDG&E) Location Entire project area. Timing Pre- and during construction. Status Review / Approval Status Review plan for road or lane closure. Monitoring / Reporting Review plan for road or lane closure to make sure that it is outside periods of peak traffic volume Action Review plan for road or lane closure to make sure that it is outside periods of peak traffic volume Action Review / Approval Status Review / Approval Status	Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Timing Pre- and during construction. Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE T-1a: Restrict lane closures. SDG&E shall restrict all necessary lane closures or obstructions on major roadways associated with overhead or underground construction activities to off-peak periods in congested areas to reduce traffic delays. Lane closures must not occur between 6:00 and 9:30 a.m. and between 3:30 and 6:30 pm., unless otherwise directed in writing by the responsible public agency issuing the encroachment permit. Location All areas requiring road or lane closure to make sure that it is outside periods of peak traffic volume Action Refectiveness Criteria Read or lane closures shall not be executed during periods of peak traffic volume. Only reasonable interference with traffic llow. Responsible Agency CPUC, BLM and affected agencies responsible for streets/highways and traffic Timing Pre- and during construction Status T-4a: Ensure pedestrian and bicycle circulation and safety. Where construction will result in temporary closures of sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities, SDG&E shall provide temporary closures of sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities are expected during construction activity will result in blke route or blke path closures, appropriate delours and signs shall be provided. MITIGATION MEASURE T-4a: Ensure pedestrian facilities and the alternative facilities or delours that will be provided Monitoring / Reporting Action All tocations where closures of sidewalks and other pedestrian facilities. SDG&E	NOI-APM-1	where and when construction will occur in the area. Notices shall provide tips on reducing noise intrusion, for example, by closing windows facing the planned construction. SDG&E would identify and provide a public liaison person before and during construction to respond to concerns of neighboring receptors, including residents, about noise construction disturbance. Procedures for reaching the public liaison officer via telephone or in person would be included in the above notices. SDG&E would also establish a toll free telephone number for receiving questions or
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Actionidentified affected pedestrian facilities and the alternative facilities or detours that will be providedEffectiveness CriteriaNo interference with pedestrian/bicycle circulation or provision of detoursResponsible AgencyCPUC, BLM and the local jurisdictionsTimingPre- and during constructionStatusReview / Approval StatusMITIGATION MEASURET-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Location	
Responsible Agency CPUC, BLM and the local jurisdictions Timing Pre- and during construction Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE T-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Monitoring / Reporting Action	
Timing Pre- and during construction Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE T-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Effectiveness Criteria	No interference with pedestrian/bicycle circulation or provision of detours
Status Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE T-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM and the local jurisdictions
Review / Approval Status MITIGATION MEASURE T-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Timing	Pre- and during construction
MITIGATION MEASURE T-7a: Notify public of potential short-term elimination of parking spaces. As required in Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Status	
Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the requirements of agencies responsible for parking management.	Review / Approval Status	
Location All locations where construction could significantly impact parking spaces.	MITIGATION MEASURE	Mitigation Measure L-1a, prior to any construction activity on major roadways, SDG&E shall notify the public of the potential for parking spaces to be temporarily eliminated and where temporary parking spaces will be relocated through multiple media such as local newspapers and on-site postings. The elimination and relocation of parking spaces must be in conformance with the
	Location	All locations where construction could significantly impact parking spaces.

Monitoring / Reporting Action	Copies of public notices; evidence of coordination with affected jurisdiction
Effectiveness Criteria	Alternative parking spaces are provided, if required
Responsible Agency	Imperial and San Diego Counties and local municipalities
Timing	Pre- and during construction in affected jurisdiction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	T-9a: Prepare Construction Transportation Management Plan. SDG&E shall prepare a Construction Transportation Management Plan (CTMP) to address traffic and transportation issues related to project construction. The CTMP shall describe alternate traffic routes, timing of worker commutes and material deliveries, the need for lane and road closures, the use of helicopters, plans for construction worker parking and transportation to work sites, methods for keeping roadways clean, and other methods for reducing adverse construction-related traffic impacts on regional and local roadways. The plan must comply with the requirements of the respective county and must be submitted to the respective counties and Caltrans for approval prior to commencing construction activities.
Location	All locations where construction could significantly impact regional and local roadways.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review Construction Transportation Management Plan
Effectiveness Criteria	Traffic flows are generally maintained without severe congestion
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and the applicable local jurisdictions
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	T-11b: Consult with and inform U.S. Customs and Border Patrol. The Applicant shall consult with U.S. Customs and Border Patrol to determine where border patrol aircraft operate in the county. Prior to construction, the Applicant shall provide written notification to all border patrol aircraft working in the county and to the CPUC stating when and where the new transmission lines and towers will be erected. The Applicant shall also provide all border patrol aircraft, the U.S. Customs and Border Patrol, and the CPUC with aerial photos or topographic maps clearly showing the new lines and towers in relation to the U.S./Mexico border within the San Diego and Imperial Counties.
Location	Within the area of border patrol aircraft operations along the Interstate 8 Alternative and Modified Route D Alternative
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Evidence of notification and submittal of aerial photos and/or topographic maps to U.S. Customs and Border Patrol
Effectiveness Criteria	Evidence of notification and sharing of information about the location of the new lines and towers.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, U.S. Customs and Border Patrol
Timing	Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
T-APM-2a	Required permits for temporary lane closures will be obtained from the County of Imperial, County of San Diego, CALTRANS, and California State Parks (if applicable). (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation Me	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
T-APM-2b	Detour plans will be submitted to the counties, CALTRANS, and/or California State Parks as part of the permit requirements. Within the ABDSP, a Right-of-Entry permit is required for any construction and maintenance activities that would occur outside of existing easements, including access roads (would not need ROE for access road maintenance if practical rights of ingress and egress are granted in easements). SDG&E will provide California State Parks a request in writing for maintenance or other earth-disturbing activities. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
T-APM-4a	SDG&E shall coordinate in advance with emergency service providers to avoid restricting movements of emergency vehicles. The counties and cities will then notify respective police, fire, ambulance and paramedic services. SDG&E shall notify counties and cities of the proposed locations, nature, timing, and duration of any construction activities and advised of any access restrictions that could impact their effectiveness. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
T-APM-5a	SDG&E will consult with the Imperial County Office of Education, Borrego Springs Unified School District, Warner Unified School District, Julian Union School District, and the Julian Union High School District at least one month prior to construction to coordinate construction activities adjacent to school bus stops. If necessary, school bus stops will be temporarily relocated or buses will be rerouted until construction in the vicinity is complete. SDG&E will also consult with Imperial Valley Transit and the Metropolitan Transit System at least one month prior to construction to reduce potential interruption of transit services.
Location	Entire project area within school districts.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
Т-АРМ-8а	Required permits for entering railroad right-of-way will be obtained from Union Pacific Railroad, San Diego & Arizona Eastern Railroad and the U.S. Gypsum Mine. (SDG&E)
Location	Along railroad right-of-way.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
T-APM-9a	Eligible and Officially Designated Scenic Highways are located within Imperial and San Diego Counties. The California Public Utilities Code Section 320 requires that all new or relocated utility facilities within 1,000 feet of an Officially Designated Scenic Highway be undergrounded where feasible. SDG&E will bury all new or relocated utilities where feasible to avoid possible revocation of SR78 as an Officially Designated Scenic Highway within the ABDSP. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along eligible and designated Scenic Highways.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	P-1a: Implement Environmental Monitoring Program. An environmental monitoring program will be implemented by SDG&E or its contractors to ensure that the plans defined in HS-APM-1 (personnel trained in proper use and safety procedures for the chemicals used), HS-APM-2 (personnel trained in refueling of vehicles), HS-APM-3 (preparation of environmental safety plans including spill prevention and response plan), HS-APM-8 (SDG&E's and/or General Contractor environmental/health and safety personnel), and HS-APM-10 (storage and disposal of hazardous and solid waste) are followed throughout the period of construction. SDG&E will designate an Environmental Field Representative who will be on site to observe and document adherence to the plan for all construction spreads.
Location	All locations along the proposed and alternative routes.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review documentation of training
Effectiveness Criteria	Training and monitoring programs educate project staff and workers regarding all regulatory plan requirements.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	 P-2a: Test for residual pesticides/herbicides on currently or historically farmed land. In areas where the land has been or is currently being farmed, soil samples shall be collected and tested for herbicides, pesticides, and fumigants to determine the presence and extent of any contamination. The sampling and testing plan shall be prepared in consultation with the County Agricultural Commission, and conducted by an appropriate California licensed professional and sent to a California Certified laboratory. Samples shall be tested at a California Certified Laboratory. A report documenting the areas proposed for sampling, and the process used for sampling, testing shall be submitted to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before construction. Results of the laboratory testing and recommended resolutions for handling and excavation of material found to exceed regulatory requirements shall be submitted to the CPUC and BLM (if on BLM land) 30 days prior to construction. (P-2a) Excavated materials containing elevated levels of pesticide or herbicide will require special handling and disposal according to procedures established by the regulatory agencies. Effective dust suppression procedures will be used in construction areas to reduce airborne emissions of these contaminants and reduce the risk of exposure to workers and the public. Regulatory agencies for the State of California (DTSC or RWQCB) and the appropriate County (San Diego or Imperial)
Location	shall be contacted by SDG&E or its contractor to plan handling, treatment, and/or disposal options. All proposed and alternative route segments that are within or immediately adjacent to agricultural
Monitoring / Reporting Action	uses. Observe construction sites and activities for compliance
Effectiveness Criteria	Excavated soils containing pesticides and herbicides are properly handled and disposed of.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, appropriate local and State regulatory agencies.
Timing	Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	 P-7a: Evaluate contaminated sites. SDG&E shall implement the following steps, at locations where excavation or significant ground disturbance will occur; all steps be completed at least 60 days prior to project construction, to prevent mobilization of contaminants and exposure of workers and the public: Step 1. Investigate the site to determine whether it has a record of hazardous material contamination which would affect construction activities. This investigation should be performed as a Phase I–Environmental Site Assessment (Phase I ESA). If contamination is found that could potentially affect the health and safety of workers or the public during construction of the Proposed Project, proceed to Step 2. Step 2. Perform a characterization study of the site to determine the nature and extent of the contamination present at the location before construction activities proceed within the project ROW near the suspect site. Step 3. Determine the need for further investigation and/or remediation of the soil or groundwater conditions at or near the contaminated site, i.e., within areas of ground disturbance for the Proposed Project. (For example, if there would be little or no contact with contaminated materials, industrial cleanup levels would likely be applicable. If site activities would involve human contact with the contaminated materials, such as would be the case with excavation of contaminated materials during project construction, then Step 4 shall be completed. If no human
	 contact is anticipated, then no further mitigation would be required for the location.) Step 4. If it is determined that disturbance or excavation of soils or groundwater with contamination would accompany construction at the site, undertake a Phase II Environmental Site Investigation (Phase II ESI) involving sampling and further characterization of potentially contaminated areas with the project ROW or reroute the line away from the contamination area. Should further investigation reveal high levels of hazardous materials, mitigate health and safety risk according San Diego County CUPA or RWQCB regulations or requirements. This would include site-specific Health and Safety Plans, Work Plans, and/or Remediation Plans.
Location	All proposed and alternative route segments that have identified contaminated sites with 0.25 miles of the alignment.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review Phase I and Phase II reports, and any other site characterization reports generated.
Effectiveness Criteria	Sites with environmental contaminants are avoided or if crossed, excavated soils containing contaminants are properly handled and disposed of.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and RWQCB or local CUPA.
Timing	Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-1	All personnel involved in using hazardous materials shall be trained in the proper use and safety procedures for the chemical and provided with the necessary Personal Protection Equipment (PPE). A Hazardous Communication (HAZCOM) Plan with Material Safety Data Sheets on all hazardous materials used for the project shall be developed. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-2	Only personnel trained in refueling vehicles would be allowed to perform this operation. All refueling operation shall be in designated areas or preformed by assigned vehicles. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
HS-APM-3	All applicable environmental safety plans associated with hazardous materials shall be developed for the project. These plans include but are not necessary limited to Hazardous Material Business (HMB) Plan; HAZCOM Plan; Spill Response Plan; 90-days temporary storage and disposal (TSD) facility permit; and Spill Prevention Control and Countermeasure (SPCC) Plan (only if storage is over 1,350 gallons at one location). (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-4	SDG&E will develop a site specific blasting plan blasting of tower footing is required. A California licensed Blasting Contractor shall be used for all blasting operation. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-5	All Government Code §65962.5 sites or other known contamination sites along the transmission line ROW or such sites that would affect construction work shall be investigated to determine potential impacts to the project. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-6	An Unexploded Ordinance (UXO) investigation of known and potential areas used by the military along the ROW shall be undertaken by a trained contractor. If UXO are found, they shall be removed by trained personnel. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area in areas of known or potential UXO use areas.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-7	All personnel involved in excavation and grading or for ROW clearing shall be trained to recognized UXO and/or potential soil, surface water, and groundwater potential contamination sites. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-8	SDG&E will assign Environmental Field Representative and/or General Contractor assigned Health & Safety Office to the project. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-9	SDG&E will contact airport representative and/or Federal Aviation Administration Authorities regarding work within all existing and proposed transmission line corridors within 2 miles of an airport. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area within 2 miles of an airport.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.

Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-10	All hazardous waste and solid waste shall be stored and disposed of in accordance with federal, State, and local regulations. Whenever feasible, hazardous material minimization methods shall be employed and all hazardous materials recycled. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-11	SDG&E will develop project-specific Fire Prevention and Response Plan (FPRP), which will be devel- oped and reviewed by pertinent regulatory authorities. A project Fire Marshal shall be assigned to enforce all provisions of the FPRP as well as performing all other duties related to fire prevention activities for the Proposed Project. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-12	A Traffic Control Plan (TCP) shall be developed that addresses all roadway crossings that would be used by the project and could interfere with emergency vehicles. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-14	All construction workers shall undergo environmental training regarding potential exposure in accordance with federal, State, or local regulations. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-15	If during excavation soil or groundwater contamination is suspected (e.g., unusual soil discoloration or strong odor), the contractor or subcontractor shall immediately stop work and notify the General Contractor's assigned Health & Safety Officer and/or SDG&E's Field Environmental Representative. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-16	If soil or groundwater contamination is suspected, work near the immediate excavation site shall be terminated, the work area cordoned off, and appropriate health and safety procedures implemented for the location by the General Contractor's assigned Health & Safety Officer and/or SDG&E's Field Environmental Representative. Preliminary samples of the soil, groundwater, or material shall be taken by an OSHA trained individual. These samples shall be sent to a California Certified Laboratory for characterization. Work outside the immediate excavation site may continue as determined by the General Contractor's assigned Health and Safety Officer and/or SDG&E's Field Environmental Representative. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.

Status	
Review / Approval Status	
HS-APM-17	If the sample testing determines that contamination is not present, work would be allowed to proceed at the immediate excavation site. However, if contamination is found above regulatory limits, the regulatory agency (e.g., RWQCB or CUPA) responsible for responding to and for providing environmental oversight of the region shall be notified in accordance with State or local regulations. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	PS-1a: Limit the conductor surface electric gradient . As part of the design and construction process for the Proposed Project, the Applicant shall limit the conductor surface electric gradient in accordance with the IEEE Radio Noise Design Guide.
Location	Along the overhead route segment
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review construction design plans to ensure consistency with IEEE Radio Noise Design Guide.
Effectiveness Criteria	The potential for magnetic field interference of electronic equipment is reduced.
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	Pre-construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	PS-2a: Implement grounding measures. As part of the siting and construction process for the Proposed Project, SDG&E shall identify objects (such as fences, metal buildings, and pipelines) within and near the right-of-way that have the potential for induced voltages and shall implement electrical grounding of metallic objects in accordance with SDG&E's standards. The identification of objects shall document the threshold electric field strength and metallic object size at which grounding becomes necessary.
Location	Along the entire transmission line route
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review documentation provided; verify that necessary grounding measures are installed.
Effectiveness Criteria	The potential for impacts associated with induced currents and voltages on objects near the energized transmission line are reduced.
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	During construction and post construction pre-energizing the line.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	AQ-1a: Suppress dust at all work or staging areas and on public roads. SDG&E shall: (a) pave, apply water three times daily, or apply (non-toxic) soil stabilizers on all unpaved access roads, parking areas, and staging areas if construction activity causes persistent visible emissions of fugitive dust beyond the work area; (b) pre-water sites for 48 hours in advance of clearing; (c) reduce the amount of disturbed area where possible; (d) all dirt stock-pole areas should be sprayed daily as needed; (e) cover loads in haul trucks or maintain at least six inches of free-board when traveling on public roads; (f) pre-moisten, prior to transport, import and export dirt, sand, or loose materials; (g) sweep streets daily (with water sweepers) if visible soil material is carried onto adjacent public streets or wash trucks and equipment before entering public streets; (h) plant vegetative ground cover in disturbed areas as soon as possible following construction areas (disturbed lands that are unused for four consecutive days); and (j) prepare and file 30 days in advance of construction with the ICAPCD, SDAPCD, BLM, and CPUC a Dust Control Plan that describes how these measures would be implemented and monitored at all locations of the project. The Dust Control Plan shall identify nearby sensitive receptors, such as land uses that include children, the elderly, the acutely ill and the chronically ill, and specify the means of minimizing impacts to these populations (for example, by locating equipment and staging areas away from sensitive receptors).
Location	All areas including work areas and staging areas.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review Dust Control Plan. Verify local air district concurrence with the Plan. Inspect activities for dust control.
Effectiveness Criteria	Dust emissions are reduced. Effectiveness can be monitored by monitoring implementation of the control measures.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and affected local air districts
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	AQ-1h: Obtain NOx and particulate matter emission offsets. SDG&E shall obtain and hold for the duration of construction NOx emission reduction credits or fund incentive programs approved by ICAPCD and SDAPCD at sufficient levels to offset the construction emissions of NOx that exceed the ozone nonattainment area federal General Conformity Rule applicability threshold. SDG&E shall secure 99 tons per year of NOx reductions and 276 tons per year of particulate matter reductions in Imperial County, and SDG&E shall secure 212 tons per year of NOx reductions in San Diego County to satisfy this requirement. The emission reduction credits or incentive program shall comply with ICAPCD and SDAPCD rules and regulations, and the credits or reductions shall be obtained by SDG&E prior to commencing construction.
Location	All areas.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	As required in General Conformity Final Analysis as Approved by BLM.
Effectiveness Criteria	NOx and particulate matter emissions fully offset.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, and affected local air districts
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	AO-4a: Offset construction-phase greenhouse gas emissions with carbon credits. SDG&E shall create greenhouse gas emission reductions or obtain and hold for the duration of project construction sufficient carbon credits to fully offset construction-phase greenhouse gas emissions. During construction SDG&E shall report to the CPUC quarterly the status of efforts to create reductions or obtain banked credits and the quantity of construction-phase greenhouse gas emissions offset by credits. At a minimum, SDG&E shall create or obtain and hold carbon credits to offset 55,000 tons of carbon dioxide emissions for each of the two years of construction. Carbon Reduction Tons (CRTs), verified according to the rules of the California Climate Action Registry may be retired by SDG&E to satisfy this requirement.
Location	All areas.
Looution	

Review SDG&E holdings of carbon credits.
Greenhouse gas emissions fully offset.
CPUC and BLM
Pre- and during construction
AQ-4c: Avoid sulfur hexafluoride emissions. SDG&E shall identify sulfur hexafluoride (SF ₆) leaks and establish a strategy for replacing leaking equipment to reduce SF ₆ leaks. To accomplish this, SDG&E shall develop and maintain a record of SF ₆ purchases, an SF ₆ leak detection and repair program using laser imaging leak detection and monitoring no less frequently than quarterly, an SF ₆ recycling program, and an employee education and training program for avoiding or eliminating SF ₆ emissions caused by the Proposed Project. The SF ₆ leak detection and repair program shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM 90 days prior to project construction. Prior to construction, SDG&E shall also become a Partner in the U.S. EPA's SF ₆ Emissions Reduction Partnership for Electric Power Systems. SDG&E shall also report SF ₆ emissions from the Proposed Project to the California Climate Action Registry according to CCAR methodologies or alternate methodology approved by the California Air Resources Board. To develop a complete GHG inventory, SDG&E shall follow established methodologies to report indirect GHG emissions from energy imported and consumed to support operation of the Proposed Project and indirect GHG emissions from transmission and distribution losses associated with the Proposed Project.
All areas.
Review strategies for replacing leaking equipment, leak detection and repair, recycling, and education.
SF ₆ emissions are avoided.
CPUC and BLM
Pre- and post construction
For activities in Imperial County, the project will comply with ICAPCD Rule 800 (Fugitive Dust Requirement for Control of Fine Particulate Matter [PM10]). A Dust Control Plan for construction activities would be filed with the ICAPCD. (SDG&E)
Entire project area in Imperial County.
Pre- and during construction
 Prohibit construction grading on days when the wind gusts exceed 25 mph to the extent feasible to control fugitive dust. All trucks hauling soil and other loose material will be covered or maintain at least two feet of freeboard. Snow fence-type windbreaks will be erected in areas identified as needed by SDG&E. Vehicle speeds will be limited to 15 mph on unpaved (no gravel or similar surfacing material) roads. Unpaved roads will be treated by watering as necessary. Soil stabilizers will be applied to inactive construction areas on an as-needed basis. Exposed stockpiles of soil and other excavated materials will be contained within perimeter silt
fencing, watered or treated with soil binders, as necessary. (SDG&E) Entire project area.

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
AQ-APM-3	To minimize mud and dust from being transported onto paved roadway surfaces, pave, gravel, use rattle plates or apply chemical stabilization at sufficient concentration and frequency to maintain a stabilized surface starting from the point of intersection with the public paved surface. SDG&E will implement this measure where applicable and not conflicting with other requirements. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
AQ-APM-4	If suitable park-and-ride facilities are available in the project vicinity, construction workers will be encouraged to carpool to the job site to the extent feasible. The ability to develop an effective carpool program for the Proposed Project would depend upon the proximity of carpool facilities to the job site, the geographical commute departure points of construction workers, and the extent to which carpooling would not adversely affect worker show-up time and the project's construction schedule. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
AQ-APM-5	To the extent feasible, unnecessary construction vehicle and idling time will be minimized. The ability to limit construction vehicle idling time is dependent upon the sequence of construction activities and when and where vehicles are needed or staged. Certain vehicles, such as large diesel-powered vehicles, have extended warm-up times following start-up that limit their availability for use following start-up. Where such diesel-powered vehicles are required for repetitive construction tasks, these vehicles may require more idling time. The project will apply a "common sense" approach to vehicle use; if a vehicle is not required for use immediately or continuously for construction activities, its engine will be shut off. Construction foremen will include briefings to crews on vehicle use as a part of pre-construction conferences. Those briefings will include discussion of a "common sense" to vehicle use. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-1a: Prepare Substation Grading and Drainage Plan; construct during the dry season. Prior to construction of new substations, a grading and drainage plan, with SWPPP for construction and post-construction BMPs (as defined by the RWQCB), shall be prepared and submitted to the CPUC and RWQCB for review and approval. All grading for the substation shall occur either during the dry season months, or a settling pond shall be installed on the construction during a rainfall event, construction shall cease when rutting occurs in greater than 10% of the road or when rills more than 10 feet in length develop and lead off the road surface in the work area. Approved drainage control and erosion control BMPs shall be in place prior to the normal onset of winter rains.
Location	All new substations
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Subdivision grading and drainage plan prepared by Applicant and approved by CPUC and RWQCB prior to construction. CPUC construction monitoring to verify compliance.
Effectiveness Criteria	Construction and BMPs in place prior to onset of winter rainy season, and kept operating as long as needed. Mitigation measure is effective if water quality near the project is maintained.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, or other responsible/cooperating agencies
Timing	Pre- and during construction

	leasures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-1a (CC): Construct during the dry season. All construction of the Chocolate Canyon Option shall occur during the dry season months. Approved drainage control and erosion control BMPs shall be in place prior to the normal onset of winter rains. Implement the City of San Diego Source Water Protection Guidelines for New Development (2004) that describes procedures for minimizing the adverse water quality effect of new development near water supply reservoirs such as El Capitan. These guidelines specify best management practice procedures to be used by the development, which would include the Chocolate Canyon Option.
Location	Chocolate Canyon Option
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Construction of Chocolate Canyon Option occurs only during dry season months. CPUC construction monitoring to verify compliance.
Effectiveness Criteria	Construction and BMPs in place prior to onset of winter rainy season, and kept operating as long as needed. Mitigation measure is effective if water quality near the Chocolate Canyon Option is maintained.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, or other responsible/cooperating agencies
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— H-1k: Comply with Forest Service conditions. Where the power line crosses Forest Service property, the following conditions, or others defined by the Forest Service, based on consultation, shall be complied with:
	 The Forest Service reserves the right, after notice and opportunity for comment, to modify project conditions, if necessary, to respond to any Final Biological Opinion issued for this project by the United States Fish and Wildlife Service, NOAA Fisheries, or any Certification or permit issued for this project by the State Water Resources Control Board or Army Corps of Engineers.
	 — (H-1k) Within one year of license issuance, or prior to any ground disturbing activities, the Licensee shall file with the California Public Utilities Commission a plan approved by the Forest Service for hazardous substances storage, spill prevention, and spill cleanup for project facilities on or directly affecting National Forest System Lands. In addition, during planning and prior to any new construction or maintenance not addressed in an existing plan, the Licensee shall notify the Forest Service, and the Forest Service shall make a determination whether a plan approved by the Forest Service for oil and hazardous substances storage and spill prevention and cleanup is needed. At a minimum, the plan must require the Licensee to (1) maintain in the project area, or at an alternative location approved by the Forest Service, a cache of spill cleanup equipment suitable to contain any spill from the project; (2) to periodically inform the Forest Service of the location of the spill cleanup equipment on National Forest System lands and of the location, type, and quantity of oil and hazardous substances stored in the project area; (3) to inform the Forest Service immediately of the nature, time, date, location, and action taken for any spill affecting National Forest System lands, and Licensee adjoining property when such spill could reasonably be expected to affect National Forest System lands, and (4) provide annually to the Forest Service a list of Licensee project contacts.
	 — (H-1k) The Licensee shall confine all vehicles being used for project purposes, including but not limited to administrative and transportation vehicles and construction and inspection equipment, to roads or specifically designed access routes, and approved construction and staging areas, as identified in a Road and Traffic Management Plan developed by the Licensee. The Forest Service reserves the right to close any and all such routes where damage (impacts beyond the expected and approved disturbance) is occurring to the soil or vegetation, or, if requested by Licensee, to require reconstruction/construction by the Licensee to the extent needed to accommodate the Licensee's use. The Forest Service agrees to provide notice to the Licensee and the Public Utilities Commission prior to road closures, except in an emergency, in which case notice will be provided as soon as practicable.

	— (H-1k)
	• During planning and before any new construction or non-routine maintenance projects with the potential for causing erosion and/or stream sedimentation on or affecting National Forest System Lands, the Licensee shall file with the Public Utilities Commission an Erosion Control Measures Plan that is approved by the Forest Service. The Plan shall include measures to control erosion, stream sedimentation, dust, and soil mass movement attributable to the project.
	The plan shall be based on actual-site geological, soil, and groundwater conditions and shall include:
	1. A description of the actual site conditions
	Detailed descriptions, design drawings, and specific topographic locations of all control measures
	Measures to divert runoff away from disturbed land surfaces
	4. Measures to collect and filter runoff over disturbed land surfaces
	5. Revegetating disturbed areas in accordance with current direction on use of native plants and locality of plant and seed sources
	6. Measures to dissipate energy and prevent erosion
	7. A monitoring and maintenance schedule.
	Upon Commission approval, the Licensee shall implement the plan.
	 – (H-1k) Ground disturbing activities may proceed only after appropriate NEPA analysis and documen-
	tation completion. If the licensee proposes new activities to the Public Utilities Commission not previously addressed in the Commission's NEPA analysis processes, the licensee, in consultation with the Forest Service, shall determine the scope of work, and the potential project related effects and whether additional information is required to proceed with the planned ground disturbing activity. The licensee shall enter into a cost recovery agreement with the Forest Service under which the licensee shall fund the Forest Service staff time required for staff activities related to the analysis, documentation and administration of the proposed activities.
	— (H-1k) The Licensee shall within 6 months after license issuance file with the Public Utilities Commission a Water Resources Management Plan that is approved by the Forest Service, for the purpose of controlling and monitoring the project-related effects to water resources on National Forest System lands, which are related to the Licensee's activities. The purpose of the plan is to protect groundwater related surface water and other groundwater-dependent resources.
	— (H-1k) Within one year of license issuance the Licensee shall file with the Public Utilities Commission a plan approved by the Forest Service for the management of groundwater and the associated surface waters on or affecting National Forest System lands. The purpose of the plan shall be to reduce the potential for groundwater extraction or contamination and related effects to surface water resources.
Location	Forest Service Land
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to prepare and execute an agreement with the U.S. Forest Service prior to construction. Compliance with the agreement to be verified through monitoring by the Forest service and CPUC during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Compliance with the executed agreement.
Responsible Agency	CPUC and U.S. Forest Service
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-11: Construction on Forest Service land to be subject to an approved, site-specific SWPPP and Sediment-Control Plan. A site-specific sediment control plan and SWPPP shall be prepared for construction within the National Forest. These plans shall identify and characterize potentially affected water resources and provide site-specific remedies to minimize project-related sedimentation, as well as provide post-construction remediation and monitoring details. The sediment control plan shall include construction in the dry period, as well as construction by helicopter in areas where terrain is steep and the potential consequences of sedimentation severe. These plans shall be submitted to the Forest Service and CPUC for review and approval prior to construction.
Location	Forest Service Land
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to prepare a site-specific SWPPP and sediment-control plan to be reviewed and approved by the Forest Service and CPUC prior to construction. CPUC and Forest Service to verify compliance through construction monitoring.
Effectiveness Criteria	Compliance with approved SWPPP and sediment-control plan.
Responsible Agency	CPUC and U.S. Forest Service.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-4b: Avoid blasting where damage to groundwater wells or springs could occur. Blasting shall be managed with a Blasting Plan for each site. The Plan shall include the blasting methods, distance calculations to estimate the area of effect of the blasting, and surveys for wells and springs within the blast influence area (no less than ½ mile from the blasting location). Blasting shall not be allowed where damage to wells or springs could occur according to the Applicant's Blasting Plan, and a rock anchoring or mini-pile system shall be used if these resources could be damaged as a result of blasting or any earthworking method used as an alternative to blasting. Where inadvertent damage to wells within an EPA-designated Sole Source Aquifer occur as a result of earthwork, the Applicant shall compensate the landowner in the form of well repair or replacement, and shall provide the landowner with a water storage tank and sufficient potable water within 48 hours and throughout the interim between damage and repair or replacement. Where inadvertent damage to other wells or springs occurs as a result of earthwork, the Applicant shall compensate the landowner in the form of remedial cash payment, repair, or replacement, as appropriate. The burden of proof of no impact shall rest with the Applicant.
Location	Entire project above designated groundwater basins
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to prepare a blasting plan, including well survey.
Effectiveness Criteria	Avoidance of blasting where damage to wells or springs could occur, and use of rock anchoring or mini-pile system in its place
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-5a: Install substation runoff control. The pad for new substations shall be constructed with a pervious and/or high-roughness (for example gravel) surface where possible to ensure maximum percolation of rainfall after construction. Detention/retention basins shall be installed to reduce local increases in runoff, particularly on frequent runoff events (up to 10-year frequency). Downstream drainage discharge points shall be provided with erosion protection and designed such that flow hydraulics exiting the site mimics the natural condition as much as possible. A drainage design hydrologic and hydraulic analysis shall be provided to the CPUC for review and approval prior to the initiation of construction.
Location	New substations.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to provide CPUC with a drainage plan for new substations showing compliance with this mitigation measure. CPUC monitor to verify compliance during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	No increase in runoff from new substations.

	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Responsible Agency	СРИС
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-6a: Scour protection to include avoidance of bank erosion and effects to adjacent property. A determination of towers requiring scour protection under WQ-APM 10 shall be made during the design phase by a registered professional engineer with expertise in river mechanics. All towers within the project shall be reviewed by the river mechanics engineer and the foundations of those towers determined to be subject to scour or lateral movement of a stream channel shall be protected by burial beneath the 100-year scour depth, setbacks from the channel bank, or bank protection as determined by the river mechanics engineer. An evaluation shall also be made regarding the potential for the tower and associated structures to induce erosion onto adjacent property. Should the potential for such erosion occur, the tower location shall be moved to avoid this erosion, or erosion protection (such as rip rap) provided for the adjacent property. This evaluation, and associated scour/erosion protection design plans, shall be submitted to the CPUC for review and approval 60 days prior to the initiation of construction of the towers.
Location	Stream crossings entire project.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to provide CPUC with an engineering report, sealed by a civil engineer registered in the State of California, demonstrating which towers may reasonably be subject to erosion during the life of the project. The report shall also provide plans for protection from scour, as well as an engineering demonstration that the tower and associated structures will not induce erosion onto adjacent property. CPUC monitor to verify compliance during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Towers to withstand scour with no adverse effect on adjacent property.
Responsible Agency	СРИС
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-7a: Develop Hazardous Substance Control and Emergency Response Plan for project operation. SDG&E shall prepare and implement a Hazardous Substance Control and Emergency Response Plan for project operation, and a copy shall be kept onsite at substations. This plan shall include definition of an emergency response program to ensure quick and safe cleanup of accidental spills, including prescriptions for hazardous-material handling to reduce the potential for a spill during construction. The plan will identify areas where refueling and vehicle-maintenance activities and storage of hazardous materials, if any, will be permitted. These directions and requirements will also be reiterated in the project SWPPP. SDG&E shall submit this Response Plan to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before construction.
Location	Entire project.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to provide CPUC with a Hazardous Substance Control and Emergency Response Plan for project operations, for review and approval, prior to completion of construction. This plan to include monitoring and reporting protocols and responsibilities.
Effectiveness Criteria	Implementation of a Hazardous Substance Control and Emergency Response Plan for project operations.
Responsible Agency	CPUC
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction		
MITIGATION MEASURE	H-8a: Bury power line below 100-year scour depth. At locations where the buried power line is to be at or adjacent to a stream bed capable of scour, the power line shall be located below the expected depth of scour from a 100-year flood, or otherwise protected from exposure by scour which, for purposes of this mitigations measure, also includes lateral (streambank) erosion and potential scour associated with flows overtopping or bypassing a culvert or bridge crossing. During final design, a registered civil engineer with expertise in hydrology, hydraulics, and river mechanics shall make a determination of where the underground line could be at risk of exposure through scour or erosion from a 100-year event. Plans for burying the line below the 100-year scour depth, or otherwise protecting the line from erosion, shall be submitted to CPUC for review and approval prior to construction. Engineering evaluation, and associated scour protection design plans, shall be submitted to the CPUC for review and approval 60 days prior to the initiation of construction. Compliance to be ensured during construction.		
Location	Underground stream crossings		
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Applicant to provide CPUC with an engineering report, sealed by a civil engineer registered in the State of California, demonstrating which crossings may be subject to scour. The report shall also provide plans for burying the line below the 100-year scour depth, or otherwise protecting the line from erosion. CPUC to review and approve the report, then monitor to verify compliance during construction.		
Effectiveness Criteria	Underground crossings to be protected from scour.		
Responsible Agency	CPUC		
Timing	Pre- and during construction		
Status			
Review / Approval Status			
WQ-APM-1	All construction and maintenance activities shall be conducted in a manner that minimizes disturbance to riparian/wetland vegetation, drainage channels, and intermittent and perennial stream banks to the extent feasible. (SDG&E)		
Location	Entire project area.		
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction		
Status			
Review / Approval Status			
WQ-APM-2	To the extent feasible, structures shall be placed so as to avoid sensitive features such as watercourses, or to allow conductors to clearly span the features, within limits of safety and standard structure design. (SDG&E)		
Location	Entire project area.		
Timing	Pre- and during construction		
Status			
Review / Approval Status			
WQ-APM-3	Specific sites as identified by authorized agencies (e.g., fragile watersheds) where construction equipment and vehicles are not allowed shall be clearly marked on-site before any construction or surface disturbing activities begin. Construction personnel shall be trained to recognize these markers and understand the equipment movement restrictions involved. (SDG&E)		
Location	Entire project area.		
Timing	Pre- and during construction		
Status			
Review / Approval Status			

Table G-1 Mitigation Ma	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
WQ-APM-4	 Adequate distance from stream banks and beds will be maintained during construction activities. Construction activities will use existing bridges to cross major streams and culverts in most dry intermittent streams.
	3. Surface water, riparian areas and floodplains will be spanned where feasible.
	4. A Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP) will be prepared and implemented.
	5. Storm Water Best Management Practices (BMPs) for construction will be implemented per the requirements of the project's SWPPP.
	6. Silt fencing, straw mulch, straw bale check dams would be installed as appropriate to contain sediment within construction work areas and staging areas. Where soils and slopes exhibit high erosion potential, erosion control blankets, matting, and other fabrics and/or other erosion control measures.
	7. The potential for increased sediment loading will be minimized by limiting road improvements to those necessary for project construction, operation and maintenance.
	8. Upland pull sites will be selected to minimize impacts to surface waters, riparian areas, wetlands and floodplains.
	 Structures will not be placed in streambeds or drainage channels to the extent feasible. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-5	Any stream crossings will be constructed at low flow periods and, if necessary, a site-specific mitigation and restoration plan would be developed. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along stream crossings.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-6	1. Designated surface water protection areas (source water) will be avoided.
	2. There will be no diversions, detention, retention or consumption of surface waters for the project.
	3. Prior to construction, interviews would take place with affected landowners regarding location of water supply wells located on their property.
	4. SDG&E will negotiate with affected landowner to provide alternative water supplies in the event a supply well or springs dry up directly caused by project activities. Negotiation shall be by either a remedial cash payment to the landowner or by SDG&E contracting for the drilling of a replacement well. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
WQ-APM-8	 In no case will groundwater removed during construction be discharged to surface waters or storm drains without first obtaining any required permits.
	If dewatering is necessary, the water will be contained and sampled to determine if contaminants requiring special disposal procedures are present.
	3. If the water tests sufficiently clean and land application is determined feasible per applicable SWRCB and RWQCB requirements, the water would be directed to relatively flat upland areas for evaporation and infiltration back to the water table, used for dust control, or used as makeup for a construction process (e.g., concrete production).
	4. Water determined to be unsuitable for land application or construction use would be disposed of in another appropriate manner, such as treatment and discharge to a sanitary sewer system in accordance with applicable permit requirements or hauled offsite to an approved disposal facility. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-9	Storage of fuels and hazardous materials will be prohibited within 200 feet of groundwater supply wells and within 400 feet of community or municipal wells. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-10	At locations where the project would cross below or pass adjacent to streams with erodible bed or banks, the burial depth shall be extended below the estimated 100-year depth of scour for that stream, or located at a sufficient distance from the bank as to avoid erosion that can reasonably be expected to occur during the life of the project. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area at locations that would cross below or pass adjacent to streams.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-11	Groundwater levels along the underground portion of the project will be tested by drilling pilot borings. The location, distribution, or frequency of such tests shall be determined to give adequate representation of the conditions. Locations where groundwater depth is less than eight feet below ground surface shall be identified prior to excavation activities and avoided, where possible. Avoidance is especially recommended where shallow groundwater flow direction is not parallel to the orientation of the alignment. Where avoidance is not possible, SDG&E shall consider constructing underground facilities in a shallower excavation, depending upon requirements of the underground method or existing underground facilities and other practical concerns. SDG&E shall document results of test drilling in a letter report to the CPUC construction starts and shall propose specific measures to minimize the impact on groundwater. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along underground portions of the project.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-13	Hazardous materials will not be disposed of onto the ground, the underlying groundwater, or any surface water. Totally enclosed containment will be provided for trash. Petroleum products and other potentially hazardous materials would be removed to a hazardous waste facility permitted or otherwise authorized to treat, store, or dispose of such materials. In the event of a release of hazardous materials to the ground, it will be promptly cleaned up in accordance with applicable regulations. (SDG&E)

Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-14	Secure any required General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity (NPDES permit) authorization from the State Water Resources Control Board and/or the RWQCB to conduct construction-related activities to build the project and establish and implement a SWPPP during construction to minimize hydrologic impacts. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-15	To the extent feasible, where the construction of access roads would disturb sensitive features such as streambeds, the route of the access road would be adjusted to avoid such impacts. Whenever practicable, construction and maintenance traffic would use existing roads or cross-country access routes (including the ROW) which avoid impacts to the sensitive feature. To minimize ground disturbance, construction traffic routes will be clearly marked with temporary markers such as easily visible flagging. Construction routes, or other means of avoidance, must be approved by the appropriate agency or landowner before use. Where it is not feasible for access roads to avoid streambed crossings, such crossings cannot be made at right angles, SDG&E would limit roads constructed parallel to streambeds to a maximum length of 500 feet at any one transmission line crossing location. Such parallel roads would be constructed in such a manner that minimizes potential adverse impacts on waters of the U.S. or waters of the state. Streambed crossings or roads constructed parallel to streambeds would require review and approval of necessary permits from the ACOE, CDFG, and SWRCB/RWQCB. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along access roads.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
WQ-APM-16	If sensitive water resource features contain riparian areas, habitats of endangered species, streambeds, cultural resources, and wetlands which cannot be avoided, a qualified biological contractor shall conduct site-specific assessments for each affected site. These assessments shall be conducted in accordance with ACOE wetland delineation guidelines, as well as CDFG streambed and lake assessment guidelines, and shall include impact minimization measures to reduce wetland impacts to a less than significant effect (e.g., through creation or restoration of wetlands). Though construction or maintenance vehicle access through shallow creeks or streams is allowed, staging/storage areas for equipment and materials shall be located outside of riparian areas. Construction of new access through streambeds that require filling for access purposes would require a Streambed Alteration Agreement from the CDFG and/or consultation/approval with the ACOE and SWRCB/RWQCB. Where filling is required for new access, the installation of properly sized culverts and the use of geo-textile matting should be considered in the CDFG/ACOE consultation process. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

MITIGATION MEASURE	G-2a: Protect desert pavement. Grading for new access roads or work areas in areas covered by
	desert pavement shall be avoided or minimized. If avoidance of these areas is not possible, the desert pavement surface shall be protected from damage or disturbance from construction vehicles by use of temporary mats on the surface. A plan for identification and avoidance or protection of sensitive desert pavement shall be prepared and submitted to the CPUC and BLM for review and
Location	approval at least 60 days prior to start of construction. All project locations where desert pavement occurs.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review plan and ensure that it is implemented in the field.
Effectiveness Criteria	Construction activities do not damage desert pavement.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, USFWS
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
	G-3a: Conduct geotechnical studies for soils to assess characteristics and aid in appro- priate foundation design. The design-level geotechnical studies to be performed by the Applicant shall identify the presence, if any, of potentially detrimental soil chemicals, such as chlorides and sulfates. Appropriate design measures for protection of reinforcement, concrete, and metal- structural components against corrosion shall be utilized, such as use of corrosion-resistant materials and coatings, increased thickness of project components exposed to potentially corrosive conditions, and use of passive and/or active cathodic protection systems. The geotechnical studies shall also identify areas with potentially expansive or collapsible soils and include appropriate design features, including excavation of potentially expansive or collapsible soils during construc- tion and replacement with engineered backfill, ground-treatment processes, and redirection of surface water and drainage away from expansive foundation soils. Studies shall conform to industry standards of care and ASTM standards for field and laboratory testing. Study results and proposed solutions shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before final project design.
Location	All project locations where permanent project structures will be installed.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review study results. Ensure that study recommendations are implemented during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project structures are not damaged by problematic soils.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	G-4a: Reduce effects of groundshaking. The design-level geotechnical investigations performed by the Applicant shall include site-specific seismic analyses to evaluate the peak ground accelerations for design of project components. Based on these findings, project structure designs shall be modified/strengthened, as deemed appropriate by the project engineer, if the anticipated seismic forces (high calculated peak vertical and horizontal ground accelerations due to severe groundshaking) are found to be greater than anticipated wind load stresses on project structures. Study results and proposed design modifications shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before final project design.
Location	All project locations where seismically induced groundshaking would potentially occur.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review study results. Ensure that study recommendations are implemented during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project structures are not damaged by liquefaction or lateral spreading.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction

Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	G-4b: Conduct geotechnical investigations for liquefaction. Because seismically induced liquefaction-related ground failure has the potential to damage or destroy project components, the design-level geotechnical investigations to be performed by the Applicant shall include investigations designed to assess the potential for liquefaction to affect the approved project and all associated facilities, specifically at tower locations in areas with potential liquefaction-related impacts. Where these hazards are found to exist, appropriate engineering design and construction measures shall be incorporated into the project designs as deemed appropriate by the project engineer. Design measures that would mitigate liquefaction-related impacts could include construction of pile foundations, ground improvement of liquefiable zones, installation of flexible bus connections, and incorporation of slack in cables to allow ground deformations without damage to structures. Study results and proposed solutions to mitigate liquefaction shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM for review and approval at least 60 days before final project design.
Location	All project areas where liquefaction would potentially occur.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review study results. Ensure that study recommendations are implemented during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project structures are not damaged by liquefaction or lateral spreading.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	G-5a: Minimize project structures within active fault zones. Prior to final project design SDG&E shall perform a geologic/geotechnical study to confirm the location of mapped traces of active and potentially active faults crossed by the project route. For crossings of active faults, the project design shall be planned so as not to locate towers or other project structures on the traces of active faults and in addition project components shall be placed as far as feasible outside the areas of mapped fault traces. Compliance with this measure shall be documented to the CPUC and BLM in a report submitted for review and approval at least 60 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	All Project locations that would cross active faults.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review report. Ensure that that the recommendations of the report are implemented during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project structures are not damaged by surface fault rupture.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
MITIGATION MEASURE	G-6a: Conduct geotechnical surveys for landslides and protect against slope instability. The design-level geotechnical surveys conducted by the Applicant shall perform slope stability analyses in areas of planned grading and excavation that cross and are immediately adjacent to hills and mountains. These surveys will acquire data that will allow identification of specific areas with the potential for unstable slopes, landslides, earth flows, and debris flows along the approved transmission line route and in other areas of ground disturbance, such as grading for access and spur roads. The investigations shall include an evaluation of subsurface conditions, identification of potential landslide hazards, and provide information for development of excavation plans and procedures. If the results of the geotechnical survey indicate the presence of unstable slopes at or adjacent to Proposed Project structures, appropriate support and protection measures shall be designed and implemented to maintain the stability of slopes adjacent to newly graded or regraded access roads, work areas, and project structures during and after construction, and to minimize potential for damage to project facilities. These design measures shall include, but are not limited to, retaining walls, visquene, removal of unstable materials, and avoidance of highly unstable areas. SDG&E shall document compliance with this measure prior to the final project design by submitting a report to the CPUC for review and approval at least 60 days before construction. The report shall document the investigations and detail the specific support and protection measures that will be implemented.
Location	All Project locations where slope instability would potentially occur.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Review study results. Ensure that study recommendations are implemented during construction.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project structures are not damaged by slope instability.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	G-9a: Coordinate with quarry operations. SDG&E shall coordinate with operations and management personnel, and with BLM, to determine status of and plans for active quarries adjacent to or crossed by project alignments. SDG&E shall develop a plan to avoid or minimize interference with mining operations in conjunction with mine/quarry operators prior to construction, and submit it for review and approval to the BLM and CPUC. If mine operators are out of compliance with BLM lease requirements, SDG&E shall coordinate with all parties to resolve the situation and shall demonstrate compliance with this measure prior to the start of construction. If active mining areas require a reroute of the existing SWPL or the Interstate 8 Alternative route, SDG&E shall provide a detailed map documenting proposed new tower and access road location(s), as well as a summary of environmental impacts that would occur (biological and cultural resources surveys must be completed).
Location	All Project locations that would cross active and potentially active quarries, specifically the Interstate 8 Alternative.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	Verify coordination has taken place and an agreement has been reached.
Effectiveness Criteria	Project does not interfere with mining operations.
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
GEO-APM-1	No widening or upgrading of existing access roads will be undertaken where soils are very sensitive to disturbance, except repairs, widening or upgrades necessary to make roads passable. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area along existing access roads.
Timing	Pre- and during construction

Review / Approval Status GEO-APM-2 1. Vehicle and construction equipment use will be restricted to access roads and areas in the immediate vicinity of construction work sites to help reduce soil disturbance. 2. In agricultural areas, topsoil would be left in roughened condition. 3. When practical, construction activities will be avoided on wet soil to reduce the potential for soil compaction, rutiling, and loss of soil productivity. 4. Disturbed areas will be returned to their pre-construction contours and allowed to re-vegetate naturally, or will be reseeded with an appropriate seed mixture if necessary. 5. Affected landowners having property directly impacted by the project will be compensated to disc or till soil upon construction completion. 6. Construction of access roads in inaccessible terrain will be reduced by using helicopters to place structures in select locations. (SDG&E) Location Entire project area. Timing Pre- and during construction Status Review / Approval Status GEO-APM-3 Structures placement in areas of high shrink/swell potential will be avoided where possible. (SDG&E) Location Entire project area. Timing Pre- and during construction Status Review / Approval Status GEO-APM-4 Structures will be placed in geologically stable areas, avoiding fault lines, brittle surface rock and bedrock, etc. (SDG&E) Location<	Status	
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Status	Location	Entire project area.
	Timing	Pre- and during construction
Review / Approval Status	Status	
	Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
GEO-APM-6	In areas where ground disturbance is substantial or where re-contouring is required (e.g., marshaling yards, tower sites, spur roads from existing access roads), surface restoration will occur as necessary for erosion control and re-vegetation. The method of restoration will normally consist of returning disturbed areas back to their original contour, reseeding (if required), installing cross drains for erosion control, placing water bars in the road, and filling ditches for erosion control. Potential for erosion will be minimized on access roads and other locations primarily with water bars. The water bars will be constructed using mounds of soil shaped to direct the flow of runoff and prevent erosion. Soil spoils created during ground disturbance or re-contouring shall be disposed of only on previously disturbed areas, or used immediately to fill eroded areas. Cleared vegetation can be hauled off-site to a permitted disposal location, or may be chipped or shredded to an appropriate size and spread in disturbed areas of the ROW with the approval of the biological monitor. To limit impact to existing vegetation, appropriately sized equipment (e.g., bulldozers, scrapers, backhoes, bucket-loaders, etc.) will be used during all ground disturbance and re-contouring activities. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
GEO-APM-8	During construction, SDG&E would remove or stabilize boulders uphill of structures that pose potentially high risk of landslide damage to those structures and would position structures to span over potential landslide areas to the greatest extent feasible. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	S-2a: Notify public of utility service interruption. Prior to construction in which a utility service interruption is known to be unavoidable, SDG&E shall notify members of the public affected by the planned outage by mail of the impending interruption, and shall post flyers informing the public of the service interruption in neighborhoods affected by the planned outage. Copies of notices and dates of public notification shall be provided to the CPUC and BLM.
Location	Locations where existing utility services would have planned interruption of services.
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that SDG&E posted notices/flyers and that copies have been submitted to the CPUC and the BLM.
Effectiveness Criteria	Residents and landowners are informed of planned outages.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM.
Timing	Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	S-2b: Protect underground utilities. Prior to construction of the underground transmission line, SDG&E shall submit to the CPUC and BLM written documentation, including evidence of review by the appropriate jurisdictions, including the following:

Construction plans designed to protect existing utilities and showing the dimensions and location
of the finalized alignment
Decords that the Applicant provided the plans to affected jurisdiction for review, revision and final

- Records that the Applicant provided the plans to affected jurisdiction for review, revision and final approval

- Evidence that the project meets all necessary local requirements
 Evidence of compliance with design standards
 Copies of any necessary permits, agreements, or conditions of approval
 Records of any discretionary decisions made by the appropriate agencies.

Location	Along the entire route, especially during underground construction where existing utility services would potentially be disrupted or a collocation accident would potentially occur.

	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM shall monitor to verify that SDG&E provides the CPUC with documentation
Effectiveness Criteria	Minimal disruption of existing utilities
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM
Timing	Pre-construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	S-3b: Use reclaimed water. To the extent feasible, SDG&E shall coordinate with local water districts in advance in order to efficiently obtain reclaimed or potable water for delivery to the construction sites and to meet any restrictions imposed by them. The Applicant shall provide a letter describing the availability of reclaimed water and efforts made to obtain it for use during construction to the CPUC and BLM a minimum of 60 days prior to the start of construction.
Location	All project locations
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM shall monitor to verify that SDG&E provides the CPUC with documentation
Effectiveness Criteria	Use of reclaimed water (recommended but not required for implementation)
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
PSU-APM-1	SDG&E has and will continue to coordinate with all utility providers with facilities located within or adjacent to the Proposed Project to ensure that design does not conflict with other facilities. In the event of a conflict, the project will be aligned vertically and/or horizontally as appropriate to avoid other utilities and provide adequate operational and safety buffering. Alternately, the other existing facilities may be relocated. Long-term operations and maintenance of the project will be negotiated through easement, purchased right-of-way, franchise agreement, or joint use agreement. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction.
Status	5
Review / Approval Status	
PSU-APM-2	Underground Service Alert would be notified a minimum of 48 hours in advance of earth-disturbing activities in order to identify any buried utility lines. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
PSU-APM-3	SDG&E will coordinate construction schedules, lane closures, and other activities with installation of the project with emergency and police services to ensure that disruption to response times and access is minimized. (SDG&E)
Location	Entire project area.
Timing	Pre- and during construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	

Table G-1. Mitigation M	Table G-1. Mitigation Measures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction	
MITIGATION MEASURE	— F-1a: Develop and implement a Construction Fire Prevention Plan. SDG&E shall develop a multi-agency Construction Fire Prevention Plan for the SRPL and monitor construction activities to ensure implementation and effectiveness of the plan. Plan reviewers shall include: CPUC, CAL FIRE, San Diego and Imperial Counties, BLM, CNF, and City fire agencies. SDG&E shall provide a draft copy of this Plan to each listed agency at least 90 days before the start of any construction activities. Comments on the Plan shall be provided by SDG&E to all other participants, and SDG&E shall resolve each comment in consultation with CAL FIRE. The final Plan shall be approved by CAL FIRE at least 30 days prior to the initiation of construction activities. SDG&E shall fully implement the Plan during all construction and maintenance activities.	
	— (F-1a) All construction work on the SRPL shall follow the Construction Fire Prevention Plan guide- lines and commitments, and Plan contents are to be incorporated into the standard construction contracting agreements for the construction of the SRPL. Primary Plan implementation responsibility shall remain with SDG&E.	
	— (F-1a) At a minimum, Plan contents shall include the requirements of Title 14 of the California Code of Regulations, Article 8 #918 "Fire Protection" (Refer to Section D.15.3), all components of the Sempra Utilities Wildland Fire Prevention and Fire Safety Guide (2007) in Appendix 3D, and the elements listed below:	
	• During the construction phase of the project, SDG&E shall implement ongoing fire patrols during the fire season as defined each year by local, State, and federal fire agencies. These dates vary from year to year, generally occurring from late spring through dry winter periods.	
	 Fire Suppression Resource Inventory – In addition to CCR Title 14, 918.1(a), (b), and (c), SDG&E shall update in writing the 24-hour contact information and onsite fire suppression equipment, tools, and personnel list on quarterly basis and provide it to the CPUC, BLM, and to State and federal fire agencies. 	
	 During Red Flag Warning events, as issued daily by the National Weather Service in SRAs and Local Responsibility Areas (LRA), and when the USFS Project Activity Level (PAL) is Very High on CNF (as appropriate), all construction and maintenance activities shall cease. Exception for transmission line testing: A transmission line may be tested, one time only, if the loss of another transmission facility could lead to system instability or cascading outages. Utility and contractor personnel shall be informed of changes to the Red Flag event status and PAL as stipulated by CAL FIRE and CNF. 	
	 All construction crews and inspectors shall be provided with radio and cellular telephone access that is operational along the entire length of the approved route to allow for immediate reporting of fires. Communication pathways and equipment shall be tested and confirmed operational each day prior to initiating construction activities at each construction site. All fires shall be reported to the fire agencies with jurisdiction in the project area immediately upon ignition. 	
	• Each crew member shall be trained in fire prevention, initial attack firefighting, and fire reporting. Each member shall carry at all times a laminated card listing pertinent telephone numbers for reporting fires and defining immediate steps to take if a fire starts. Information on contact cards shall be updated and redistributed to all crewmembers as needed, and outdated cards destroyed, prior to the initiation of construction activities on the day the information change goes into effect.	
	• Each member of the construction crew shall be trained and equipped to extinguish small fires in order to prevent them from growing into more serious threats. Each crew member shall at all times be within 100 yards of a vehicle containing equipment necessary for fire suppression as outlined in the final Construction Fire Plan.	
Location	Along entire Proposed Project and Alternatives	
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, CAL FIRE, San Diego and Imperial Counties, BLM, CNF, and City fire agencies will review SDG&E's Construction Fire Prevention Plan and ensure its implementation.	
Effectiveness Criteria	Approval and implementation of the Plan Quarterly updates to agencies Work stoppage during Red Flag Warnings and Very High PAL	
Responsible Agency	CPUC, CAL FIRE, San Diego and Imperial Counties, BLM, CNF, and City fire agencies.	
Timing	Pre- and during construction	
Status		
Review / Approval Status		

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MITIGATION MEASURE	F-1b: Amend and implement Sempra Utilities Wildland Fire Prevention and Fire Safety Guide (2007). The draft SDG&E Plan and final Sempra Utilities Wildland Fire Prevention and Fire Safety Guide (2007) are presented in Appendix 3D. The Amended Plan shall, at a minimum, include all of the provisions of the Final Plan and the Construction Fire Plan (per Mitigation Measure F-1a). The plan shall be revisited and updated once every five years to incorporate new regulations, practices, technologies, and fire science research. SDG&E shall submit the Plan for review and comment by the following agencies at least 90 days prior to energizing the Proposed Project: CPUC, BLM, U.S. Forest Service, and ABDSP, and shall submit the Plan (with agency comments incorporated) for review and approval by Cal Fire at least 90 days prior to energizing the Proposed Project.
Location	Along entire Proposed Project and Alternatives
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC, BLM, CAL FIRE, U.S. Forest Service, and ABDSP will review and comment and CAL FIRE will approve the SDG&E Fire Plan for Electric Standard Practice. CPUC and BLM will verify adoption of plan.
Effectiveness Criteria	Approval and implementation of the Plan Quarterly updates to agencies Work stoppage during Red Flag Warnings and Very High PAL
Responsible Agency	CPUC, BLM, CAL FIRE, U.S. Forest Service, and ABDSP
Timing	Post construction, pre-energizing the line.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	F-1d: Remove hazards from the work area. The Applicant shall clear dead and decaying vegetation from the work area prior to starting construction and/or maintenance work. The work area includes only those areas where personnel are active or where equipment is in use or stored, and may include portions of the transmission right-of-way (ROW), construction laydown areas, pull sites, access roads, parking pads, and any other sites adjacent to the ROW where personnel are active or where equipment is in use or stored. Cleared dead and decaying vegetation shall either be removed or chipped and spread onsite in piles no higher than six (6) inches.
Location	Along entire Proposed Project and Alternatives
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitor SDG&E work areas.
Effectiveness Criteria	Work areas remain clear of brush and dead and decaying vegetation
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	F-3a: Contribute to Powerline Firefighting Mitigation Fund. The Applicant shall contribute an annual sum to local, State, and federal fire protection districts in the project vicinity through the mechanism of a new Powerline Firefighting Mitigation Fund, which shall be organized and carried out by SDG&E, and shall be subject to the oversight of the CPUC for the life of the Fund. Funding shall be used toward fire prevention measures and protection equipment and services, as appropriate to each jurisdiction. An increase in funding for fire prevention and suppression services and equipment will increase the probability of a fire being successfully contained, especially during normal weather conditions, and will therefore partially mitigate the significant barrier the transmission line poses to firefighting operations. The annual sum shall be based on an equivalent fuelbreak mitigation (presented as Mitigation Measure F-3a in the Draft EIR/EIS), which is an alternative means of partially mitigating the significant effect that the presence of the transmission line on firefighting operations, but which would be jurisdictionally infeasible. This shall be \$1,000 per acre for the first year plus \$250 per acre for each subsequent year for the life of the project (in 2008 United States Dollars), based on the number of miles of Wildfire Containment Conflict listed in Table D.15-26 (see below). Should CAL FIRE wish to take over administrative authority for the Powerline Firefighting Mitigation Fund, an administrative transfer shall not be in violation of Mitigation Measure F-3a.
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Table G-1. Mitigation M	easures and Applicant Proposed Measures – Pre-Construction
Monitoring / Reporting Action	SDG&E provides proof of annual payment. CPUC, BLM, and U.S. Forest Service will ensure SDG&E contributes annually to the fund and shall have oversight for the life of the fund. The funds shall be used toward fire prevention measures and protection equipment and services.
Effectiveness Criteria	Annual sum is paid to Powerline Firefighting Mitigation Fund.
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM, U.S. Forest Service
Timing	Pre-, during and post construction
Status	
Review / Approval Status	
MITIGATION MEASURE	F-3b: Prepare and implement a Multi-agency Fire Prevention MOU. A Memorandum of Under- standing (MOU) for the SRPL shall be created and implemented between SDG&E and the CAL FIRE San Diego Unit, Cleveland National Forest, and other agencies as appropriate using the existing Southwest Powerlink MOU as a template. The MOU shall be adopted prior to energizing the new transmission line. The purpose of this Multi-agency Fire Prevention MOU is to efficiently coordinate all aspects of agency and utility fire prevention plans and practices. The MOU shall integrate the following components of the utility fire plan with existing agency fire plans: fire pre- vention, firefighter safety, emergency communication, firefighter training of both ground and aerial utility personnel, and others as appropriate. Financial commitments of each participating organiza- tion to pre-fire planning, preparedness, and prevention programs shall be stipulated in the MOU. The MOU shall stipulate the mechanism for defensible space grants distribution (Mitigation Measure F-1e). This MOU shall be periodically reviewed and updated at a minimum of once every five years to accommodate changes in regulations and environmental conditions. A community education and outreach program on the fire prevention plans and practices implemented by the MOU shall be adopted. A key element of the MOU shall be ensuring immediate transmission line de-energizing during fire emergencies and ensuring adequate and immediate communication to fire agencies of line de- energizing. SDG&E shall provide all appropriate local, State, and federal fire dispatching agencies with an on-call contact person (Fire Coordinator) who has the authority to shut down the line in areas affected by a fire. The transmission line shall be de-energized prior to and during fire sup- pression activities within 1,000 feet of the transmission corridor to maintain firefighter safety, and re-energizing shall require notification of all fire agencies.
Location	Along entire Proposed Project and Alternatives
Monitoring / Reporting Action	CPUC/BLM monitor verifies that MOU is created and implemented between SDG&E and the CAL FIRE San Diego Unit, Cleveland National Forest, and other agencies as appropriate.
Effectiveness Criteria	MOU is drafted, agreed upon, and reviewed every five (5) years
Responsible Agency	CPUC; BLM
Timing	Pre-, during, and post construction.
Status	
Review / Approval Status	