SDG&E TL 6975 Escondido to San Marcos 69kV Project (A.17-11-010) Data Request #6

## **REPORT OVERVIEW**

On March 16, 2018the CPUC deemed the application and PEA for the TL 6975 Escondido to San Marcos 69 kV Project (A.17-11-010) incomplete. The Energy Division has required additional data to prepare a complete and adequate analysis of the potential environmental effects of the Project, in accordance with the requirements of CEQA.

	SDG&E TL 6975 Escondido to San Marcos 69kV Project (A.17-11-010) Data Request #6							
Request No.	DATA REQUEST	SDG&E RESPONSE						
1	Provide GIS shapefiles for the locations of all AC mitigation components (i.e., deep wells, coupon test station sites, additional staging areas [if any], etc.).	As requested, SDG&E has included a KMZ (Google Earth) and GIS shapefiles of the AC mitigation components (e.g., AC mitigation wells and coupon test stations) as separate file attachments to this Data Request #6 response.						
2	Provide information describing the installation of a coupon test station. Describe the components and function of a coupon test station.	Please refer to <b>Attachment A</b> , <i>Description of Anticipated AC Mitigation Well Installation, San Diego Gas &amp; Electric – TL 6975,</i> Corrpro, November 2018. <b>Section 2, pages 1-3,</b> provides a complete description of the AC mitigation wells, and <b>Section 3, pages 3-4,</b> provides a description of the coupon test stations (including components and functionality).						
3	Per each well site, provide the estimated depth of the well.	The average AC mitigation well depth will be approximately 100 feet and the average diameter of the well will be 6 inches (for all well locations). See <b>Table 1</b> , AC Mitigation Well Details, in the <b>Attachment A</b> , <b>page 1</b> , for additional details. Coupon test stations will require an approximately 10' x 10' excavation area at a depth of approximately 5 feet.						
4	Provide a description of the work area required at each deep well and coupon test station site. This should include, but not be limited to, work area dimensions, space requirements, etc. Describe potential lane closures.	The standard construction work area for an AC mitigation well and coupon test station is 15 feet by 120 feet, or approximately 1,800 square feet for both mitigation techniques. All installations are planned in the public right of way. As such, construction will require submittal and approval of encroachment and traffic control plans, as single lane closures and no-parking areas will be necessary. During construction, traffic control field personnel will be positioned to direct traffic in accordance with approved plans. See <b>Attachment A, Section 5, page 5.</b>						

	SDG&E TL 6975 Escondido to Sa	n Marcos 69kV Proj	ect (A.17-1	1-010)	Data Request #6				
Request No.	DATA REQUEST				SDG&E RESPONS	E			
	Equipment Data: Type and number of construction equipment that		Estimated (	Constru	CTION EQUIPMENT AN	ND PERSONNE	EL - AC MITIGATIO	DN	
	summary provide by SDG&E on October 30, 2018, more detailed information is necessary for input into CalEEMOD modeling for air	Activity	People	# of Days per site	; Equipment	Quantity	Horsepower Rating	Hours of Use per Day	
	quality and greenhouse gas analyses. The CalEEMOD input tables	AC Mitigation	1 crew of 3 - 4	7	Mud Rotary Drill Rig	1	500	8	
	provided by SDG&E in response to Data Request #1 are good	Construction			Support Truck	1	430	4	
	examples.	(approx. 11			Desander	1	74	6	
5		locationsy			Hydro Vacuum	1	300	2	
					Water Truck	1	550	6	
					Vacuum Truck	1	550	8	
					Service Truck	1	310	4	
		Coupon Test	1 crew of $2-3$	4	Hydro Vacuum	1	300	2	
		Construction			Service Truck	1	310	4	
		(approx. 3			Support Truck	1	430	4	
					Backhoe	1	95	6	
6	Scheduling: Provide information on when this work activity would occur relative to the rest of Project construction. Will these components be installed individually or would multiple components be installed simultaneously [using multiple work crews]? What would the total construction duration be? Alternatively, provide a start and end date. Will drilling occur continuously (i.e., overnight), or during work hours? Provide information on drill rate (e.g., X feet per hour, X days per well, etc.).	SDG&E intends to in of the mitigation sc normally take betwe in this region. It is another three to fou Friday (overnight w well, transitioning t installation of the st weeks to complete v	nstall the AC r heduled prior een two to the anticipated t ork is not ant to the next w cructure conn with one drill	mitigation r to the ree days that the te. Drillin ticipated rell site, nection a team.	on in the early pha energization of th per site to compl structure connec ng work hours are l). Wells are typica while a tie-in tea and SSD/ coupon.	ases of Proj ne new trar ete at a stat tion and S e usually fr ally sequen m follows Fourteen s	ject constructi nsmission line ndard drill rat SD/ coupon in om 7am to 4 p ced with a dri closely behinc sites will take a	on, with complet Drilling operation e of 20 feet per hor nstallation will taken m, Monday throu ll team completion and completes approximately ei	ion our ake ugh ug a the ght
7	Number of daily trips and approximate one-way trip lengths.	The average numbe is approximately 4,	r of daily trip as the majori	s genera ty of equ	nted by AC mitigat aipment will be sta	ion well an aged onsite	d coupon test e during consti	station construct ruction. The aver	ion age

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		one-way distance to the AC mitigation wells and coupon test station work sites is approximately 23 miles.							
8	How much dewatering may occur and how much discharge is it estimated to create?	Dewatering is not anticipated to be necessary for AC mitigation well construction because the drilling fluids, which stabilize the AC mitigation well hole, also mitigate against groundwater penetration. Dewatering is also not anticipated to be necessary for coupon test station construction because the excavation depth is relatively shallow. However, if dewatering is required it would be conducted pursuant to SDG&E's General Construction Permit from the State Water Resources Control Board and associated Storm Water Pollution Prevention Plan (SWPPP). The SWPPP would detail proposed Project information, dewatering procedures, stormwater runoff prevention control procedures, monitoring and reporting procedures, and Best Management Practices. See <b>Attachment A, Section 2, page 2</b> for additional information.							
9	Estimate the volume of drill spoils and describe disposal.	Per the Corrpro report ( <b>Attachment A, Section 2, page 2</b> ), AC mitigation wells of this size and depth would generate approximately 3,000 gallons of drill spoils. The spoils will be funneled to a contained desander that will sieve out soil and recycle the drilling mud back into the hole. From the desander the soil is either picked up by a vacuum truck or dropped into a bin for disposal pursuant to SDG&E's General Construction Permit. The soil will be taken to an SDG&E facility for sampling. Upon approval of the sampling, the cuttings are disposed of at an approved SDG&E disposal facility.							
10	Provide estimates of water use for installation and operation of this mitigation.	Per the Corrpro report ( <b>Attachment A, Section 2, page 2</b> ), deep wells of this size and depth require the use of approximately 2,000 gallons of water during the drilling process. The water is brought in via a water truck, or by connecting a hose to an approved fire hydrant with a backflow preventer and water meter.							
11	Provide copies of reports for previous cultural resource investigations or other such information conducted within ¼-mile of the coupon test station 3 site.	The proposed location of coupon test station 3 is within a fully disturbed and developed area (e.g., sidewalk) and is outside of the ½ mile records search completed for the proposed Project. SDG&E is not aware of any cultural resources investigations completed by SDG&E within ¼ mile of coupon test station 3 and therefore does not have any cultural resources investigations conducted within ¼-mile of coupon test of reports for additional cultural resources investigations conducted within ¼-mile of coupon test station							

	SDG&E TL 6975 Escondido to San Marcos 69kV Project (A.17-11-010) Data Request #6								
Request No.	DATA REQUEST	SDG&E RESPONSE							
		station 3. These confidential reports must be requested directly from the South Coastal Information Center (SCIC) by the CPUC's qualified consultant.							
12	For illustration to the public, provide a typical or schematic drawing of a well drill that may be used for this project.	Please refer to <b>Attachment A</b> , <b>Figure 1</b> , which depicts a typical well drill that would likely be used for this Project.							

### **ATTACHMENT A:**

Description of Anticipated AC Mitigation Well Installation, San Diego Gas & Electric – TL 6975, Corrpro, November 2018





# Description of Anticipated AC Mitigation Well Installation SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC - TL 6975

#### 1. INTRODUCTION

Induced alternating current (AC) is commonly experienced along buried pipelines routed in close proximity to high-voltage electrical transmission lines. The intent of AC mitigation wells is to reduce the risk of AC step and touch voltages along a pipeline, as well as provide a dedicated return path for any induced AC current, in an effort to eliminate pipeline corrosion caused by AC. The recommended field activities are proposed to support the installation of eleven AC mitigation deep wells, and three Coupon Test Stations, located in San Marcos, CA.

#### Appendices include:

- A. AC Mitigation Design Drawings (Drawings created by ARK Engineering 9/19/18)
- B. Aerial view of well and coupon locations

#### 2. AC MITIGATION WELLS

An AC mitigation well system consists of three key components: The AC mitigation well, the structure connection to the pipeline(s), and the Solid State Decoupler (SSD) device. The eleven AC mitigation wells are designed to be 6 inches in diameter and 100 feet deep. The top 30 feet will be incased in an 8 inch polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing. The wells will consist of a bare copper ground rod connected to a bare 2/0 AWG copper wire and backfilled from the bottom up with conductive concrete.

The construction crew will mark the well sites per the designated GPS coordinates and request a utility service alert to identify all known utilities within the construction area. Upon approval of well permits and other regulatory agencies, construction will commence.

Deepwell No.	GPS Location	<u>Diameter (in)</u>	<u>Depth (ft)</u>
1	33.129613, -117.235330	6	100
2	33.130814, -117.231467	6	100
3	33.130969, -117. 230981	6	100
4	33.131100, -117.230326	6	100
5	33.131471, -117.228436	6	100
6	33.131507, -117.227641	6	100
7	33.131505, -117.226591	6	100
8	33.131516, -117.225548	6	100
9	33.131529, -117.224624	6	100
10	33.131360, -117.202627	6	100
11	33.131424, -117.200824	6	100

#### Table 1 – AC Mitigation Well Details





#### Task 1 - Pothole

Equipment Used: Hydrovac Truck

Method: The first ten feet of each well will be excavated using a Hydrovac Truck. The hydrovac method utilizes high pressure water or air to breakup compacted soil, while incorporating a 6-inch air vacuum to transfer the spoils from the hole to the vehicle storage tank. This is a non-invasive excavation methodology that ensures unidentified utilities are located without damage. As a safety precaution, the soil will be fragmented in one-foot segments and evaluated for resources prior to using the vacuum suction.

#### <u> Task 2 - Drill</u>

#### Equipment Used: Mud Rotary Drilling Truck

Method: Mud rotary drilling uses an impact hammer and a drill bit to rotate and crush soil formations. The formation cuttings are removed from the hole by the circulation of water from water jets in the drill bit head. Particular additives are used to improve the cutting fluid's consistency in effort to stabilize the well walls. This process allows the drill bit and stems to be removed from the well and loading to occur while maintaining wall integrity. A secondary effect, is it temporarily mitigates the penetration of groundwater into the well. At the chosen locations and elevations of the designated AC mitigations wells, dewatering is not believed to be anticipated or necessary. The cuttings are funneled to a contained desander that will sieve out soil and recycle the drilling mud back into the hole. From the desander the soil is either picked up by a vacuum truck or dropped into a bin for disposal. For wells of this size and depth, approximately 2,000 gallons of water will be used during the drilling process. The water is brought in via a water truck, or by connecting a hose to an approved fire hydrant with a backflow preventer and water meter. The combined volume of soil and water removed is approximately 3,000 gallons.

The cuttings are taken by vacuum truck to an SDG&E facility for sampling. Upon approval of the sampling, the cuttings are disposed of at an approved SDG&E disposal facility.



Figure 1 – Drill rig towered up for mud rotary drilling



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Once the desired well depth has been achieved, the well will be loaded per the design specifications. A bare copper ground rod will be fastened to bare stranded 2/0 AWG copper wire on a spool. The rod and wire will be lowered into the hole until the ground rod makes contact with the bottom of the hole. Once the grounding is positioned in place, conductive concrete will be mixed with the appropriate ratio of water and pumped into the hole. The well will be backfilled from bottom to the top. From the AC mitigation well, a #2 AWG copper cable with HMWPE insulation will be spliced to the bare copper cable and routed to the proposed SSD location.

#### Task 4 - Structure Connection the Pipeline(s)

Equipment Used: Hydrovac, Shoring Equipment, Backhoes, Exothermic Welding Equipment Method: After the completion of the AC mitigation well installation, a structure connection needs to be made to the pipe and routed to the SSD.

Type of shoring necessary for the excavation will be determined based on the depth of pipeline. The standard pipeline depth is approximately five feet. Prior to trench excavation with a backhoe, the hydrovac will be used to determine pipeline depth and identify the exact location. Once the depth is determined, excavation will be completed using a standard backhoe to expose the surface of the pipe. Once the pipe has been made accessible, a 2-inch by 3-inch portion of the pipe coating will be removed to expose the metal surface of the pipe. The metal surface will be cleaned and evaluated with ultrasonic thickness equipment to ensure the pipe thickness is adequate for exothermic welding. Two #6 AWG stranded copper wires with HMWPE insulation will be exothermically welded to the surface of the pipe, utilizing exothermic welding equipment, per SDG&E's standard specifications. The weld area will be recoated, and the wires will be routed to the proposed location of the SSD. The excavation site will be backfilled with a slurry, and the ground cover will be repaved to original conditions.

#### Task 5 - Installation of Solid State Decoupler (SSD)

The SSD device allows AC current to flow from the pipe to the AC mitigation well, while eliminating the transfer of Direct Current (DC) from the pipe. This prevents the AC mitigation well from diminishing the cathodic protection system's performance. SSD devices are typically floor-mounted in discrete areas. The pipeline structure leads and the cable from the AC mitigation well will be routed and connected to the SSD terminals to complete the circuit.

#### 3. COUPON TEST STATION

A coupon test station consists of three key components: The coupon and reference cell combination, the structure connection to the pipeline(s), and the test station. A coupon is a piece of bare carbon steel of a known size and shape. The coupon is to be placed 6 to 12 inches from the pipeline at the midpoint of the pipeline depth. This bare piece of metal is intended to replicate the characteristics of a coating holiday on the existing pipeline. The reference cell allows for evaluation of cathodic protection structure-to-



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electrolyte potentials on the coupon and pipe. Additionally, the coupon improves monitoring of AC and DC current density, and AC and DC current direction and magnitude.

The construction crew will mark the site per the GPS coordinates and request a utility service alert to identify all known utilities within the construction site.

Coupon No.	GPS Location
1	33.131860, -117.222208
2	33.131358, -117.202898
3	33.134843, -117.188313

able 2 – Coupon	Test Station	Locations
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The installation will use similar equipment and procedures as the installation of the AC mitigation well.

#### Task 1 - Structure Connection the Pipeline(s) and coupon installation

Equipment Used: Hydrovac, Shoring Equipment, Backhoes, Electric-Arc or Exothermic Welding Equipment

Method: Prior to trench excavation with a backhoe, the hydrovac will be used to determine pipeline depth and identify the exact location. Once the depth is determined, excavation will be completed using a standard backhoe to expose the surface of the pipe. After installing the structure connections, the coupon will be placed 6 - 12 inches from the pipeline, at the midpoint of the pipeline depth in a vertical position. The excavation site will be backfilled with native soil and the ground cover will be repaved to original conditions.

#### Task 2 - Installation of the Coupon Test Station

Coupon Test Stations are typically floor-mounted in discrete areas. The test station consists of a 2-inch PVC pipe, a plastic terminal board, and lockable lid. Lead wires from the coupon, reference cell, and pipeline structure connections are routed and terminated at the test station to complete the installation. An illustration of the test station assembly is shown in Figure 2.



Figure 2 -Typical coupon installation (Image from American Innovation manufacturer website)



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The below list includes all necessary vehicles to support the installations. The service truck and support trucks will be the only vehicles mobilizing daily. The vacuum truck will demobilize for disposal once per well. All other equipment will be mobilized to the staging areas and stay in the area for daily use until the completion of the project. An average one-way distance to the site is 23 miles.

Vehicle	Average Hours Per Day Drilling	Average Hours Per Day (Tie-in or Coupon Test Station)
Mud Rotary Drill Rig – GEFCO 30K, 550 HP Diesel Engine	8	0
Hydro Vacuum - RAM VAC HX-6, 300 HP Diesel Engine	2	2
Water Truck – 2,000-gallon Peterbilt Rig, 550 HP Diesel Engine	6	0
Vacuum Truck – 3,500-gallon Commercial Truck, 550 HP Diesel Engine	8	0
Service Truck - Ford F550 310 HP Diesel Engine	4	4
Support Truck - Ford F350 430 HP Diesel Engine	4	4
Desander – Mudpuppy MP 170-2sc 74 HP Diesel Engine	6	0
Backhoe – CAT 420 4 X 4 95 HP diesel engine	0	6

#### Table 3 – Vehicle average hours of operation per activity

#### 5. STANDARD WORK AREA AND DURATION

The standard work area will vary considerably based on well location. A typical construction area is 15feet by 120 feet, or approximately 1,800 square feet. The installations will involve submittal and approval of traffic controls plans, as single lane closures and no-parking areas will be necessary. Traffic control teams will be positioned to direct traffic in accordance with approved plans.

AC mitigation wells and coupons can be installed at various stages in the overall project construction timeline but must be completed prior to energizing new high voltage power lines.

Drilling operations normally take between two to three days per site to complete at a standard drill rate of 20 feet per hour in this region. It is anticipated that the structure connection and SSD/ coupon installation will take another three to four days per site. Drilling work hours are usually from 7am to 4pm, Monday through Friday. Wells are typically sequenced with a drill team completing a well, transitioning to the next well site, while a tie-in team follows closely behind and completes the installation of the structure connection and SSD/ coupon. Fourteen sites will take approximately eight weeks with one drill team. Two drill teams can be coordinated if an expedited schedule is requested.





# APPENDIX A AC MITIGATION WELL PLANS

(Drawings Created by ARK Engineering 2018)



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MATERIALS LIST

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16138-324

16138-420

EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTION DETAILS

COUPON TEST STATION LOCATIONS & INSTALLATION DETAILS

3

PROJECT NO.

16-E-138-AC

DRAWN BY

APPROVED BY

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SRM

BW

DATE 9/19/18

DATE

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	DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED	
AC MI	TIGATION SYSTEM DESIGN	9/19/18	BW	
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DEEPWELL NO.	GPS LOCATION	DEEPWELL DEPTH (FT)	NUMBER OF DEEPWELLS	NUMBER OF SSDs	2/0 COPPER (FT)	#6 AWG COPPER CABLE SSD TO PIPE (FT)	#6 AWG COPPER CABLE TO PIPELINE EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTIONS	30'x8" I.D. PVC CASING, TYPE 80	CONDUCRETE BACKFILL (BAGS)	#2 COPPER CABLE TO 2/0 COPPER EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTIONS	SSD PEDESTALS	#2 AWG COPPER CABLE SSD TO 2/0 COPPER (FT)	3/4" × 10' COPPER GROUND ROD		
1	33.129613, -117.235330	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
2	33.130814, -117.231467	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
3	33.130969, -117.230981	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
4	33.131100, -117.230326	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
5	33.131471, -117.228436	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
6	33.131507, -117.227641	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
7	33.131505, -117.226591	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
8	33.131516, -117.225548	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1		
9	33.131529, -117.224624	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1	-	
10	33.131360, -117.202627	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1	-	
11	33.131424, -117.200824	100	1	1	110	100	2	1	33	1	1	25	1	-	
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CLIENT SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC SITE PROPOSED TL 6975 DEEPWELL SYSTEM	ENGINEERING & TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.	ARK ENGINEER TECH. SERVICE 639 GRANITE ST SUITE 200 BRAINTREE, 02184 U.S.	ING & S, INC. TREET MA A.
	DRAWN BY SRM	date 9/19/18	size B
PROJECT NO. 16-E-138-AC	APPROVED BY BW	DATE	SCALE



#### EXOTHERMIC WELD INSTRUCTIONS:

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1. FIRST DETERMINE IF THE PIPELINE IS SUITABLE FOR EXOTHERMIC WELDING BY CONDUCTING THE FOLLOWING TESTS:

A) DETERMINE THAT THE PIPELINE SMYS (SPECIFIED MINIMUM YIELD STRENGTH) IS <80,000 PSI.

- B) DETERMINE THAT PIPELINE WALL THICKNESS IS 1/8" (0.125") OR GREATER.
- C) PERFORM ULTRASONIC TESTING TO PIPELINE TO DETERMINE THAT NO SURFACE OR INTERNAL DEFECTS EXIST.

2. FOR EACH CABLE TO PIPELINE CONNECTION (EXOTHERMIC WELD), REMOVE A 3"X3" MAX AREA OF PIPELINE COATING AT THE 12:00 O'CLOCK POSITION ON THE PIPELINE AND BRUSH UNTIL SHINY. ANY ADJACENT CABLE CONNECTIONS SHALL BE NO CLOSER THAN 9" AND NO FURTHER THAN 18".

- 3. PREPARE PIPELINE SURFACE AS SPECIFIED BY PIPELINE COATING MANUFACTURER.
- 4. DETAIL "A" SHOWS POSSIBLE METHOD OF CABLE STRAIN RELIEF FOR С NEW PIPE INSTALLATIONS. THIS METHOD IS NOT A REQUIREMENT. OTHER MEANS OF STRAIN RELIEF MAY BE USED.
  - 5. STRIP BACK ANY CABLE INSULATION 1"-2" AND TAPE CABLE TO PIPE.
  - 6. ENSURE THAT THE PIPELINE WELD AREA AND CABLE ARE CLEAN AND DRY PRIOR TO WELDING.
  - 7. USE SPECIFIC WELD MOLD AND WELD METAL AS INDICATED IN DRAWING MATERIALS LIST.
  - 8. IF INDICATED, USE COPPER HEAT SLEEVE ON CABLE END TO BE WELDED.
  - 9. USE ONLY A 15 GRAM WELDING CHARGE. DO NOT EXCEED.
  - 10. PLACE THE METAL RETAINER DISK IN THE SPECIFIED WELD MOLD AND DUMP (DO NOT POUR) WELD METAL POWDER ONTO THE DISK. MAKE SURE THAT ALL OF THE FINE STARTING POWDER IS IN THE MOLD. IF ANY POWDER REMAINS IN THE CARTRIDGE BOTTOM, SQUEEZE OUT INTO MOLD AND BREAK UP.
  - 11. CLOSE MOLD LID.
  - 12. REPLACE CAP ON EMPTY WELD METAL CARTRIDGE AND PLACE BACK INTO CARTRIDGE PACK BOX UPSIDE DOWN TO KEEP THE REMAINING CARTRIDGES UPRIGHT.
  - 13. LAY THE CABLE END ON THE PREPARED PIPE SURFACE USING A SPRING LOADED CHAIN CLAMP TO HOLD CRUCIBLE TIGHT TO PIPELINE.
  - 14. USING EYE AND HAND PROTECTION, STAND ON THE OPPOSITE SIDE OF THE CRUCIBLE FROM THE TOUCH HOLE AND IGNITE POWDER WITH SPARK FROM FLINT GUN. \*CAUTION: POWDER WILL FLASH WHEN IGNITED\*



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DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED						
MITIGATION SYSTEM DESIGN	N	9/19/18	BW						
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	5/16 — STE	" STAINLESS EL BOLT (TYP.)	)						
	3/8" (TYF	LUG FOR #6 A P. OF 2) $6$	WG	С					
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DESCRIPTION	DATE	APPROVED
MITIGATION SYSTEM DESIGN	9/19/18	BW
NOTES:		
1. SURFACE CASING WITH MI	NIMUM 8" I.D.	

- SHOULD BE INSTALLED TO A DEPTH OF 32'. THE HOLE FOR THE DEEP ANODE SYSTEM CAN THEN BE DRILLED THROUGH THE OPENING OF THE SURFACE CASING.
- 2. DRILL HOLE TO DESIGNED DEPTH AND DIAMETER.
- 3. PLACE WEIGHTED, 2/0 BARE COPPER CABLE IN CENTER OF HOLE, LEAVING A MINIMUM OF 10' OF CABLE EXTENDING OUT OF THE TOP OF THE HOLE FOR CONNECTION TO #2 WIRE.
- 4. MIX CONDUCRETE (ITEM 16) INTO A SLURRY AT A RATIO OF 4.2 GALLONS OF WATER TO EACH 55 POUND BAG OF CONDUCRETE.

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5. PUMP SLURRIED CONDUCRETE INTO THE HOLE FROM THE BOTTOM OF THE HOLE TO THE TOP OF THE PVC PIPE USING A TREMMY TUBE OR EQUIVALENT.

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& C. T	DEEPWELL INSTALLATION DETAILS							
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DETAIL 'A' 2/0 AWG COPPER CABLE TO #2 AWG COPPER CABLE IN-LINE EXOTHERMIC WELD INSTALLATION

DETAIL	MOLD	WELD METAL
'A'	M-5166	#45CP

CLIENT SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC SITE PROPOSED TL 6975 DEEPWELL SYSTEM	ENGINEERING & TECHNICAL SERVICES, INC.	ARK ENGINEERING & TECH. SERVICES, INC. 639 GRANITE STREET SUITE 200 BRAINTREE, MA 02184 U.S.A.			
	DRAWN BY SRM	date 9/19/18	size B		
PROJECT NO. 16-E-138-AC	APPROVED BY BW	DATE	SCALE		
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NOTES:

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1. ALL EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTIONS ARE TO BE SEALED WITH ROYSTON "SPLICE RIGHT" SPLICE KIT (ITEM 10), OR SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC APPROVED ALTERNATIVE.

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	DESCRIPTION		DATE	APPROVED					
MI	TIGATION SYSTEM DESIGN		9/19/18	BW					
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		- P	RELIMINA	RY -	В				
		FOR C	LIENT REVIE	W ONLY					
		NOT F ENGR DATE:	OR CONSTR : ß // 9/19/18	UCTION					
& C. T	EXOTHERMIC WELD CONNECTION DETAILS								
ZE R	The information contained on this drawing is confidential and is the sole property of ARK Engineering. Transferring this information to a third party or reproducing in part or in full without	WG. NO.	6120 202	REV					
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NOTES:										REV			DESCRIF	PTION		DATE	APPROVED	
1. TEST STATION	ON TO BE II ALLOWED.	NSTALLED I	DIRECTLY	ABOVE BL	IRIED					0	PRELIMINARY	′ AC MI	TIGATIC	ON SYSTEM DESIG	N 9/	(19/18	BW	
2. COUPON TE STEEL COU	EST STATIO PONS, WIRI	N TO BE PR ING, AND TE	ROVIDED A EST HEAD	NS A KIT WI	TH ) (ITEM 21).			COUPON TE	ST STATIO	ON								D
3. COUPON TO INSTALLED MUST BE IN THE REFER O'CLOCK PO	D BE INSTAL AT THE BO STALLED IN ENCE CELL DSITION.	LED 4-12" L TTOM 1/3 O NA VERTICA AT A DEPT	LATERALL' F THE PIP AL POSITIO TH RELATIV	Y FROM TH E (0"-8"). ON WITH T VE TO THE	IE PIPE AND TO BE THE ASSEMBLY HE MIDPOINT OF PIPELINE'S 5 OR 7									TEST COUPON C				
4. THE CU/CUS AT THE 9 O'	SO4 REFER CLOCK POS	ENCE CELL SITION ON T	. Should The Pipe.	BE INSTAL	LED									COUPON				
5. PACK NATIV GRADE.	/E SOIL INS	IDE TEST S	TATION TU	JBE 1' ABC	VE									FLEC	REF			
6. LEAVE TEST COUPONS A	T STATION S ARE POLAR	SWITCH IN ' IZED.	"OFF" POS	SITION UNT	IL									ZINC ANODE STRUG				С
7. REFERENCE LOCATIONS	E TABLE BE	LOW FOR C	COUPON T	EST STATI	ON	GRADE		XIXIXIX	18181									
	COUPO	N TEST S OCATION	TATION S					////#6 AWG	STRUCT	URE CA	ABLES		X					╉
LO		GPS						Y II	(21) COUPON	)								
	1 2	33.13186	8, -117.222 8, -117.202	208 898					(21)			COUF	PON T	EST STATION		BOAR	<u>D</u>	
	3	33.13484	3, -117.188	313		$\bigcirc$			REFEREN						NOVED)			В
						PIPE-			2	1)								
	ONS TO:	QUANTITY			2				E DRAWIN	CONNE	CTION 8-320						(Y -	
STATION	PIPE/DEVICE				_	COUPC	ON TEST S	STATION							NOT FOR C	ONSTRU	CTION	
STRUCTURE 1	PIPELINE	1	THHN #6 AWG	RED	_	W	IRING DET	AILS							ENGR:	6/10		
STRUCTURE 2	PIPELINE	1	THHN #14 AWG	WHITE	_		CLIENT						τιτι ε		DATE: 9/1	9/18		
ELECTRODE	CP COUPON	1	THHN	YELLOW	_		SAN DIEGO	GAS & ELECTRIC			ARK ENGINEEI TECH. SERVICE	RING & ES, INC.						А
COUPON TEST	ASSEMBLY COUPON	NOT USED	- #14 AWG	- BLUE	_		SITE	TL 0075	Engineering	6 <b>11</b> 0 &	639 GRANITE S SUITE 20 BRAINTREE	TREET 0 MA		LOCATIONS	& WIRING [	DETAILS	6	
COUPON AC COUPON	ASSEMBLY COUPON	1	THHN #14 AWG	ORANGE	-		DEEPWELL	SYSTEM	TECHNICAL S	ERVICES, IN	C. 02184 U.S	.A.	The information of	ontained on this drawing is confidential and is	DWG, NO.		REV	
	NOOEINIRLY						PROJECT NO.		SRM	1 Y	9/19/18 DATE	B	the sole property information to a th a written consent	of ARK Engineering. Transferring this ird party or reproducing in part or in full without from ARK Engineering is prohibited.	16138	3-324	0	
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ITEM	QUANTITY	DESCRIPTION
1	275'	COPPER CABLE, #2 AWG HMWPE (BLACK) INSULATED, STRANDED, SOFT-DRAWN, COMMERCIALLY PURE CC B STD. USED FOR CONNECTIONS OF 2/0 COPPER CABLE TO SOLID-STATE DECOUPLING DEVICES.
2	1,100'	COPPER CABLE, #6 AWG (BLACK) HMWPE INSULATED, STRANDED, SOFT-DRAWN, COMMERCIALLY PURE CC B STD. USED FOR CONNECTIONS OF SOLID-STATE DECOUPLING DEVICES TO PIPE.
3	11	SOLID-STATE DECOUPLING DEVICE (SSD), DAIRYLAND ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES P/N SSD-2/2-5.0-100-R. EQUIF CONNECTORS2V/+2V BLOCKING VOLTAGE. 100KA LIGHTNING SURGE CURRENT RATING (4 X 10 WAVEFORM CURRENT RATING AT 50/60 HZ. 5KA FAULT CURRENT RATING AT 30 CYCLES.
4	11	SSD PEDESTAL, DAIRYLAND ELECTRICAL INDUSTRIES P/N MTP-36. FIBERGLASS CASE: 9" X 14" X 36" HIGH, 22 WITH 2 FLANGES STAINLESS STEEL BACK-PLATES FOR MOUNTING THE SOLID-STATE DECOUPLING DEVICE.
5	11	ONE HOLE, LONG BARREL COMPRESSION LUG, 3/8" HOLE, BURNDY P/N YAZ2C-TC38. USED WITH #2 AWG S <sup>-</sup> CABLE. FOR 2/0 COPPER TO SSD CONNECTIONS
6	22	ONE HOLE, LONG BARREL COMPRESSION LUG, 3/8" HOLE, BURNDY P/N YAZ6C-TC38. USED WITH #6 AWG ST CABLE. FOR SSD CONNECTION TO PIPE.
7	1	EXOTHERMIC WELD MOLD, THERMOWELD P/N M-0102. HANDLE CLAMP AND FLINT IGNITOR ARE INCLUDED. U WELD CONNECTION OF #6 AWG COPPER CABLE TO PIPE. USE #15CP WELD METAL.
8	2 BOXES	EXOTHERMIC WELD METAL, THERMOWELD P/N #15CP. BONDS #6 AWG CABLE TO PIPELINE. 20 SHOTS PER B
9	14 CARTRIDGES	TWO PART EPOXY: SPECIALTY POLYMER COATINGS, INC SP-2888, TWO PART EPOXY. FOR REPAIRING PIPE CONNECTIONS TO PIPE. APPLY 20 MILS THICK MIN., 50 ML TUBE WILL REPAIR TWO EXOTHERMIC CONNECTION INCLUDES TWO MINI STATIC MIXING TIPS PER 50ML CARTRIDGE.
10	11 KITS	ROYSTON SPLICERIGHT KIT (OR APPROVED EQUAL). INSULATION KIT FOR EXOTHERMIC WELD SPLICE CONN
11	1,210'	2/0 STRANDED, BARE, SOFT-DRAWN COPPER CABLE. TO RUN DEEPWELLS.
12	1	EXOTHERMIC WELD MOLD, THERMOWELD P/N M-5166. USED FOR IN-LINE SPLICE OF 2/0 COPPER TO #2 AWG USE #45CP WELD METAL.
13	1	HANDLE CLAMP AND FLINT IGNITOR, THERMOWELD P/N 40-0106-00. USED FOR 2/0 COPPER TO TO #2 AWG CA CONNECTIONS.
14	11	1-1/2" SCHEDULE 40 PVC CONDUIT: 10' SECTION, CUT TO PROPER LENGTH IN FIELD. CONTAINS 2/0 COPPER A DEEPWELL TO SSD.
15	11	1-1/2" SCHEDULE 40 PVC ELBOW. CONTAINS 2/0 COPPER FROM DEEPWELL TO SSD.
16	363 BAGS	DM100 CONDUCRETE, CONDUCTIVE CONCRETE BACKFILL. 55 POUND BAGS. SAE, INC.
17	11	3/4" DIAMETER, 10 FOOT LONG COPPER COATED GROUND ROD, GALVAN INDUSTRIES P/N 7510. USED TO WE IN DEEPWELL.
18	11	30' X 8" ID. PIPE FOR DEEPWELL CASING (SCHEDULE 80).
19	11	GROUND ROD CLAMP, GALVAN INDUSTRIES P/N SRC.
20	2 BOXES	EXOTHERMIC WELD METAL, THERMOWELD P/N #45CP. USED FOR #2 AWG CABLE TO 2/0 COPPER CABLE CO 10 SHOTS PER BOX.
21	3	COUPON TEST STATION: AMERICAN INNOVATIONS TRITON, INCLUDES CU/CUS04 REFERENCE ELECTRODE, (2 CENTIMETER STEEL COUPONS, & (1) 1 SQUARE CENTIMETER STEEL COUPON. ALSO INCLUDES 30 FEET OF # OF #14 AWG THHN (5 CONDUCTOR) WIRE.

NOTE:

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	REV			DES	CRIPTION		DA	TE	APPROVED	]
	0	PRELIMINARY	′ AC M	ITIGA	TION SYSTEM DESIGN	N	9/19	9/18	BW	
DESCRIPTION ) INSULATED, STRANDED, SOFT-D OPPER CABLE TO SOLID-STATE D E INSULATED, STRANDED, SOFT-D D-STATE DECOUPLING DEVICES T DAIRYLAND ELECTRICAL INDUST BE. 100KA LIGHTNING SURGE CUR CURRENT RATING AT 30 CYCLES. INDUSTRIES P/N MTP-36. FIBERGL -PLATES FOR MOUNTING THE SO I LUG, 3/8" HOLE, BURNDY P/N YA CTIONS	RAWN, COMI DECOUPLING DRAWN, COMI TO PIPE. RIES P/N SSE RENT RATING LID-STATE DE Z2C-TC38. US	MERCIALLY PUR DEVICES. MERCIALLY PUR D-2/2-5.0-100-R. E D-2/2-5.0-100-R. E D-2/2-5.0-100-R. E D-2/2-5.0-100-R. E COUPLING PUR SED WITH #2 AW	RE COF RE COF EQUIPF FORM). GH, 22- VG STF	PPER, PPER, PED W . 45 Al 1/2" B RANDE	ASTM B8, CLASS ASTM B8, CLASS /ITH STANDARD MP STEADY-STATE ASE, 13-1/2" TOP ED COPPER					D
P/N M-0102. HANDLE CLAMP AND CABLE TO PIPE. USE #15CP WEL D P/N #15CP. BONDS #6 AWG CAE COATINGS, INC SP-2888, TWO PA HICK MIN., 50 ML TUBE WILL REPA ER 50ML CARTRIDGE.	Z6C-TC38. US D FLINT IGNITO D METAL. BLE TO PIPEL RT EPOXY. FO IR TWO EXOT	SED WITH #6 AW DR ARE INCLUDE INE. 20 SHOTS F DR REPAIRING F THERMIC CONNE WELD SPLICE C	VG STF ED. US PER BO PIPE C ECTION	RANDE	ED COPPER DR EXOTHERMIC G AT #6 AWG PIPELINE. S.					С
P/N M-5166. USED FOR IN-LINE S	PLICE OF 2/0	COPPER TO #2	AWG	CABLE						
TION, CUT TO PROPER LENGTH	N FIELD. CON	TAINS 2/0 COPF	'ER Ar	ND #2	AVVG CABLE FROM					
NS 2/0 COPPER FROM DEEPWELI	TO SSD.									
RETE BACKFILL. 55 POUND BAGS	. SAE, INC.									В
OATED GROUND ROD, GALVAN IN	IDUSTRIES P/	'N 7510. USED T	O WEI	GHT 2	0 COPPER					
SCHEDULE 80).										
O P/N #45CP. USED FOR #2 AWG CABLE TO 2/0 COPPER CABLE CONNECTIONS. /ATIONS TRITON, INCLUDES CU/CUS04 REFERENCE ELECTRODE, (2) 100 SQUARE UARE CENTIMETER STEEL COUPON. ALSO INCLUDES 30 FEET OF #6 AWG THHN & 30 FEET							RELIN LIENT I OR CO : 9/19	/IINAF REVIEW NSTRU /18	KY - VONLY ICTION	
CLIENT SAN DIEGO GAS & ELECTRIC SITE PROPOSED TL 6975 DEEPWELL SYSTEM							LIST		RE//	A
	SRM	9/19/18	B	the sole pr information a written c	autors contained on unis drawing is confidential and is openty of ARK Engineering. Transferring this to a third party or reproducing in part or in full without onsent from ARK Engineering is prohibited.	Dwg. NU.	16138-	420	0	
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# APPENDIX B AERIAL VIEW OF THE WELL AND COUPON LOCATIONS

![](_page_20_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_20_Picture_1.jpeg)

Deep Well Locations 1 to 9 and Coupon Test Station 1

![](_page_21_Picture_0.jpeg)

![](_page_21_Picture_1.jpeg)

Deep Well Locations 10 to 11 and Coupon Test Stations 2 & 3