TABLE 4.4.2EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY

| | | | | | | | | | Maximum Chlorine Levels (mg/L) | |
|----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|-----------------------------------|------|
| Power Plant | Permit Number | Order Number | Expiration Date | Outfall Number | Receiving Water | Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd) | Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F) | pH Maximum | Total Residual | Free |
| Alamitos | CA0001139 | 94-128 | 11/10/99 | 001 | San Gabriel River | 210.5 | 105 | All outfalls have a maximum pH range of 6-9, and cannot change natural pH levels>0.2 units. | 0.2/0.45* | 0.5 |
| | | | | 002 | San Gabriel River | 389 | 105 | | 0.2/0.45* | 0.5 |
| | | | | 003 | San Gabriel River | 683.1 | 105 | | 0.2/0.45* | 0.5 |

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

| El Segundo | CA0001147 | 94-129 | 11/10/99 | 001 | Santa | 605.6 | 105 | All outfalls have a | | |
|------------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|--------|-------|-----|---------------------|---------|-----|
| 8 | | | | | Monica | | | maximum pH range | | |
| | | | | | Bay | | | of 6-9, and cannot | | |
| | | | | | | | | change natural pH | | |
| | | | | | | | | levels>0.2 units. | | |
| | | | | 002 | Santa | 207 | 105 | | 0.2/0.4 | 0.5 |
| | | | | | Monica | | | | | |
| | | | | | Bay | | | | | |

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins. (Continued)

TABLE 4.4.2EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY (Continued)

| Power Plant | Permit Number | Order Number | Expiration Date | Outfall Number | Receiving Water | Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd) | Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F) | pH Maximum | | n Chlorine (mg/L) Free |
|---------------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|---|-----|------------------------------|
| Huntington Beach | CA0001163 | 93-58 | 10/1/98 | 001 | Pacific Ocean, offshore | 516 | <30 °F above natural ocean temperatures | 6-9, and discharge cannot change natural pH levels >0.2 units. | 0.2 | 0.5 |

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

| Long Beach | CA0001171 | 94-130 | 11/10/99 | 001 | Back | 265 | 105 | 6-9, and discharge | 0.2 | 0.5 |
|------------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|----------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|
| 8 | | | | | channel, | | | cannot change | | |
| | | | | | Long | | | natural pH levels | | |
| | | | | | Beach | | | >0.2 units. | | |
| | | | | | Harbor | | | | | |

Discharge route: all low-level wastes are routed to the retention basin prior to entering the outfall. Low-level wastes from groundwater dewatering, the oil recovery system, and the tank farm drains must pass through an oil water separator before entering the retention basin. The retention basin is discharged with cooling water through Outfall 00.1. Low-volume waste comprise approximately 4 mgd.

| Mandalay | CO0001180 | 94-131 | 11/10/99 | 001 | Pacific Ocean | 255.3 | 106 | 6-9, and discharge cannot change natural pH levels >0.2 units. | 0.2/0.365* | 0.5 |
|----------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|------------------|-------|-----|---|------------|-----|
|----------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|------------------|-------|-----|---|------------|-----|

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins. (Continued)

TABLE 4.4.2EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY (Continued)

| Power Plant | Permit Number | Order Number | Expiration Date | Outfall Number | Receiving Water | Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd) | Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F) | pH Maximum | Maximun Levels Total Residual | n Chlorine (mg/L) Free |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|--------------------|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------------------|--|---|--|------------------------------|
| Ormond Beach | CA0001198 | 94-132 | 11/10/99 | 001 | Pacific Ocean | 688.2 | 105 | 6-9, and discharge cannot change natural pH levels >0.2 units. | 0.2/0.399* | 0.5 |

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

| Redondo | CA0001201 | 94-133 | 11/10/99 | 001 | Pacific Ocean, offshore | 463 | 106 | All outfalls have a maximum pH range of 6-9, and cannot change natural pH levels more than 0.2 units. | 0.2/0.633 | 0.5 |
|---------|-----------|--------|----------|-----|-------------------------------|-----|-----|--|-----------|-----|
| | | | | 002 | King Harbor | 674 | 106 | | 0.2/0.422 | 0.2 |

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

NOTES: mgd = million gallons per day.

N/A = not applicable/available.

s = summer temperatures.

m = winter temperatures.

mg/L = milligrams per liter.

 $^{\circ}F =$ degrees Fahrenheit.

*requirements if Section 301g variance