TABLE 4.4.2 EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY

										Chlorine (mg/L)
Power Plant	Permit Number	Order Number	Expiration Date	Outfall Number	Receiving Water	Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd)	Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F)	pH Maximum	Total Residual	Free
Alamitos	CA0001139	94-128	11/10/99	001	San Gabriel River	210.5	105	All outfalls have a maximum pH range of 6-9, and cannot change natural pH levels>0.2 units.	0.2/0.45*	0.5
				002	San Gabriel River	389	105		0.2/0.45*	0.5
				003	San Gabriel River	683.1	105		0.2/0.45*	0.5

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

scparators p	in to chick ma	g the retent	ion basins.							
El Segundo	CA0001147	94-129	11/10/99	001	Santa	605.6	105	All outfalls have a		
Ü					Monica			maximum pH range		
					Bay			of 6-9, and cannot		
								change natural pH		
								levels>0.2 units.		
				002	Santa	207	105		0.2/0.4	0.5
					Monica					
					Bay					

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins. (Continued)

TABLE 4.4.2 EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY (Continued)

Power Plant	Permit Number	Order Number	Expiration Date	Outfall Number	Receiving Water	Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd)	Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F)	pH Maximum	Maximun Levels Total Residual	Chlorine (mg/L) Free
Huntington Beach	CA0001163	93-58	10/1/98	001	Pacific Ocean, offshore	516	<30 °F above natural ocean temperatures	6-9, and discharge cannot change natural pH levels >0.2 units.	0.2	0.5

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water

separators prior to entering the retention basins.

Long Beach	CA0001171	94-130	11/10/99	001	Back	265	105	6-9, and discharge	0.2	0.5
. 8					channel,			cannot change		
					Long			natural pH levels		
					Beach			>0.2 units.		
					Harbor					

Discharge route: all low-level wastes are routed to the retention basin prior to entering the outfall. Low-level wastes from groundwater dewatering, the oil recovery system, and the tank farm drains must pass through an oil water separator before entering the retention basin. The retention basin is discharged with cooling water through Outfall 00.1. Low-volume waste comprise approximately 4 mgd.

						· U				
Mandalay	CO0001180	94-131	11/10/99	001	Pacific	255.3	106	6-9, and discharge	0.2/0.365*	0.5
					Ocean			cannot change		
								natural pH levels		
								>0.2 units.		

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

TABLE 4.4.2 EDISON COASTAL POWER PLANT NPDES PERMITS SUMMARY (Continued)

			Expiration Date	Outfall Number	Receiving Water	Allowable Maximum Flow (mgd)	Allowable Maximum Temperatures (°F)	pH Maximum	Maximum Chlorine Levels (mg/L)	
	Permit Number	Order Number							Total Residual	Free
Ormond Beach	CA0001198	94-132	11/10/99	001	Pacific Ocean	688.2	105	6-9, and discharge cannot change natural pH levels >0.2 units.	0.2/0.399*	0.5

Redondo CA0001201 94-133 001 Pacific All outfalls have a 0.2/0.633 0.5 11/10/99 463 106 maximum pH range of 6-9, and cannot Ocean, offshore change natural pH levels more than 0.2 units. King 002 674 0.2/0.422 0.2 106 Harbor

Discharge route: low-volume waste flow into retention basins that discharge to the outfalls with the cooling water. In-plant drains must pass through oil water separators prior to entering the retention basins.

NOTES: mgd = million gallons per day.

N/A = not applicable/available.

s = summer temperatures.

m = winter temperatures.

mg/L = milligrams per liter.

°F = degrees Fahrenheit.

^{*}requirements if Section 301g variance