Attachment A
Response to #1
TDS Happy Valley GIS Geodatabase File List
TDS_HappyValley_env_GIS.gdb

**Feature Dataset: env**

**Feature class name**

- big_scale_balsamroot_survey (Geometry Type Polygon)
- bio_resources_study_area_50ftbuffer (Geometry Type Polygon)
- BLM_adjacent_to_proposed_TDS_fiber (Geometry Type Polygon)
- BLM_adjacent_to_proposed_TDS_fiber_CoParcel (Geometry Type Polygon)
- BoreLocations (Geometry Type Polyline)
- existing_nodes_DLCsites (Geometry Type Point)
- extended_bores (Geometry Type Polyline)
- proposed_nodes_DLCsites (Geometry Type Point)
- TDS_Existing_Fiber (Geometry Type Polyline)
- TDS_Proposed_Fiber (Geometry Type Polyline)
- sensitive_receptors (Geometry Type Point)
- existing_TDS_fiber (Geometry Type Polyline)
- waterway_crossings (Geometry Type Polygon)
- wetlands (Geometry Type Polygon)
- Zoning_Shasta_Co (Geometry Type Polygon)

revised 2/14/2017, JDL
Attachment B
Response to #4
Seed Mix Specification Sheet
California Ecological Unit M261Ai
Eastern Klamath Mountains

USFS Ecoregions of California 1997

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Domain</th>
<th>200</th>
<th>HUMID TEMPERATE DOMAIN</th>
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<tr>
<td>Division</td>
<td>M260</td>
<td>MEDITERRANEAN REGIME MOUNTAINS</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Province</td>
<td>M261</td>
<td>FOREST-ALPINE MEADOWS OF WESTERN OCEANIC (MEDITERR)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Section</td>
<td>M261A</td>
<td>Klamath Mountains</td>
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<tr>
<td>Subsection</td>
<td>M261Ai</td>
<td>Eastern Klamath Mountains</td>
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USDA-NRCS Major Land Resource Regions and Areas 1994

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Domain</th>
<th>LRR1994</th>
<th>A Northwestern Forest, Forage, and Specialty Crop</th>
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<tr>
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Sunset Climate Zones 2001

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<th>Summer</th>
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<td>2B Intermountain</td>
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Selected Seed Specifications

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<tr>
<th>SpecID</th>
<th>Spec Type</th>
<th>Mix Type</th>
<th>Taxa Count</th>
<th>Sum PLS/ft2</th>
<th>Spec Details</th>
<th>Spec Excel</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>19</td>
<td>Biofilter</td>
<td>AnnGrass--PerGrass / AnnForb--PerForb</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>Spec19 details</td>
<td>Spec19 XLS</td>
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</table>
Seed Specification 19

**Biofilter**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Spec Status</th>
<th>Sum PLS/ft²</th>
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<th>Lifeform</th>
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<tr>
<td>DEFAULT</td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>08_Forb</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>10_TrueGrass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>11_Graminoid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>10_TrueGrass</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>10_TrueGrass</td>
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<td>353</td>
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</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>353</td>
<td>CANative19</td>
<td>10_TrueGrass</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Mix Type:** AnnGrass--PerGrass / AnnForb--PerForb

**Spec Notes:** Promotes biofiltration of unwanted chemicals potentially present in runoff water

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Vernacular Name</th>
<th>Accepted Taxon</th>
<th>Cultivar Name</th>
<th>iiPLS acPdersLifeForm</th>
<th>Duration</th>
<th>Legume</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Western Yarrow</td>
<td><em>Achillea millefolium</em> L. subsp. lanulosa (Nutt.) Pi</td>
<td>[anonymous]270000047</td>
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<td>08_Forb</td>
<td>Perennial&gt;3YrYes</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Mountain Brome</td>
<td><em>Bromus marginatus</em> Nees ex Steud.</td>
<td>[anonymous]100000 48</td>
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<tr>
<td>Clustered Field Sedge</td>
<td><em>Carex praegracilis</em> W.Boott</td>
<td>[anonymous]665000 49</td>
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<tr>
<td>Blue Wildrye</td>
<td><em>Elymus glaucus</em> Buckley subsp. glaucus Hordeum brachyantherum Nevski</td>
<td>[anonymous]100000 46</td>
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<tr>
<td>Barley</td>
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<td>[anonymous]98160 50</td>
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<td>10,TrueGrass</td>
<td>Perennial&gt;3YrYes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Beardless Wildrye</td>
<td><em>Leymus triticoides</em> (Buckley) Pilger</td>
<td>[anonymous]145800 43</td>
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<td>10,TrueGrass</td>
<td>Perennial&gt;3YrYes</td>
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<tr>
<td>Spanish Lotus</td>
<td><em>Lotus purshianus</em> (Benth.) Clements et E.G.Clements Vulpia microstachys (Nutt.) Munro in Benth.</td>
<td>[anonymous]103908 18</td>
<td>CANative</td>
<td>08_Forb</td>
<td>Annual No</td>
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<td>Small Fescue</td>
<td><em>Vulpia microstachys</em> (Nutt.) Munro in Benth.</td>
<td>[anonymous]551334 53</td>
<td>CANative</td>
<td>10,TrueGrass</td>
<td>Annual Yes</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

2/14/2017 17:5 PM


2/14/2017
Attachment C
Response to #5
PEA Checklist section 3.7.2.3; Section V(11) of the Information and Criteria List
PEA Checklist section 3.7.2.3; section V(11) of the Information and Criteria List
# Table of Contents

Hand Hole Spec 24x36x36.................................................................................................................. 2
Hand hole Spec 30x48x30.................................................................................................................. 3
Hand hole Spec 36x60x30.................................................................................................................. 4
3D FDH on Hand Hole ...................................................................................................................... 5
Small Cabinet Spec.......................................................................................................................... 6
Medium Cabinet Spec...................................................................................................................... 7
Large Cabinet Spec.......................................................................................................................... 8
Landscape Damage .......................................................................................................................... 9
Temporary Traffic Control................................................................................................................. 9
Site Restoration and Post Construction Evaluation........................................................................... 10
Excavation And Backfills ............................................................................................................... 10
Scheduling and Conflicts.................................................................................................................. 11
Special Requirements...................................................................................................................... 11
Excavation........................................................................................................................................ 12
Hand Hole Excavation ..................................................................................................................... 15
Backfilling with Granular Backfill.................................................................................................... 16
Compaction Outside Road Right-of-Way........................................................................................ 17
Compaction Within Road Right-of-Way.......................................................................................... 17
References....................................................................................................................................... 17
Soil Testing......................................................................................................................................... 17
Hand Hole Kits

**Ordering Information**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Catalog Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>30” x 60” Hand Hole and cover kit for extra small (24-144 fibers), small (72-288 fibers) and medium (72-432 fibers) cabinets</td>
<td>FMS-ACE100-KIT-A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48” x 60” Hand Hole and cover kit for extra small (24-144 fibers), small (72-288 fibers) and medium (72-432 fibers) cabinets</td>
<td>FMS-FD3EG-LKIT-A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>48” x 60” Hand Hole and cover kit for large (72-864 fibers) cabinets</td>
<td>FMS-FD3J-KIT-A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Index</td>
<td>Length</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------</td>
<td>--------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Small Cabinet (72-288 Ports)

[Image of small cabinet with various components and wiring]
Landscape Damage

1.01 Landscape Damage

    Repair slopes or other existing facilities that were damaged after starting job site activities and before starting plant establishment.

    As ordered, replace plants that have been damaged from either or both of the following conditions:

    1. Ambient air temperature falling below 32 degrees F during the plant establishment period
    2. Department or its supplier restricting or stopping water delivery during the plant establishment period

    This plant replacement work is change order work.

    Repair slopes or other existing facilities that were damaged before starting job site activities.

    Repair slopes or other existing facilities that were damaged by a change in the runoff pattern from that which existed on the date of the Notice to Bidders and was the result of work by others within the highway.

    Replace plants and repair slopes, irrigation systems, and other highway facilities damaged as a result of rain during the plant establishment period.

TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL

1.02 TEMPORARY TRAFFIC CONTROL

1.02.01 GENERAL

Section 1.04-01 includes general specifications for flagging, placing and installing temporary traffic-handling equipment and devices, maintaining traffic, placing and installing temporary traffic control systems, and placing temporary pavement delineation. Temporary traffic control must comply with part 6, "Temporary Traffic Control," of the California MUTCD. For the California MUTCD, go to the Department's Web site.

1.02.02 FLAGGERS

Flagging apparel, traffic control devices, and equipment for flaggers must comply with part 6, "Temporary Traffic Control," of the California MUTCD. Assign flaggers to control traffic and to warn the public of any dangerous conditions resulting from work activities. Maintain flagging apparel, traffic control devices, and equipment for flaggers in good repair at all times.

1.02.03 FLAGGING COSTS

Contractor is responsible for the cost of furnishing all flaggers, including transporting flaggers and furnishing stands and towers for flaggers to provide for the passage of traffic through the work as specified in sections 7-1.03 and 7-1.04. The Department determines the cost under section 9-1.04 and pays you 1/2 of the cost. Furnishing and operating pilot cars if ordered is change order work.
SITE RESTORATION AND POST CONSTRUCTION EVALUATION

PART 2 - GENERAL

2.01 SITE RESTORATION AND POST CONSTRUCTION EVALUATION
All surfaces affected by the work shall be restored to their pre-existing conditions.
The permittee/contractor shall provide a set of as-built drawings to include both alignment and profile.

Drawings should be constructed from actual field readings. Raw data shall be submitted as part of the “As-Built” document. The contractor shall stipulate the tracking method used to ensure the data was captured.

EXCAVATION AND BACKFILL

PART 3 - GENERAL

3.01 SECTION INCLUDES

A. Excavation for Hand Hole Placement

B. Structure placement and backfill.

3.02 DESCRIPTION OF WORK

A. Perform all excavations required to complete the work shown in the Plans.

B. Prepare trench excavations and shoring, if required for new work, and install the utility lines, structures and system components, including foundation stabilization.

C. Complete specified backfill operation.

3.03 SUBMITTALS

A. Results of Standard Proctor and In-Place Density Tests on backfill, if required.

C. Upon requests, the Contractor will provide Material Certifications to the Permitting Authority.

3.04 SUBSTITUTIONS

A. Use only materials conforming to these specifications unless permitted otherwise by Permitting Authority.

B. Obtain approval of Permitting Authority for all substitutions prior to use.
3.05 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

A. Deliver only materials that fully conform to these specifications, or for which submittals have been provided to Permitting Authority and approved for use.

B. Store delivered materials and excavated materials in locations that will not interfere with road operations and minimize environmental damage.

C. Grade and shape stockpiles for drainage and protect adjacent areas from runoff. Provide erosion control around stockpiles.

D. Remove unsuitable and excess materials from the site.

SCHEDULING AND CONFLICTS

3.06 SCHEDULING AND CONFLICTS

A. Construction Sequence:

1. Attend a preconstruction meeting if required by Permitting Authority.

2. Submit plan for construction sequence and schedule prior to commencing construction.

B. Conflict Avoidance:

1. Expose possible conflicts in advance of construction, such as utility lines and drainage structures. Contractor shall verify elevations and locations of each and verify clearance for proposed construction.

2. Complete other elements of the work which can affect line and grade in advance of other open cut construction unless noted on plans.

3. Notify Permitting Authority of conflicts discovered or changes needed to accommodate unknown or changed conditions.

SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

3.07 SPECIAL REQUIREMENTS

A. Stop Work: Stop work and notify Permitting Authority immediately if contaminated soils, historical artifacts, or other environmental or historic items are encountered.

B. Conform to local, state, and federal requirements.

C. Abandoned Utilities: Remove and dispose of abandoned utility lines including, telephone conduits, service lines, etc. required to complete the work. Said work shall be incidental to the project unless otherwise specified.
**Excavation**

**PART 4**

**4.01 EXCAVATION MATERIALS**

A. Suitable Excavated Materials For Backfill:

1. Soil, clay, silt, sand and gravel with moisture content suitable to achieve required compaction. ASTM D 2321, Class II through IVA.

2. Fine-grained soils according to ASTM D 2321 Class IVB (inorganic) may be used in the final backfill upon approval of the Jurisdictional Engineer.

3. Adjust moisture content of excessively wet, but otherwise acceptable material by spreading, turning, aerating, and otherwise working material as necessary to achieve required moisture range.

4. Adjust moisture content of excessively dry, but otherwise acceptable material by adding water, then turning, mixing, and otherwise blending the water uniformly throughout the material until the required moisture range is achieved.

5. Lime or fly ash may be added to earth material to produce a suitable backfill material. Uniformly mix soil and additive. Prepare new Standard Proctor Tests of the modified material. Amount of additive applied is subject to Jurisdictional Engineer’s approval.

G. Non-Manufactured (Excavated) Backfill Materials:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Class</th>
<th>Type</th>
<th>Soil Group Symbol D 2487</th>
<th>Description</th>
<th>Percentage Passing Sieve Sizes</th>
<th>Atterberg Limits</th>
<th>Coefficients</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>II</td>
<td>GW</td>
<td>GW</td>
<td>Well-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures; little or no fines</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>50% of “Course Fraction”</td>
<td>Non Plastic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>GP</td>
<td>GP</td>
<td>Poorly-graded gravels and gravel-sand mixtures; little or no fines.</td>
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<td></td>
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<td>SW</td>
<td>SW</td>
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<td>&gt;50% of “Coarse Fraction”</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td></td>
<td>SP</td>
<td>SP</td>
<td>Poorly-graded sands and gravelly sands; little or no fines.</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Coarse-Grained Soils, borderline clean to w/fines</td>
<td>e.g. GW-GC, SP-SM</td>
<td>Sands and gravels which are borderline between clean and with fines.</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>Varies</td>
<td>5% to 12%</td>
<td>Non Plastic</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>---</td>
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<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
<td>---</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>III Coarse-Grained Soils, with Fines</td>
<td>GM</td>
<td>Silty gravels, gravel-sand-silt mixtures.</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>&lt;50% of “Coarse Fraction”</td>
<td>&lt;4 or &lt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td>&lt;7 and &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
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<tr>
<td>GC</td>
<td>Clayey gravels, gravel-sand-clay mixtures.</td>
<td>&gt;50% of “Coarse Fraction”</td>
<td>&gt;4 or &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td>&gt;7 and &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
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<tr>
<td>SM</td>
<td>Silty sands, sand-silt mixtures.</td>
<td>&gt;50% of “Coarse Fraction”</td>
<td>&gt;4 or &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td>&gt;7 and &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SC</td>
<td>Clayey sands, sand-clay mixtures.</td>
<td>&gt;50% of “Coarse Fraction”</td>
<td>&gt;4 or &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td>&gt;7 and &gt;&quot;A&quot; Line</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
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</tbody>
</table>

| IVA Fine-Grained Soils (inorganic) | ML | Inorganic silts and very fine sands, rock flour, silty or clayey fine sands, silts with slight plasticity. | 100% | 100% | >50% | >50 | <50<4 or <"A" Line |
| CL | Inorganic clays of low to medium plasticity, gravelly clays, sandy clays, silty clay, lean clays. | >50 | >"A" Line |

| IVB Fine-Grained Soils (inorganic) | MH | Inorganic silts, micaceous or diatomaceous fine sandy or silty soils, elastic silts. | 100% | 100% | >50% | >50 | >50 | >"A" Line |
| CH | Inorganic clays of high plasticity, fat clays. | >"A" Line |

| V Organic Soils (Unsuitable for backfill) | OL | Organic silts and organic silty clays of low plasticity. | 100% | 100% | >50% | >50 | <4 or <"A" Line |
| OH | Organic Clays of Medium to high plasticity, organic silts. | >50 | >"A" Line |
| PT | Peat and other high organic soils. | >"A" Line |

Figure 1

**H. Unsuitable Material:** Unsuitable materials such as trees, stumps, waste construction materials, scrap metals, and other materials not suitable for backfilling or for topsoil.

1. Rock with gradation not meeting the stated gradation for Stabilization Material.
2. Individual stones or concrete chunks larger than 6 inches, and averaging more than one per each cubic foot of earth.

3. Frozen materials.

4. Stumps, logs, branches, and brush.

5. Trash or construction waste.

6. Earth in clumps or clods larger than 6 inches, and without sufficient fine materials to fill voids during placement.

7. Earth, outside of the suitable soil range.


I. Replacement of Unsuitable Earth Materials:

1. If the excavated material is determined by the Permitting Authority to be unsuitable and cannot be conditioned so that it becomes suitable, furnish all necessary earth backfill material.

2. Remove and dispose of unsuitable material from the site.

B. Porous Backfill Material:

1. Crushed stone or gravel with the following gradation:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sieve</th>
<th>Percent Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3/4 inch</td>
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<td>1/2 inch</td>
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<td>3/8 inch</td>
<td>50 to 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 4</td>
<td>10 to 50</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 8</td>
<td>0 to 8</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

C. Coarse Aggregate: Use Stabilization Materials.

D. Pea Gravel: Use commercially available pea gravel.

E. Impervious Bedding: Use least permeable on-site materials.
HAND HOLE EXCAVATION

4.02 HAND HOLE EXCAVATION

A. Notify Permitting Authority prior to start of excavation activities.

B. Remove and stockpile top 8 inches of topsoil for subsequent reuse.

C. Place excavated material away from trench. Grade spoil piles to drain. Do not allow spoil piles to obstruct drainage.

D. Remove rock, rubbish, boulders, debris, and other unsuitable materials at least 6 inches below, and on each side of the pipe. Restore grade using soil suitable for backfill.

E. Provide protective fences and barricades around open excavations, appropriate to the surrounding area.

F. Hand Hole Excavation:

1. Maximum Hand Hole trench width: Limit width at top of hand hole diameter of the hand hole, plus 24 inches, plus minimum clearance for shoring, sheeting, or trench box (if any).

2. Flat Hand hole bottom, conduit bearing directly on trench bottom of 12 inches of placed pea gravel.

3. Hand Hole bottom, conduit supported by pea gravel material.
   a. Excavate hole as shown in Detailed Drawings.
   b. Install bedding material to support the full length and width of the Hand Hole

4. Hand Hole Trench depth:
   a. See Specification per Hand Hole size being placed.
   b. For those material types not shown in Figure 1 and maximum height of bury will be 3 feet plus 12 inches clean pea gravel.

5. All trench operations shall conform to current OSHA regulations.

G. Moisture Control:

1. Moisture control is required; backfill material shall be placed in Bottom of Hand Hole not less than 12 inches in thickness.
H. Backfilling with Excavated Material:

1. When flowable mortar, controlled low strength material, or granular backfill is not specified in the contract documents, excavated material shall be used.

2. Backfilling shall continue to natural ground line unless there are inadequate quantities of suitable excavated material.

3. If there is inadequate quantities of suitable excavated material, backfilling shall be continued until the suitable material is depleted.

4. Material used for backfilling shall be free from organic material, boulders or broken concrete over 6 inches in the greatest dimension, or frozen material.

5. At the time soil is placed for backfill, its moisture content shall be suitable for compaction. When compaction with moisture control is required by the contract documents, the moisture content in the backfill material shall be increased or reduced, as necessary, to bring the moisture within the designated moisture limits prior to and during placement and compaction.

Backfilling with Granular Backfill

I. Backfilling with Granular Backfill:

1. When granular backfill material is specified, backfill material shall meet the following requirements. When the volume of material excavated exceeds that of backfill required by the contract documents, the quantity of granular backfill material furnished shall be increased to provide backfill for the excess volume of excavation.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sieve</th>
<th>Percent Passing</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>3 inch</td>
<td>100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 8</td>
<td>20 to 100</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>No. 200</td>
<td>0 to 10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: Crushed stone shall have 100% passing the 1" sieve.

2. Granular backfill shall be constructed in layers of not more than 8 inches. Each layer shall be thoroughly tamped or vibrated to insure compaction. The Engineer may require granular material to be moistened with water during backfilling operations.

3. Backfill in Water:

   a. Backfill material may be placed in water only when removal of water from the area to be backfilled is impractical, within the waterway or in other deep excavations where removal of cofferdams is required before backfilling and such removal prevents dewatering.

   b. Backfill material placed in water need not be consolidated.

   c. When specified, all backfill material placed under water, over which a subsequent embankment is to be placed, shall be granular backfill material.
4. Backfill above Water:
   a. Backfill material placed above the water line shall be placed in layers not more than 6 inches in loose thickness.
   b. Each layer shall be thoroughly compacted before material for the next layer is placed.
   c. All compaction shall be accomplished by rolling with an approved roller or by tamping with a mechanical tamper. Pneumatic tampers shall be operated according to the manufacturer’s recommendations.

F. Compaction Outside Road Right-of-Way in Unpaved Areas:

1. Place backfill in lifts not thicker than 6 inches, to 6 inches below finish grade.
2. Obtain at least 90 percent of maximum Standard Proctor Density using compaction equipment.

G. Compaction Within Road Right-of-Way, in Paved Areas, and in Areas to be Paved:

1. Place backfill more than 3 feet below pavement structure in lifts not thicker than 8 inches. Compact each lift to at least 95% of maximum Standard Proctor Density.
2. Place backfill in the remainder of the excavation in lifts not thicker than 6 inches. Compact each lift to at least 95 percent of Standard Proctor Density.

A. References:

2. ASTM D 698; Standard Test Methods for Moisture-Density Relations of Soils and Soil-Aggregate Moisture Using 5.5 lb. (4.54 kg) Rammer and 12 inch (305 mm) Drop. (Standard Proctor Method)
3. ASTM D 2922 and D 3017; Test Methods for Density of Soil and Soil-Aggregate in Place and Water Content of Soil and Rock by Nuclear Methods (Shallow Depth).
4. ASTM D 4253 and D 4254, Test Methods for Maximum Index Density of Soils using a Vibratory Table and Minimum Index Density of Soils and Calculation of Relative Density.
5. Caltrans Encroachment Permit Guidelines and Specifications for Trenchless Technology Projects JANUARY 2015

B. Soil Testing:

1. Cohesive soils: Determine moisture-density relationships by ASTM D 698 (Standard Proctor). Perform at least one test for each type of cohesive soil used.
2. Cohesive soils: Determine in-place density and moisture content using ASTM D 1556 (sand-cone method) and D 2216 or ASTM D 2922 and D 3017 (nuclear).
3. Non-cohesive soils: Determine maximum and minimum index density and calculate relative density using ASTM D 4253 and D 4254 (cohesion less soils).
Attachment D

Response to #13

Native American Heritage Commission Suggested Distribution List
December 11, 2014

Joseph Howell, Barbara Montgomery
Tierra Right of Way Service, Ltd.
1575 E. River Road, Suite 201
Tucson, Arizona 85718

Sent by Fax: (520) 323-3326
Number of Pages: 3

Re: TDS CASF Happy Valley Project, Shasta County.

Dear Mr. Howell, and Ms. Montgomery,

A record search of the sacred land file has failed to indicate the presence of Native American cultural resources in the immediate project area. The absence of specific site information in the sacred lands file does not indicate the absence of cultural resources in any project area. Other sources of cultural resources should also be contacted for information regarding known and recorded sites.

Enclosed is a list of Native Americans individuals/organizations who may have knowledge of cultural resources in the project area. The Commission makes no recommendation or preference of a single individual, or group over another. This list should provide a starting place in locating areas of potential adverse impact within the proposed project area. I suggest you contact all of those indicated, if they cannot supply information, they might recommend others with specific knowledge. By contacting all those listed, your organization will be better able to respond to claims of failure to consult with the appropriate tribe or group. If a response has not been received within two weeks of notification, the Commission requests that you follow-up with a telephone call to ensure that the project information has been received.

If you receive notification of change of addresses and phone numbers from any of these individuals or groups, please notify me. With your assistance we are able to assure that our lists contain current information. If you have any questions or need additional information, please contact me at (916) 373-3712.

Sincerely,

Katy Sanchez
Associate Government Program Analyst
Native American Contacts
Shasta County
December 10, 2014

Pit River Tribe of California
Dolores Raglin, Chairperson
36970 Park Ave
Burney, CA 96013
(530) 335-5421
(530) 335-3140 Fax

Wintu Educational and Cultural Council
Robert Burns
P.O. Box 483
Hayfork, CA 96041
(530) 628-5930

Redding Rancheria
Tracy Edwards, Chief Executive Officer
2000 Redding Rancheria
Redding, CA 96001
(530) 225-8979
(530) 241-1879 Fax

Pit River Tribe Historical Preservation Office
Morning Star Gali
36970 Park Ave
Burney, CA 96013
THPO@pitrivertibe.org
(530) 335-5421x-1205

Wintu Tribe of Northern California
Kelli Hayward
P.O. Box 995
Shasta Lake, CA 96019

Winnemem Wintu Tribe
Cateen Sisk-Francio, Tribal Chair
14840 Bear Mountain Road
Redding, CA 96003
winneemewintutripe@gmail.com

Nor-Rel-Muk Nation
Marilyn Delgado, Chairperson
P.O. Box 1967
Weaverville, CA 96093
(530) 623-4940
(877) 534-3109 Fax

Redding Rancheria
Jason Hart, Chairperson
2000 Redding Rancheria
Redding, CA 96001
(530) 225-8979
(530) 241-1879 Fax

This list is current only as of the date of this document.

Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of the statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7050.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 9997.94 of the Public Resources Code and Section 5097.98 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting locative Americans with regard to cultural resources for the proposed TDS CASF Happy Valley Project, Shasta County.
Native American Contacts
Shasta County
December 10, 2014

Pit River Tribe of California
Alexis Barry, Tribal Administrator
36970 Park Ave
Burney, CA 96013
(530) 335-5421
Matthew Root
16117 North St.
Keswick, CA 96001
(530) 530-247-7351

United Tribe of Northern Calif., Inc., Wintu, Wintun, Wintoon
Gloria Gomes, Chairperson
20059 Parocast
Redding, CA 96003
shastapinenut@yahoo.com
(530) 275-1915
Loretta Root
5620 Kofford Lane
Redding, CA 96001

Redding Rancheria Cultural Resources
James Hayward Sr., Cultural Resources Program
2000 Redding Rancheria
Redding, CA 96001
James@redding-rancheria.com
(530) 242-4543
(530) 410-2873 Cell
(530) 241-1879 Fax

This list is current only as of the date of this document.

Distribution of this list does not relieve any person of the statutory responsibility as defined in Section 7058.5 of the Health and Safety Code, Section 5097.94 of the Public Resources Code and Section 5097.98 of the Public Resources Code.

This list is only applicable for contacting locative Americans with regard to cultural resources for the proposed TDB CASP Happy Valley Project, Shasta County.